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# Grand Book of Augusta.

## A GUIDE

TO

THE PRINCIPAL POINTS IN AND ABOUT  
THE CITY.

CONTAINING FULL STATISTICS IN REFERENCE TO THE MANU-  
FACTURING AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS, THE CHURCHES,  
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, ETC., AND A HISTORY  
OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA.

ILLUSTRATED.

COMPILED BY

JOHN L. MAXWELL,  
*City Editor of the Chronicle and Constitutionalist.*

PLEASANT A. STOVALL,  
*City Editor of the Evening Sentinel.*

T. R. GIBSON,  
*City Editor of the Evening News.*

AUGUSTA, GA.:

*Chronicle and Constitutionalist Book and Job Printing Establishment.*  
1878.





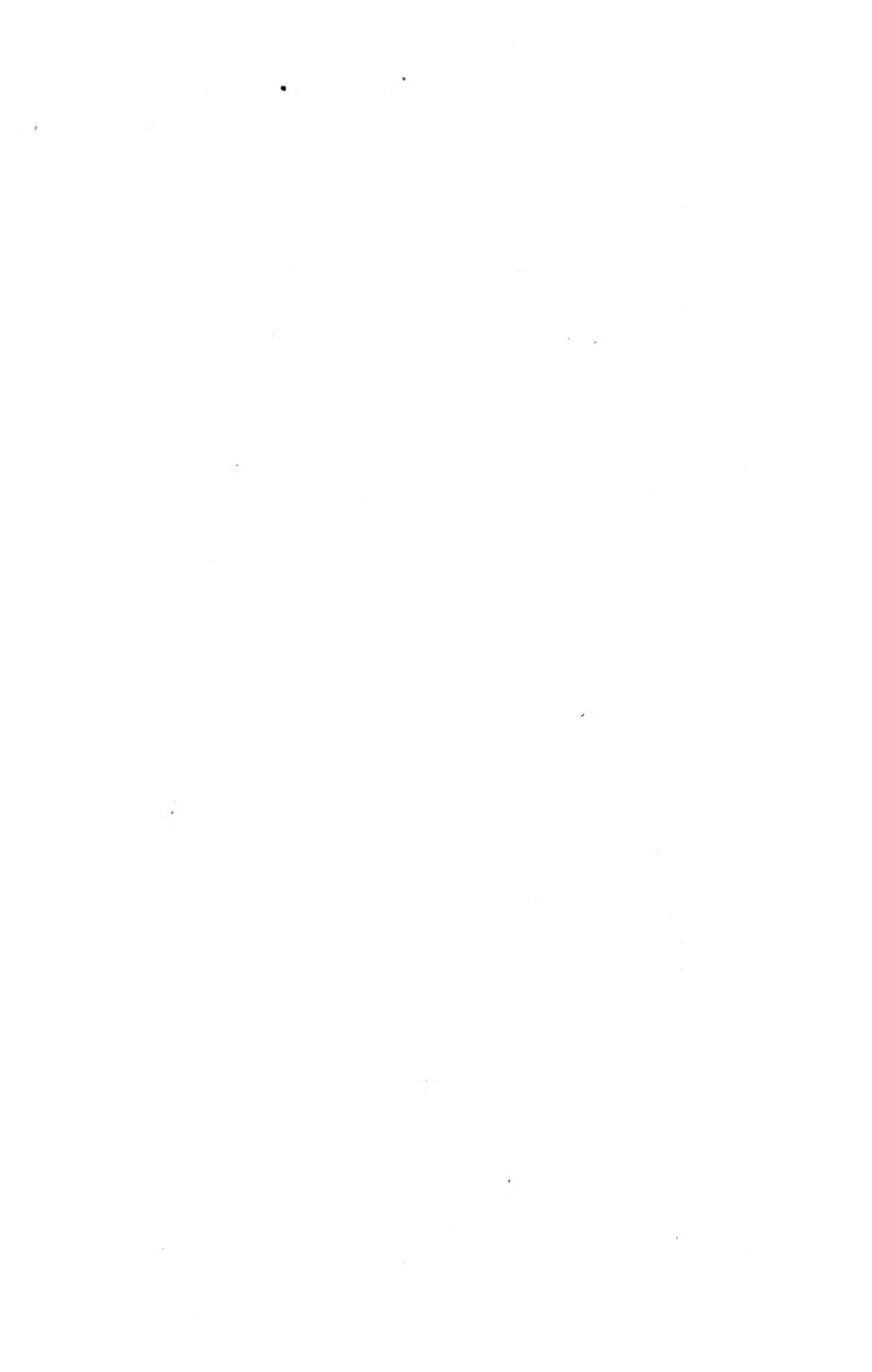
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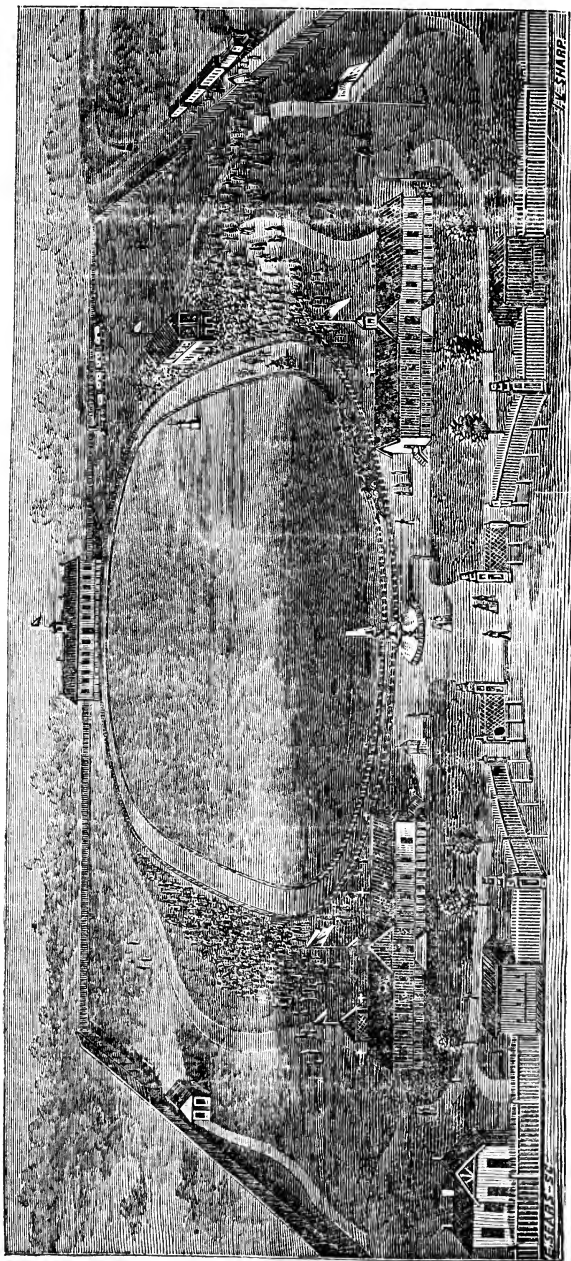
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THE FAIR GROUNDS

# Hand Book of Augusta.

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## CHAPTER I.

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### THE PAST HISTORY OF AUGUSTA—FROM AN INDIAN TRADING POST TO A LARGE AND PROSPEROUS CITY.

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A little over one hundred and fifty years ago the place where Augusta now stands was a wilderness, peopled by Indians and wild beasts. Moccasined feet pressed the soil over which the commerce of the city now passes and the savage war-whoop resounded along the banks of the Savannah. The town was laid out in the year 1735, under authority from the government of Great Britain, and in the following year a British garrison was stationed in the place. In a short time the embryo city became a place of considerable importance as a trading settlement. A frontier outpost, it was the resort for scouts, and trappers and Indian traders, who bartered with the savages. The annual fair of these traders was held every spring, and to it the tribes resorted in great numbers. It is computed that over two thousand pack horses and six hundred men visited the place annually. It went through the various phases incident to a pioneer settlement until the commencement of the Revolution. The town was the theatre of a severe battle in 1780, when Col. Elijah Clarke made an unsuccessful attempt to take the post from the British garrison under Col. Brown. An attack made later in the war by Lee, Pickens and Clarke, resulted in the capture of the place with the troops and their commander. One of the means used by the Americans to effect this result was a tall tower of logs, which overlooked the fort and enabled the besiegers to fire down on the besieged. This tower was located near where Broad and Lincoln streets now intersect. A cannon ball used by the Americans was found imbedded in the earth close to where the tower was erected, only a few years since. Three of the cannon that were mounted on Fort Cornwallis, the principal British work, are still in existence. One is used as a corner post at the intersection of Reynolds and Jackson streets, another does duty as a tombstone over the grave of a revolutionary soldier in the City Cemetery, and the third is in the possession of the Washington Artillery, mounted and in active use by that

corps. Augusta emerged from her baptism of fire, and still in embryo, jogged along through the eighteenth century and into the nineteenth. The members of the first council were George Walker, James Pearce, Robert Cresswell, Andrew Innis, Isaac Herbert and William Longstreet. Immediately after their election they met at the house of Mr. Nathaniel Durkee and chose Thomas Cumming, as Intendant, and Joseph Hutchinson, Clerk. In the fall of 1776 there were not more than forty or fifty houses in Augusta, most of them built of logs. The river was then crossed by a ferry boat owned by a Mr. Hicks. Harrisburg was a plantation, but houses were raised there about 1794. Soon after the termination of the Revolution people flocked here in scores. In 1805 there were no buildings west of Campbell street. Around the site of the upper market was a cluster of houses called Springfield. The lower part of the town was then the most populous and fashionable. Ashton's Retreat, lower part of Broad street, was the resort for the fashionables of the day. The public houses were the Eagle Tavern, on Reynolds street, and the City Hotel, where DeGraaf's furniture establishment is now located. There were no warehouses for the reception of cotton at this period. Each purchaser of cotton weighed it before his own door, where it remained, piled up between the trees on the sidewalks, until sent off in boats. Barter was then much in vogue and the proportion of the amount in goods which the seller would take, would frequently control the price of the article sold. At three or four gin houses in the town much of the cotton raised in the vicinity and in Burke was ginned. One of these was near the corner of Broad and Washington streets. The old court house was on the river bank, and here the Legislature of Georgia assembled for some years, when Augusta was the capital of the State. In 1785 Judge Walton, in his address to the jury, mentions that the Legislature is soon to assemble in Augusta and asks where they are to sit, since there are no public buildings. It is probable from this, that the court house that existed previously to that period, was destroyed during the war.

On the evening of April 3d, 1829, the "great fire" occurred. About 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day flames were discovered bursting from the roofs of houses immediately in the rear of McMullin's buildings, situated on the south side of Broad street, about six doors above Centre. The houses on Broad street were soon on fire, and the wind blowing almost a tornado from west to northwest, with frequent gusts from every quarter of the compass, very soon blew the fire in floating flakes to parts of the city distant at least three or four squares from the scene. In the compass of the conflagration there were between ten and eleven squares, mostly well built, and many of them stocked with dry goods and groceries, which last were consumed as readily in the middle of the street, whither they were removed, as if they had been permitted to remain in the burning stores. The lower market house, a commodious and elegant building, was burned at an early stage of the conflagration. A vast quantity of corn was destroyed. The number of houses burned was estimated at from four to five

hundred, and the total loss at one million dollars. A third part of the town was in ashes. Hamburg became comparatively densely populated in consequence of the fire, many of the sufferers flocking to that place. The town, however, soon recuperated and better buildings were erected than those that were destroyed.

Augusta escaped invasion during the late war between the States, and became a city of refuge for thousands of people from New Orleans, Mobile and other places occupied by the Federal armies. The population was nearly double at that time what it was in 1860, but at the close of the war the refugees returned home and the city was left to its original inhabitants. While Sherman was on his march to the sea, and it was thought that he would come to Augusta, thousands of bales of cotton were piled in the streets and were freely offered at a dollar a bale in gold. In many instances people took the risk of purchasing and made small fortunes in consequence, as Sherman's troops gave Augusta the go-by. After the war the city settled down and endeavored to make the best it could of the situation. For some time it was under control of a military mayor and council, appointed by Gen. Pope, but in 1868, when an election was held, Hon. Henry F. Russell, the Democratic candidate for mayor, was elected by a large majority, together with all the candidates for members of council on the ticket with him, good and substantial citizens. Since that day of deliverance the city has been in the hands of her own people and has been enjoying good government, quiet and prosperity. Such, in brief, is a history of the beautiful Fountain City, which, with its broad avenues, its magnificent arcades of live oaks and elms, its handsome buildings and its healthy climate, is the pride of its own people and the admiration of strangers.

It is probable that at the beginning of the century Augusta did not contain more than 2,000 people. In 1845 a census, taken by the city authorities, showed a population of 7,502—3,948 whites and 3,554 colored. Another census in 1850 gives a total of 12,104. The United States census of 1860 made the total number of inhabitants 12,493. The census of 1870 gave us 15,389, but a city census of 1872 placed the number at 19,985. Another census in 1878 gave a result of 23,768—whites 15,136, colored 8,632. The publishers of this work are satisfied that the present population of the city and the adjoining suburbs is not less than 30,000.

General Washington visited Augusta on the 18th of May, 1791. Gov. Telfair acted as host on the occasion and every preparation was made to receive the Father of his Country. The citizens turned out *en masse* and speeches were made welcoming the great chieftain to the town. A grand ball and supper were given in the evening in honor of his visit.

The first bridge across the Savannah River was built by Wade Hampton and was washed away by the Yazoo freshet in 1796. Previous to the construction of the present bridge at the foot of Centre street, Walter Lee and Edward Russell owned what is termed a push pole ferry, having held the right of crossing the river at that point for many years. They were loth

to give it up, but finally yielded their consent to Messrs. Schultz and McKinne, "in consideration of the privilege of crossing upon the bridge free with their families, negroes, stock, etc., for a period of thirty years. This having been settled, the bridge was commenced in 1812 and completed in 1815. An interesting event is connected with the inauguration of the bridge. Upon the day of its opening the news reached Augusta of General Jackson's victory at New Orleans. In honor of this great triumph of the American arms, the bridge was handsomely decorated and at night brilliantly illuminated.

In January, 1798, Augusta was incorporated as a city. The executive continued to be known as the Intendant until 1818, when the city was chartered. The name of the chief magistrate was then changed to "Mayor."

The first theatre was built in 1798, and stood on the river bank, near Elbert. It was under the management of Charles Young when destroyed by fire in 1823. We are told that shortly before its destruction the elder Booth played here. Other celebrated actors played in this theatre. Soon after its destruction another theatre was built on Ellis street, near Centre. In this building the now famous Joe Jefferson, well known as "Rip Van Winkle" played when a young man before his talents had become developed. This place of amusement was burned on April 3d, 1829, during the "great fire" and was succeeded by Concert Hall, which was situated on Ellis street, above Jackson, with the entrance on the former street. This building was afterwards enlarged and improved, and is the present Augusta Opera House.

The first steamboat on the Savannah River made its appearance in 1817, was called the *Enterprise*, and caused great wonder and consternation all along the banks of the stream, people who had not heard of its coming, looking upon it as some terrible marine monster. In Augusta, where it was expected, its arrival was hailed with joy by the crowds who had assembled to welcome it. The stores in the city were closed and hundreds of people from the neighboring counties came to the city to see this great work of ingenuity. Great curiosity was evinced to inspect its works, and many paid one dollar, the fee charged for that privilege.

The corner stone of Masonic Hall was laid with imposing ceremonies on the 2d of June, 1828. An oration was delivered by the Hon. Wm. Schley. The mayor and members of council were present.

The first religious worship was instituted in Augusta in 1757, when the citizens built a church near the fort and offered to build a parsonage, cultivate the glebe and pay a minister £20 a year. Rev. Jonathan Copp, a native of Connecticut, having been ordained deacon and priest, accepted the appointment and came to Augusta. He found a congregation of nearly one hundred persons, but no parsonage or glebe land and very little prospect of getting the £20 a year offered by the committee. He continued the



work for five years, after which he accepted the rectorship of St. John's parish, where he died.

The first cemetery was St. Paul's churchyard, where many of the first settlers of the place are buried. It was succeeded in 1818 by the present City Cemetery.

Augusta sent nearly every available man to the front, in the armies of the Confederate States, during the war. Eleven companies went forward in three months, commencing April 1, 1861, and ending July 1, of the same year. Up to July 1, 1862, the county had sent twenty-four companies to the field as follows:

Oglethorpe Infantry Co. A., 69 men; Walker Light Infantry, 60 men; Washington Artillery, 64 men; Blodgett Volunteers, 95 men; Confederate Light Guards, 76 men; Clinch Rifles, 94 men; Irish Volunteers, 80 men; Letcher Guards, 80 men; Independent Blues, 54 men; Davis Musketeers; Montgomery Guards, 77; Richmond Hussars Co. A., 86 men; Schley Rifles; Crawford Rangers; Nisbet Volunteers; Oglethorpe Infantry, Compan B., 66 men; Vigilant Rifles; Richmond Rough and Readys; Baker Volunteers; Georgia Light Guards, 94 men; Wilson Tigers, 116 men; Richmond Hussars, Co. B., 90 men; Augusta Rangers; Milledge Artillery.

There were a number of other companies organized after this and which went actively into the field. There were at least thirty companies in all raised in Richmond county during the four years of the war. Not less than two thousand men out of a total white population of about ten thousand, were in the service of the Confederacy, from Richmond county. Of these, 292 were killed or died in service.



## CHAPTER II.

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### THE PRESENT OF AUGUSTA---ITS POPULATION, WEALTH, AND MANUFACTURING CAPACITY.

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Beautiful Augusta! Home of refinement, of education and of thrift, it sprung not up like a mushroom, with the exhalations of a night, but growing steadily and strongly like the oak, it increases in strength and beauty with the progress of the years. Its genius sports in the rushing waters which turn the wheels of its factories and its mills, nestles in the white wealth of its cotton bales, delves, gnome like, in the hills that dot its horizon, spans the streams with railroad bridges and rattles in the clank of the iron horse. Its merchants are famed for their probity and promptness, and its commerce is laid on a solid basis.

The city is situated on the Savannah River, at the head of navigation. It is regularly laid off in squares and its streets are wide and level. Broad and Greene streets are two of the finest boulevards in the Union. The width of the former is one hundred and sixty-seven feet, with substantial pavements on either side. Spacious and well lighted stores line it from Centre to Marbury street, a distance of a mile. Among these are several wholesale establishments which carry on an extensive trade with the surrounding country, merchants from the towns and villages along the lines of the different railroads purchasing their goods here in preference to going elsewhere. The retail business is correspondingly great, and the volume of trade in both amounts annually to many millions of dollars.

The city is one of the most important of the interior cotton ports, and receives every year nearly 200,000 bales of the great staple. This branch

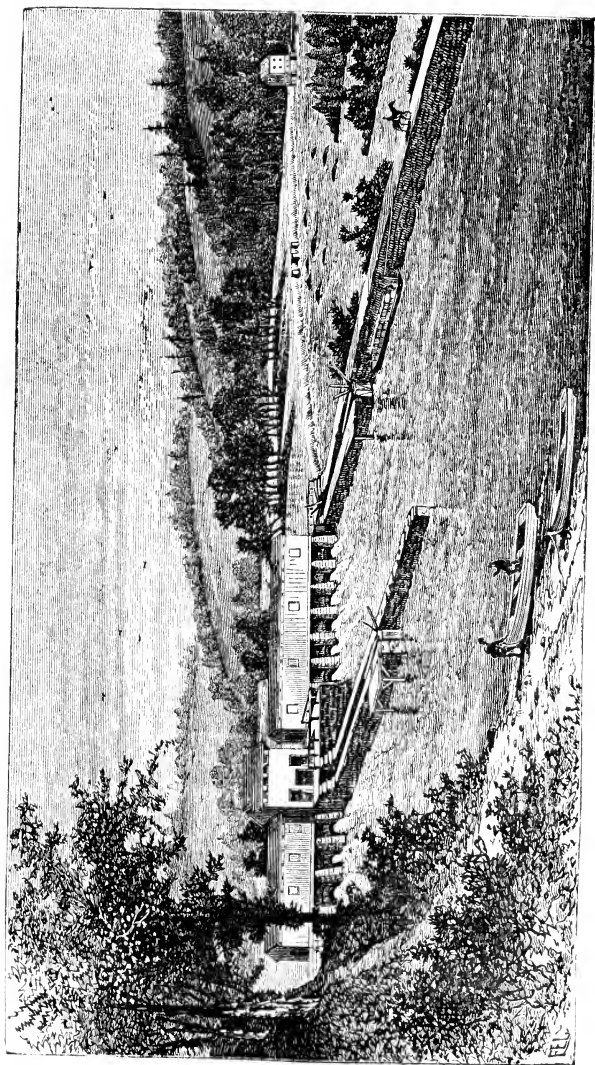
of business alone brings from ten to twelve millions of dollars into the city during the twelve months, and gives employment to a large number of people. The warehouses are located on Reynolds, Campbell, Jackson and McIntosh streets, and have ample accommodation for the crop. Of the money received for cotton, it is fair to say that at least half a million of dollars remains in Augusta in the way of commissions, storage fees, insurance and other incidentals connected with the handling of the staple between the producer and the manufacturer. Several large houses and manufactories of the North and in Europe have agents here who purchase thousands of bales for their principals.

The last city digest gives the total valuation of property at \$14,455,792. Of this amount \$9,593,825 is in real estate. The tax assessed is one and fifty-eight and one-third one hundredths per cent., which yields an annual revenue of \$228,883.37. In May, 1877, the City Council created a Sinking Fund Commission for the purpose of retiring the city bonded debt, and this commission already holds \$60,000 of bonds. One quarter of one per cent. of the tax annually assessed is turned over to the commission to be used in the purchase of city bonds. The interest on all bonds in the hands of the commission is paid annually by the city government, thus increasing the resources and decreasing the debt in a more rapid ratio. The commission was created for fifteen years, and it is computed that at the end of that time, it will have retired more than a million dollars of the city's indebtedness, leaving less than a million in existence. The bonds already command par in the market. The interest, seven per cent., is paid promptly and regularly, and the faith of the corporation will be sustained to the last cent by the people. Augusta has always been a place upon whose integrity outsiders could rely. It has never repudiated any of its indebtedness, and never will, but intends in the future, as it has in the past, to pay its debts and maintain its credit untarnished. The city government consists of a mayor and twelve councilmen, three from each of the wards. The former is elected for three and the latter for one year. The salary of the mayor is \$2,500 per annum. The position of councilman is honorary, no compensation attaching to it.

The streets are kept in excellent condition and several of them have been macadamized. The city is two miles and a half in length, and one mile and a half in width. Its northern boundary, which is also the boundary of the State, is the Savannah River, which is navigable during the greater part of the year to this point, steamers plying regularly between Augusta and Savannah. An effort is now on foot to induce Congress to grant an appropriation of a hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of improving the channel of the stream, and rendering it navigable for at least a hundred miles above Augusta, so that the rich and fertile valley of the Savannah, naturally tributary to this city, may pour its wealth into her lap. With the active co-operation of our distinguished Representative in Congress, Hon. A. H. Stephens, there is every hope that this project will prove successful.

Mr. Stephens, at the solicitation of the mercantile community, is also endeavoring to secure from Congress an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars for the erection of a Government building here. This building is to be used for a post-office, revenue offices and United States court house.

There are forty-four streets in the city, all wide and generally bordered by magnificent trees. Greene street and the lower and upper portions of Broad street, especially, are noted for their splendid avenues of oaks and elms, and the stranger visiting the city never fails to speak of them in terms of admiration.



AUGUSTA CANAL LOCKS.

## CHAPTER III.

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### THE AUGUSTA CANAL—HISTORY AND PROGRESS— SIZE AND CAPACITY—COST OF ENLARGEMENT.

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If there is one thing of which Augusta has a right to be proud above others, it is her magnificent Water Power. The Augusta Canal, which cost from first to last, nearly two millions of dollars, is one of the greatest works of the kind in existence. It was projected originally by several public-spirited citizens, prominent among whom may be mentioned the late Colonel H. H. Cumming, the late W. M. D'Antignac, and Hon. John P. King. These gentlemen, with six others, were elected by the City Council of Augusta, a Board of Commissioners, "for the purpose of constructing a canal from a point in the Savannah River, about seven miles above, to the city of Augusta, for manufacturing purposes, and for the better securing of an abundant supply of water to the city." The work was commenced in 1845, and completed early in 1847. The dimensions were 40 feet surface width, 20 feet bottom, and 5 feet deep, affording a total mechanical effect of about 600 horse powers.

It soon became evident that the canal was too small to supply the demand for power, and the increasing demand for fire, domestic and other purposes, consequent upon the growth of the city. Temporary expedients were devised and carried into effect from time to time in order to increase the supply, and after the banks of the canal had been raised so as to furnish 7 feet depth of water, its ultimate capacity was reached, and yet the quantity furnished was entirely inadequate to supply the demand.

Under these circumstances the enlargement of the canal to its present dimensions was decided upon by the City Council, and in March, 1872, the work was commenced, and in July, 1875, was completed.

The dimensions and capacity of the canal are as follows: Length of main canal or first level, 7 miles, and including second and third levels 9

miles. Minimum water way, 150 feet at surface, 106 feet at bottom, and 11 feet deep, making an area of cross section of 1,408 square feet. The bulk-head, locks, dam and other structures, are composed of stone-masonry formed of granite rock, laid up in hydraulic cement mortar, and are of the most substantial character. The area of openings for the supply of the canal amounts to 1,463 square feet, and the entire waters of the Savannah River are made available for maintaining the supply. There are about 275 acres of reservoirs exclusive of the canal proper and the pond above the bulk-head and dam. There is a bottom grade or descent in the main canal of one hundredth of a foot, in 100 feet, giving a theoretical mean velocity of two and seventy-four one hundredths feet per second, or a mechanical effect under the minimum fall between the first and third levels, or between the first level and the Savannah River, below Rae's Creek, of upwards of 14,000 horse powers, not including available supply from the surface of the reservoirs. Of this immense power, but 1900 horse powers are contracted for, leaving at least 12,000 horse-powers to be disposed of. The present price charged for the water is \$5 and 48-100 per horse power. The canal is owned by the City of Augusta, and is under control of its council, and more immediately of the Canal Committee of that body. On the first level the city owns from Thos. Heckle's line to Rae's Creek, a distance of nearly a mile. This tract has been divided into two tiers of water lots most eligibly located for using water. Parallel with the canal and adjacent thereto, is a street, seventy feet wide, including the towing path of the canal. Four hundred feet from this it is proposed to lay out another street parallel thereto, between which and the river there will be a tier of lots upon which the water can be used and discharged, with very little cost, directly into the river. The city also owns on the opposite side of the canal a tract of land extending from the Washington road nearly to Rae's Creek, containing ninety acres, exceedingly well located for the erection of dwellings for the use of operatives. This land will be sold to lessees of water power at very low rates.

The total cost of the enlargement of the canal was \$822,866.69.



## CHAPTER IV.

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### COTTON MANUFACTORIES IN AND ABOUT AUGUSTA— MILLS AND FOUNDRIES—GAS COMPANY.

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#### AUGUSTA FACTORY.

The Augusta Factory was the pioneer in the manufacture of cotton goods in this section, and it has had an uninterrupted career of prosperity. Commencing business under the present management, in the year 1858, it stands now a monument of enterprise and success, the pride of Augusta. The capital stock of the company is nominally \$600,000, but it is really \$1,000,000, as the property of the corporation is fully worth this amount. Of this capital the stockholders have never paid in but \$60,000. So great was the success of the factory from the very start that no more was required, and the property has gone on increasing from year to year until it has reached its present figure. Since the close of the war, the company has paid in dividends to its stockholders the large sum of \$1,326,000, more than double its capital, and over twenty times the amount paid in by the stockholders. For nine years its dividend was twenty per cent. per annum, and it is now paying a regular annual dividend of eight per cent., two per cent. a quarter. The last report of the President, Mr. W. E. Jackson, gives the following as the result of the preceding year's operations :

GOODS MANUFACTURED FROM 16TH JUNE, 1877, TO 15TH JUNE, 1878.

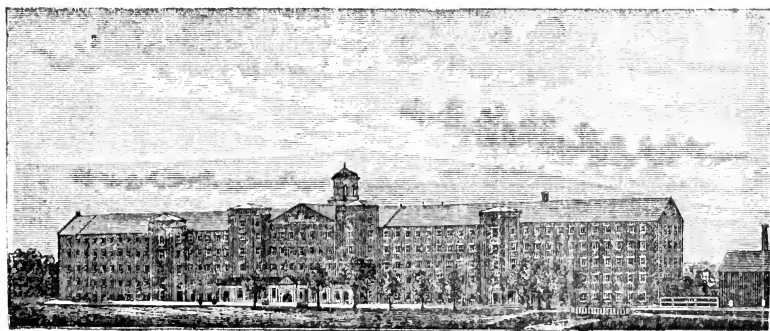
	Pounds.	Pieces.	Yards.
4-4.....	2,165,794	147,210	6,498,336
7-8.....	700,930	50,688	2,517,361
3-4.....	574,088	50,770	2,571,964
30 Inch Drill.....	647,355	38,946	1,880,566
37 Inch Drill.....	557,941	27,264	1,309,110
	<hr/> 4,646,108	<hr/> 314,878	<hr/> 14,777,337

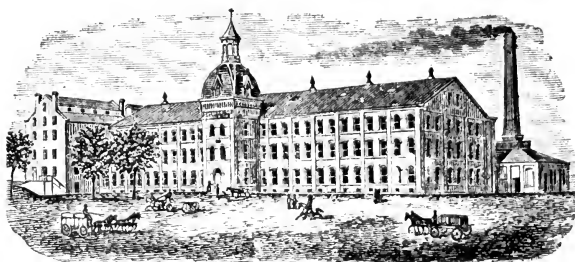
## BALES OF MANUFACTURED GOODS.

	4-4	7-8	3-4	30inDr	37inDr	Total
On hand June 16th, 1877,	50	23	22	13	22	130
Made to June 16th, 1878,	5,970	2,066	2,038	1,999	1,394	13,467
	6,020	2,089	2,060	2,012	1,416	13,597
Sold and consigned to 15th June 1878.....	5,974	2,059	2,037	1,986	1,385	13,441
On hand June 15th, 1878,	46	30	23	26	31	156
Cotton consumed (equal to 11,819 bales 456 lbs. each).....	5,389,485 lbs.					
Average cost cotton.....						10.02
Average number looms running.....						770
Average number yards per loom per day.....						61.90
Average number hands employed.....						640
Aggregate wages paid.....						\$ 162,090 38
Aggregate sales.....						\$ 885,033 41
Average per day per warp spindle.....						10.05 oz

The main building is five stories high, five hundred feet in length and fifty feet wide at the end, and ninety-two in the centre. There are besides two L's, each five stories high and one hundred and twenty feet long by forty-four wide, and a mill in the rear three stories high, eighty feet long and seventy-two wide. All are built of Augusta made brick. The total number of spindles in the factory is 24,160. The manufacturing capacity is sixty-two yards per loom per day of eleven hours, and the speed is one hundred and ninety-five picks a minute. The cloth manufactured is brown sheeting and shirting. The operatives are all white, the majority of whom are women, and all natives principally of Georgia and South Carolina.

Mr. Wm. E. Jackson, the President of the company, has held that position for twenty years. Mr. Francis Cogin, the Superintendent, is one of the most experienced manufacturers in the United States, and a practical business man. He has held his present position nineteen years.





### ENTERPRISE FACTORY.

Augusta's chief reliance for progress in wealth and population is upon her manufactories, *in esse* and *in futuro*. Each loom put up adds to her importance, and it is, therefore, not to be wondered at that her citizens look with interest to every new enterprise. People outside are fond of declaring that Augusta is "slow;" that she lacks energy and go-aheadativeness, characteristics so eminently belonging to the American. As an answer to all this, without going further, we point to the Enterprise Factory as a practical refutation. On the tenth day of March, 1877, a manufacturing company was organized in this city, with a capital of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, under the title of the Enterprise Manufacturing Company, having in view the manufacture of cotton goods. Major Geo. T. Jackson, a prominent and enterprising citizen of Augusta, was elected President, and measures were at once set on foot to erect a factory building. The mill property of Geo. T. Jackson & Co., known as the Granite Mills, was purchased by the company as a site for the new factory. An excellent move was made in the very beginning by engaging the services of Mr. J. S. Davis, of Holyoke, Mass., as architect and superintendent. Mr. Davis is a gentleman of extensive experience, and has had charge of a number of factories in Massachusetts. The company certainly could not have made a better selection for superintendent. Mr. Davis drew the plan for the new building and superintended its erection. The first bricks for the new factory were laid on the 22d of March, but work was not commenced in earnest until the 1st of April. The job was pushed rapidly forward by Mr. Wellington, who had charge of the carpenter work, and Mr. Judd, who was in charge of the masonry department. The factory is an exceedingly handsome structure, and reflects much credit upon the company. The well known Granite Mill, which has long been a landmark, and the brick addition which was made a few years ago, have been preserved intact, and form a part of the factory. The new building forms a right angle with the old mill, and extends toward Greene street. The old building is four stories in height, and is 120 feet long by 40 wide. The new building is 236 feet long by 74 wide, and is three stories high. The first and second sto-

ries are each  $13\frac{1}{2}$  feet in height, and the third is 15 feet. A large number of windows of uniform size give light and ventilation to the building. In the centre of the new building is a very pretty tower 100 feet in height. All the workmanship about the building is first-class. Every door is so hung that it can be opened by pushing it from either side, thus rendering escape easy for the operatives in case of fire or accident. Every convenience is supplied.

The first story of the new building is devoted to the carding machines, The second floor, one immense hall, is the weaving room, and the third is the spinning room. In this room are ten mules (don't start, uninitiated reader; we don't mean live, kicking mules, but educated machinery), which do the spinning, and wonderful looking affairs they are. On the first floor of the old building is located the picker room. The boiler room, which is fire proof, is located at the northeast corner of the new building, and has a chimney 96 feet in height. The company manufactures cotton goods of about four yards to the pound—more of the character of what we call sea island goods. The Enterprise Factory has been put in operation at a cost of about twenty dollars per spindle or fully one-half less than it cost other companies in the past. The Factory has 13,892 spindles and 242 looms in operation.

#### THE GRANITEVILLE FACTORY.

Twelve miles from Augusta in Aiken county, S. C., on the line of the Charlotte; Columbia and Augusta Railroad, is situated the large and handsome factory of the Graniteville Manufacturing Company. It is decidedly one of the most imposing and best built structures in this section and is the life giving spirit of the thriving village which surrounds it. The structure is built of stone, in the most substantial and compact manner. It manufactures brown sheetings and shirtings which find ready sale in the Northern markets. Its President, Mr. H. H. Hickman, of Augusta, is one of the most progressive and successful men of the day and much of the success of the company is due to his able management. The total capacity of the factory is 23,728 spindles and it employs 600 operatives, natives of the section in the immediate vicinity. The factory is supplied with a fire department and has every appliance for extinguishing a fire on a moment's notice. The machinery is of the most improved description.

The production of the Mill from February 25th, 1877 to March 2d, 1878, inclusive—53 weeks—was as follows:

4-4 Sheeting.....	1,565,520 lbs	99,424 pieces.	4,655,000 yds.
7-8 Shirting .....	817,183 "	62,957 "	2,965,000 "
7-8 Drilling .....	557,575 "	36,353 "	1,667,000 "
3-4 Shirting .....	305,666 "	28,022 "	1,391,000 "
40 in. Sheeting.....	77,051 "	4,569 "	205,888 "
Total.....	3,322,995 lbs	231,325 pieces.	10,883,888 yds.

The consumption of cotton was an aggregate of 3,901,057 pounds, or 8,669 bales of 450 pounds each, of the cost value of \$411,765 40—an average cost of 10 56-100 cents per pound.

The following tabular statement shows the production of the factory, dividends paid, net profits realized and losses incurred during the past ten years. The several sums named under the head of "Losses" express rather the sums drawn from the profits of previous years to complete the dividends paid in those years. In other words, the profits were the dividends less the losses:

	Pounds of Cloth Manufact'd.	Yards of Cloth Manufact'd.	Avg'e Lbs. pr Week	Average Yds. pr Week	Dividends	Profits	Losses
1869	2,642,242	8,614,459	50,830	165,720	71,650 00	61,342 13	
1870	2,570,800	8,643,280	49,438	166,217	57,320 00	20,063 36	
1871	2,705,117	8,951,875	52,021	172,209	57,320 00	99,756 40	
1872	2,839,030	9,572,882	54,597	184,094	60,902 50	164,494 87	
1873	2,946,762	9,889,400	56,668	190,180	107,475 00	84,753 95	
1874	2,981,069	9,743,000	57,328	187,365	71,650 00	86,542 01	
1875	3,151,105	10,536,500	60,598	202,625	96,000 00	.....	15,417 16
1876	3,199,394	10,663,293	61,527	205,063	60,000 00	.....	37,872 97
1877	3,039,461	9,974,794	58,451	191,823	24,000 00	18,296 65	
1878	3,322,995	10,883,888	63,904	209,305	48,000 00	.....	1,772 12
T'tl	29,398,975	97,479,471			\$654,317.50	535,249.37	55,062.25

From this exhibit it appears that the production of the mill has increased year after year, excepting two years of the period under review, and attests the fact that judicious expenditures have been made in the purchase of additional new machinery, and in the substitution of new for old machinery. Dividends have also been paid of the aggregate per centum of more than 109 per cent. of the present capital stock, or nearly 10 91-100 per cent. per annum, whilst the surplus has been increased from \$6,664.27, February 29th, 1868, to \$480,187.12, March 1st, 1878. Of this latter sum \$153,909.25 were appropriated to the purchase and subsequent cancellation of \$116,500 of the former capital stock. The surplus now amounts to the sum of \$332, 902.14.

To form some adequate idea of the vastness of the work which has been done, it is only necessary to adduce the additional fact that the expenditures, provided for out of the gross receipts since March 1st, 1869, amount to \$330,720.59. The taxes alone foot up \$87,035.01. Including dividends, net profits and expenditures, the gross profits amount to more than one million and a half dollars. The capital stock is \$600,000.

The Superintendent, Mr. J. H. Howland, is a gentleman of long experience in manufacturing.

The Company has recently erected a large mill at Vacluse, S. C., three miles from Granitville, with a capacity of ten thousand spindles. The building is constructed of brick, on a stone foundation. Number of operatives, 225.

## THE LANGLEY MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Was organized March 21st, 1870, under a charter granted by the State of South Carolina, and the office of President was unanimously tendered to Mr. Wm. C. Sibley, then a merchant, living in New Orleans, who was also allowed to do any business on his own account, that did not conflict with the interests of the company. Mr. Sibley accepted the position of President and removed to Augusta, in May, 1870. The mill of the company is located at Langley, South Carolina, about eight miles from Augusta, on the South Carolina Railroad. Operations were commenced immediately to complete the village, dam and mill. In July, 1871, the dam was carried away, which delayed operations, and the mill was not in full operation until March, 1872, and has been successfully run since that time, earning the *worst year over seven per cent.*, and *has earned in one year over twenty-five per cent.*

When the mill was complete, the company had spent some \$415,000, or about \$15,000 more than their capital, for a debt to commence with, and no commercial capital, and consequently, for several years paid out large sums of money for interest. Notwithstanding which, the profit from manufacturing the five years, from 1872 to 1876 inclusive, was \$318,833.64; less interest paid these five years, \$25,107.80; leaves a profit for five years, \$293,725.84; to which add profit from manufacturing in 1877, \$366,946; to which add profit from interest, etc. in 1877, \$518.02; profit from manufacturing in six years, from 1872 to 1877 inclusive, \$330,940.82; less bad debts charged off for the six years, \$5,532.36; leaves net profit from manufacturing in six years, \$325,407.96.

The company has now in operation 328 looms and 10,560 spindles and have increased their production from 46 yards of cloth per day in March, 1872, to an average of 62 15-100 yards per loom per day, for the six months, ending December 31st, 1877.

Their production for the year 1877, was 130,107 pieces, 2,033,562 pounds or 6,221,512 yards of brown sheeting, shirting and drills, and they consumed in that year, 5,426 bales of cotton, weighing 2,460,800 pounds.

The paid up capital of the mill, is \$400,000, which was invested in the village, mill, water power and about 4,500 acres of land since, 1872. The company has built some twenty houses, have added 28 looms, 960 spindles and other machinery to the mill. All of which together with the \$15,000 spent originally in excess of their capital, has been charged to profit and loss; and after paying their last dividend in July, the company had a surplus fund of \$150,000.

When the company was organized in 1870, probably half a dozen souls covered the population of where the present village of Langley is located, and the population is now 825, and a happy people in a thriving village, which was a barren spot a few years back, and would be nothing more to-

day, but for this manufacturing enterprise which has been so successfully managed, and during the most depressed period this country has experienced financially for very many years.

The company has water power to run 10,000 additional spindles and 300 additional looms, and it is expected at no distant day that they will avail of it to increase the capacity of their mill to that extent. The Company has just completed an addition to their warehouse, large enough to hold 1,500 bales more of cotton, and is now first-class in every respect, having sprinklers and steam beside, and other appliances for quenching quickly any fire.

The village is neatly laid out and kept in perfect order, under the supervision of the Superintendent, Mr. M. F. Foster. The mill and village are well worth a visit from those who feel an interest in such enterprises and can be easily reached by rail.

### THE AUGUSTA COTTON TIE COMPANY.

Few people in Augusta, perhaps, are aware that our city numbers among its industries a manufactory of iron ties for fastening cotton bales. The factory is located in a brick building in the yard of the old Goodrich workshop. It is operated by Messrs. R. G. Stewart & Co., who are manufacturing the "Augusta Cotton Tie," the invention of Mr. Stewart, and patented by him. The peculiar feature of the tie is its fastening, which is a simple screw, easily adjusted. This season the firm will manufacture 10,000 bundles of ties, which are sold at \$2 15 per bundle. They employ nineteen hands, principally colored men. Next season the firm expect to purchase new machinery and to greatly enlarge the capacity of the factory. They find ready demand for all the ties manufactured. The firm is composed of Messrs. R. G. Stewart, E. J. O'Connor and Mathew Rice, all of this city. The punches used to make the holes in the ties were invented by Mr. Stewart. The firm is preparing, also, to manufacture the Rice carving and moulding machine, invented by Mr. M. Rice.

### THE DUBLIN MILLS.

Among the new enterprises before the people is the Dublin mills, an organization for which was perfected in December, 1877, by the election of a Board of Directors and a President, Mr. James A. Gray. The building intended for the factory is located on Jackson street on the second level. It is built of brick, is 50 by 100 feet in length and breadth, and was originally constructed for an osnaburg factory, but later used for the manufacture of machinery. It three and a half stories high, the walls of great thickness and of ample strength to bear with perfect safety the machinery of the factory into which it is to be converted. It is now unoccupied,

is in a good state of repair, has a metallic roof, is located near the bank of the canal, has a raceway and wheel pit already constructed. The whole structure can be made as good as new by the expenditure of a few hundred dollars. Near this, on the right, is another strongly built brick building, one story high and 50 by 150 feet, intended and now well adapted for a warehouse. Like the other or main building its walls are strong and in a fine state of preservation. There are other minor improvements upon the grounds, but perhaps none of them can be utilized by the new company. The lot is 700 by 400 feet, nearly seven acres.

The grounds occupy just one square of that end of Augusta, and are bounded as follows: East by Jackson street, south by Adams, west by Campbell, and north by D'Antignac. The canal runs right through this square, affording an abundance of water now, and promising it for all time to come. Another great advantage the location has, it is within a stone's throw of the depots where all our railways centre. Freights to and from the factory can be landed and taken away by the cars nearly at its doors, or at least will have to be carted only a few yards.

There is ample room upon the reservation, or ground, which Mr. Gray subscribes to the capital stock, to enlarge the factory in future to great size and capacity, and plenty of room for the erection of operatives' and such other houses as may be necessary for the proper running of it. It is right in the general neighborhood of the great Augusta Factory and all our other works along the canal. The city is rapidly advancing in that direction, as is well known. Indeed, many of the dwellings erected in Augusta during the past three or four years have been put up out that way. It is, perhaps, the most eligible place which could be selected for the proposed enterprise, and the buildings already up and which can be put up in readiness to receive the looms and spindles in a few weeks, give the company, most certainly, a good send off. There is ample space in the main structure for the receptacle of one hundred looms and other machinery in proportion.

Mr. Gray values the buildings and grounds at \$50,000, and takes the amount in stock of the company. The capital stock is fixed at \$150,000.

It is contemplated to make checks such as are manufactured by the Eagle and Phoenix Mills of Columbus, or the mill at Athens. It is well known that these goods always meet ready sale, and at forty-five to fifty cents per pound, which they usually sell for, are very profitable. We have no mill in Augusta or in South Carolina which makes this class of goods. We will have enough demand right around home here for all that the factory can turn out.



## AUGUSTA OIL COMPANY.

The Augusta Oil Company's works are located in the old Paragon Mills, which were almost entirely rebuilt and put in fine condition. The brick mill is three stories in height. A large wooden warehouse attached is used for the storage of cotton seed. The seed are carried up through elevators to the third story of the mill, where they are divested of all the cotton which adheres to them after they have gone through the ordinary gin at the plantation. Quite an amount of lint cotton is thus secured. While this lint is not of very long staple, it is still a very fair article. After leaving the gin the seed go down to the hullers, where the husk is broken away from the kernel. The mass then goes up stairs again to the separator, where the husks and kernels are separated. The kernels now take a second journey to the second floor and are passed between heavy rollers, which mash them into a sort of pulp. The latter is put into large iron heaters and thoroughly cooked. After undergoing this process it is emptied into bags, which are put between hair mats. These, with their contents, are then placed in a hydraulic press and an immense pressure applied. The oil runs into a long trough and thence into a tank, from which it is dipped out and put into barrels. This crude oil is either sold to refiners or shipped to the mill, at Nashville, to be refined. The pulp which remains in the sacks is compressed into hard cakes. A portion of these are ground into fine meal, to be used either as stock feed or a fertilizer. The cakes are exported largely to England, where they are in great demand as stock feed. A ton of cotton seed produces about thirty-two gallons of oil and 1,000 pounds of meal, besides the husks and lint.

## THE GLOBE MILLS.

THE GLOBE COTTON MILLS, owned by A. K. Clark, situated on the second level of of the canal, near Marbury street, manufactures cotton yarns and carpet warp. Its capacity is 1,728 spindles. The Sterling Mills, with a somewhat smaller capacity, manufacture the same goods.

## GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

THE GAS LIGHT COMPANY OF AUGUSTA, of which Dr. L. A. Dugas is President, owns extensive works on Jackson street, the capacity of which is 200,000 cubic feet per day. The gas is made from coal, and is of a very superior quality. It is sold at four dollars per one thousand cubic feet. The mains of the company traverse nearly every street. The city is lighted at night with the gas made by this company. The works are of the most improved description. Mr. G. S. Hookey, the energetic Superintendent of the company, looks after its interests carefully, and, as he is a gentleman

of large experience, and understands the manufacture of gas, in all its details, sees to it that the customers of the company are supplied with the very best article. The light is clear and brilliant, and gives general satisfaction. The works are among the most extensive in the South, and the managers keep up with all the latest improvements. It is their aim to please the patrons of the institution, while, at the same time, making it pay a dividend to the stockholders on their investment. The works have every facility for manufacturing gas, and the supply is never failing. The company is one of the popular institutions of the city.

#### ICE COMPANY.

THE AUGUSTA ICE COMPANY'S WORKS are located on Twigg's street. The Company manufactures about 18,000 pounds of ice, daily, which retails at one cent a pound.

#### TWO PICTURES—THE NORTH AND THE SOUTH AS MANUFACTURING CENTRES.

We at the South claim that we can successfully compete with the North in certain manufactures, and not only compete, but practically absorb the entire business. We refer, now, principally to such well known fabrics as standard sheetings and shirtings, brown, or unbleached heavy goods, which constitute in a great measure the products of all Southern cotton mills. We propose to show that such is the case, not by mere theory or speculation, but facts gathered from the best sources, from experienced men, who are in a situation to know whereof they speak.

We interviewed Mr. Francis Cogan, Superintendent of the Augusta Factory, Mr. H. H. Hickman, President of the Graniteville Factory, and Mr. Wm. C. Sibley, President of the Langley Mills, with the following result:

#### WHAT MR. COGIN SAYS.

Interviewer—What is your experience in regard to the relative advantages of the North and South for the location of cotton manufactories?

Mr. Cogan—There is no question but that the South possesses vastly superior advantages in many ways. We have one of the best climates in the world. The atmosphere has just the proper humidity for manufacturing purposes. Now, at the North, the air becomes so dry that steam has to be introduced into the weaving room to dampen the atmosphere, so as to prevent the threads from breaking. We never have any such trouble as that here. Again, the mills often have to stop because the water courses are frozen up. This never happens at the South, and we can therefore run uninterruptedly. We can get a plenty of excellent white labor. In fact, it is much better than that which the Northern mills now have. It is equal to the "Yankee" labor the Northern mills used to have, but which they don't

get now. We can make more yards of cloth per loom than they can, running the same number of hours as they do, and we can, therefore, afford to sell it cheaper. Our water power is plentiful, and cheaper on the average than at the North. They can't begin to compete with us where they have to use steam. It costs less than six dollars per horse power here for water, while at Fall River, where steam is used, the cost is forty-two dollars per horse power. It wouldn't pay the Augusta Factory, for instance, to use steam instead of water, if all the necessary fuel was put down at the factory free. The Atlanta Factory has been referred to as an instance of failure at the South, but it should be remembered that that factory has never been at work yet. It will be in operation in a short time, and then we will be able to see what it can do. The operatives in the Augusta Factory work eleven hours a day. There is a superabundance of white labor here, and we never have had a machine stopped for the want of help during the nineteen years I have been with the Augusta Factory. If we were to start a mill of the same size of ours to-day, we would have sufficient skilled labor in two weeks to run it.

This testimony, coming from such a source, is very important. Mr. Cagin is a Northern man who has had practical experience with Northern cotton factories, as well as at the South, and therefore, speaks by the book.

MR. HICKMAN ON THE SUBJECT.

In all the country, North or South, there has been no more successful enterprise than the Graniteville Factory under the management of Mr. H. H. Hickman, as President. Mr. Hickman is a close observer and shrewd business man and he never speaks unless he has the facts and figures before him upon which to base his assertions. What he has to say, therefore, must necessarily have much weight.

Mr. Hickman, in response to a request, proceeded to state some facts in regard to the subject under consideration which threw considerable light upon it. In reference to cotton manufactories, Mr. Hickman said there could be no comparison between the North and South. The South will eventually drive the North out of the market in brown goods, standard sheetings and shirtings. It is practically doing it now. The North is building no new mills for the manufacture of these goods. When Northern mills were compelled to sell their goods at cost he could sell at a fair profit. He had no commissions to pay agents to buy cotton as Northern mills did, because he bought it himself, more than half of it right at the mill. Getting the cotton right here, he had, of course, no freight to pay, as was the case with Northern mills, and he was satisfied that he could buy cotton to a better advantage than the agents of those mills: in fact he was assured that he made a half a pound in this way. He could get a plenty of white labor and cheaper than Northern mills could. His operatives could live one-half the expense of those at the North. The latter used

four times as much fuel, at twice the price per cord, while provisions were as cheap here as in Massachusetts. To sum up then, first, labor is cheaper; second, the operatives can live cheaper; third, he has no commissions to pay for buying cotton; fourth, he has no freight to pay on cotton; fifth, the larger proportion of goods are sold without paying commissions, and sixth, he can run his mill all the year. The Graniteville mill has not stopped work two weeks in eleven years on account of water or weather. He finds sale for eighty per cent. of his products at home. He has sold sixty thousand dollars worth of goods to Knoxville, alone, in one year. He has built the new mill at Vacluse with the surplus of the Graniteville company, without calling on the stockholders for a dollar, and he will be able to run it at three-fourths of the expense, in proportion to its size, that it costs to run Graniteville, because it is a modern mill, with all the modern improvements. Graniteville is one of the most difficult mills in the country to run, because it has been pieced from time to time, and yet people can see how successful that has been. It costs less to build a mill than ever before. Labor and material are cheaper.

#### MR. SIBLEY'S STATEMENT.

Mr. W. C. Sibley, the energetic and able President of the Langley Mills, has conducted the affairs of that company with so much vigor, in an interview, said that the mills in this city had sold, within the past three years, some five thousand bales of goods, that were delivered in New York for export to England, the continent of Europe, Africa and South America. The United States have awarded the contract for sheeting needed for the Indian supplies to the Langley standard sheeting, made in this vicinity, for three years. This contract is let out in New York and the goods delivered there, thus competing successfully with goods made in New England. In regard to the labor he says; "As to the labor. I have been President of the Langley Manufacturing Company of South Carolina, since its organization in 1870, and have had no difficulty in getting as good and reliable white labor as there is in New England, and who cheerfully work eleven hours per day, and could obtain more if we had any use for them, and many of them are Southern born and have learned their trade in our own mill." He challenges any mill in New England to show as great a production of goods per loom and yarn per spindle (on the same style of goods) or a cheaper cost of manufacturing. He concludes by saying that the South has the best climate for manufacturing; the water power, the cotton, the men and the women necessary to successful manufacturing. She lacks the capital, but notwithstanding that she has competed successfully with New England in the manufacture of brown sheetings, shirtings and drills, both for the home and foreign trade.

## PENDLETON &amp; BROTHER.

This firm, composed of William and John Pendleton, both well known citizens, are proprietors of one of the largest and best machine shops and foundries in the South. Their works are on Kollock street, opposite the mills of George T. Jackson & Co., and get water power from the second level of the Augusta canal, which is now utilized to the extent of fifteen horse power and can be increased indefinitely.

Messrs. Pendleton commenced their works in 1865, without any material, machinery or a single pattern, and with small and poorly arranged shops and now they have large and commodious shops and well arranged machinery, and at least \$5,000 worth of patterns.

This firm is well known among the most substantial business men in Augusta, and they fill orders in all parts of the country. Between thirty and forty men are employed constantly in the machine shops and foundry and their work is well done and of the best style.

The variety of articles is as noteworthy as their excellence and, among the more important manufactures may be classed, steam engines and general mill finding and gearing, leather and gum belting, brass work of all kinds and piping for water or steam. Boilers and engines are repaired and mechanical tools of all descriptions made or repaired. Turbine water-wheels, reaping and mowing machines, wood working machinery, threshing and farming machines are manufactured and gin and gear are also made. Castings for mills, pans, pumps, shaftings pulleys and hangers are made in the best style while iron fronts and railings are gotten up in especial taste. In fact everything in the mechanical line is manufactured and orders are promptly filled. Thoroughly reliable, they do work very cheap and the machine shop of Pendleton & Brother is not only worth seeing and patronizing, but is one of the most important industries of Augusta.

## FORREST CITY FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS,

GEO. R. LOMBARD & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Augusta is fast demonstrating to the world by its factories, machine shops and manufacturing interests that it can produce everything necessary for the successful and prosperous advance in every branch of industry, or in other words is illustrating by its home manufactures its independence of the old time orders from the North and different sections of the country. Prominent among these experiments of our home manufactures stand the firm of Geo. R. Lombard & Co. The firm is one of the most substantial in the city, Mr. Lombard being a young man of business ability and one who gives his works his strict and undivided attention. Mr. Harman Rowley is interested financially, and he is one of the strongest capitalists in the State. Mr. Lombard, who manages the large foundry and machine shops on Fenwick St., near the Augusta Factory, although quite a young man, is thor-

oughly experienced, having taken charge of the works early in 1870. At that time the works were small and not properly fitted, and only fifteen hands were employed. They now are among the largest and best fitted in the South, and steady employment is offered for forty hands. The outfit is complete and each department reflects the care and perfect order of the proprietor. Some of the finest machinery in the South is stored in these shops, Mr. Lombard having the largest lathe in the city for turning pulleys, locomotive drive wheels, etc., and the finest shafting lathe in the South. Numerous lathes for general work, planes, shaping machines, gear cutters, for making fine factory gear, boring and slotting machines, drill presses and other tools all go to make up the magnificent net work of machinery daily employed in turning out every description of iron work. In connection with the foundry is one of the finest and largest collection of patterns in the whole country.

The iron for the foundry is brought from North Georgia, and obtained from the Cherokee Iron Co. This ore is as good and pure as any in the world. About 3000 pounds of casting is done each day, and a large cupola is used when extra large castings are to be made. The largest casting ever made in Augusta was at this foundry, consisting of a bed plate for the hydraulic press in the Augusta Factory, weighing 6,000 pounds. The capacity for casting is however over 10,000 pounds.

Every thing in a mechanical way for use or ornament is turned out in the best style, from the finest, most delicate and intricate factory work to the heaviest railroad material. Railroad and factory work, mill work, casting for pumps and general repairs and iron works of every description are manufactured, while the iron fronts and fencing cast at the Forest City Foundry are particularly fine. More saw mill work is done here than at any shops in the South as material is furnished and all repairs made. Gin ribs and gear never before made in this section are manufactured and many classes of fine work hitherto ordered from Northern shops and foundries. Messrs. Lombard & Co. keep their own stock of bar iron, thus making the filling of orders cheaper and quicker and obviating the extra profit charged by those who order elsewhere. Sugar rollers and kettles, and pumps for mines and general use are among the finest castings made, and in fact, Lombard & Co. are prepared to fill orders for anything in their line. All work for the Augusta, Langley, Graniteville and Jewells Factories and part for the Enterprise Factory, work for the Georgia Railroad and Port Royal Railroad, the Georgia Chemical Works and all the flour mills in Augusta, is done at Lombard's foundry and machine works, and orders are filled for every part of the country. These facts show the estimation in which the shops and the proprietors are held, and it is a matter of congratulation that Augusta has such a worthy home enterprise as Lombard's foundry and machine works.

## GEORGIA CHEMICAL WORKS.

Immediately after the war, when the sale of fertilizers first became an important trade with the Southern farmer, the Patapsco Guano of Baltimore began to grow in popularity. One of its first agencies was established in Augusta by Mr. G. W. Grafflin, who placed his fertilizer under the management of Gen. M. A. Stovall. The efficiency of the fertilizer was marked, and year by year the demands for those grades so increased in Georgia and Carolina, that finally the idea arose of forming a Georgia company, building a factory in Augusta which could assist the Baltimore mills in supplying the South with Patapsco Guano. Accordingly, in 1876, the company was organized with a paid up capital of \$200,000, Hon. Benj. C. Yancey being elected President, and Gen. M. A. Stovall, Treasurer, and mills were built. These works are the most extensive of the kind in the South, and are supplied with every convenience and appliance for the manufacture of fertilizers of various grades.

The manufacturing facilities amount to 12,000 tons per annum, and during the busy season, these mills ship 150 tons per day to all parts of the States of Georgia, Alabama, and North and South Carolina. The Georgia farmers, especially, are using great quantities of them, patronizing them not only as a home industry, but on account of their intrinsic merits, and find them as valuable to place upon their grain crops as in their cotton rows. The State Commissioner of Agriculture, in a recent report on the commercial value of fertilizers, thus classes the grades prepared by the Georgia Chemical Works:

The first grade is the Patapsco Guano, containing 11.28 of available phosphoric acid, 3.41 of ammonia, 2.38 of potash, with a commercial value of \$44 28. The second is the Grange mixture: 11.40 available phosphoric acid, 2.15 ammonia, 2.52 potash; commercial value, \$40 27. The third is Lowe's Georgia Formula: 11.84 available phosphoric acid, 1.45 ammonia, 3.10 potash; commercial value, \$39 81. The fourth is Patapsco Acid Phosphate: 13.60 available phosphoric acid, 2.58 potash; commercial value, \$38 13.

The Georgia Chemical works are located about one mile and a half from the business portion of the city, and are managed by Mr. C. B. F. Lowe, a distinguished young chemist from Baltimore. The acid chamber of the factory is one of the largest and finest in the South, and keeps the mill well supplied with sulphuric acid, a highly important element in the manufacture of the guano.

The company is composed of Hon. B. C. Yancey, a prominent farmer and politician, President, with ex-Governor Arnold, of Rhode Island; Mr. J. I. Middleton, Mr. G. W. Grafflin, of Baltimore; and Gen. M. A. Stovall, Mr. Alfred Baker and Jno. S. Davidson, Esq., of Augusta; and Benj. C. Yancey, Esq., Directors.

Under the resident management of Gen. M. A. Stovall, who is also Treasurer of the company, the affairs of the corporation have been prosperously conducted, and it now ranks among the most important of Augusta's manufacturing interests. Mr. Jno. L. Stovall, a most accurate and thorough young accountant, is bookkeeper for the company, while Mr. B. A. Stovall, an energetic and very experienced traveling agent, attends to the interests of the company in the country.

The Patapsco Guano and kindred grades manufactured here are now recognizedly among the most reliable and best of all guanos used by Southern farmers. It is a product of home industry, and its great success upon the arable lands of Alabama, Georgia and Carolina, shows that domestic enterprises are appreciated in the land. As yet, the company is a young one, but its reputation is growing, and its interests broadening so, that in a few years it will, undoubtedly, rank among the first products of Southern skill and Southern labor.



## CHAPTER V.

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### THE AUGUSTA LAND COMPANY—LAND IN THE CITY AND VICINITY—BUILDING RESOURCES

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The Augusta Land Company was organized in October, 1873, with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars. It is managed by a President, Hon. Charles Estes, and a Board of Directors. The company owns a level and fertile tract of land containing four hundred and seventy-one acres, immediately west of the city. This tract is laid off into streets and squares. There are sixty-six streets, all of them wide and bordered by trees. The laying off of the streets, and the building of sewers and drains cost ten thousand dollars. A large portion of the tract—364 acres—has been divided into lots, for which the company asks from two to four hundred dollars each. Seventy-five of these lots have been already sold. They are from forty to sixty feet wide, and from one hundred and twenty-five to one hundred and sixty deep. The company requires ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in cash, and the remainder in forty-five monthly payments, without interest. The lots are all easy of access and conveniently located. Several of the streets are traversed by large covered brick sewers, by which the land is well drained.

The possessions of the company attract general attention from strangers. Beautiful trees border the squares, and wide streets intersect each other regularly, giving the place the appearance of a well laid off town, as in reality it is. A broad road runs along the south side of the tract, from the city to Summerville, having been opened under the direction of Mr. Estes, the wide awake and energetic President. This road is very popular, and a large number of people use it in preference to the Augusta and Summerville plank road. Since Mr. Estes has had charge of the company, it has not only got entirely out of debt but has a surplus, showing the result of good management. There are no more desirable lots anywhere in the city or

the vicinity than those of the company, and they are held at very reasonable rates, and the terms of payment are very easy. The location is exceedingly healthy. Any of the lots are close to the street railroad, and the centre of the city can be reached in ten minutes. The Board of Directors is constituted as follows : Hon. Chas. Estes, President ; Mr. W. C. Sibley, Mr. J. M. Clark, Mr. W. H. Barrett, Mr. F. Cugin.

Lots in the city are held at from ten to fifty dollars per front foot, according to location, except on the business portion of Broad street, where prices are much higher.

Land a few miles from the city can be bought at from five to twenty dollars an acre. The principal products of the county are grain, corn, watermelons and sweet potatoes. Some cotton is also made. The watermelons are the finest in the United States, and the crop sells for about fifty thousand dollars annually. The melons sell in Augusta at from five to fifty cents each. Those sold at the latter price weigh from fifty to seventy-five pounds apiece.

Wood is retailed in the summer at from three to four dollars a cord, and in winter from four to five. Coal, anthracite and bituminous, retails at nine dollars a ton. Gas is sold at four dollars per thousand cubic feet.

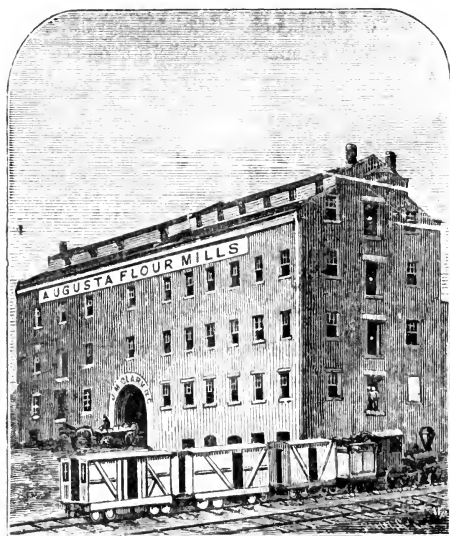
There are three brick yards in the city, producing altogether twelve millions of brick a year, which are sold at from six to eight dollars a thousand.

There are four lumber yards receiving annually about twelve million feet of lumber, which is sold at from eight to fifteen dollars a thousand feet.

The Augusta Real Estate and Building Association, a co-operative society, has built a large number of houses in Augusta during the past few years, at a cost of over a quarter of a million of dollars. The association builds or buys houses for its stockholders, who pay back the purchase money in ten years, with interest added, in monthly instalments. The owner of ten shares, for instance, is entitled to an advance of five thousand dollars, from which, five hundred dollars commission is deducted. He thus receives four thousand five hundred dollars, and he pays back six thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars in one hundred and twenty monthly instalments.

## CHAPTER VI.

## THE FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS.



One of the most prominent structures in the city is the Augusta Flouring Mills, owned by John M. Clark & Co. The building which is built of brick, is located on the first level of the Augusta canal, not far from the Augusta Factory and sends out annually nearly fifty thousand barrels of fine flour, and two hundred thousand bushels of meal. There are five runs of stones in the mill and these are kept almost constantly busy throughout the year. About eight hundred bushels of wheat per day are used, and from this between one and two hundred barrels of flour are manufac-

tured. The fancy brand of flour "Gilt Edge" made at this mill is very popular and a large quantity of it is sold in Augusta. The demand for flour made in Augusta is not from the city alone, however; it comes from different sections of the country. The Augusta Mills are a standard institution of the city.

Below the Augusta Mills, on the second level of the canal, are the Excelsior Mills, owned and operated by George T. Jackson & Co. The building which is constructed of Augusta made brick, is four and a half stories high, eighty feet in length and fifty wide. The mills have five runs of stones and manufacture one hundred and fifty barrels of flour and four hundred bushels of meal per day, of twenty-four hours. During August and September, they turned out twenty-five hundred barrels of flour per month, using ten thousand bushels of wheat for the same period. The "Gold Medal" brand turned out by the establishment takes a high rank both with dealers and consumers, for its excellence. The owners are enterprising men and have worked successfully to make the Excelsior one of the best mills in the South.

The Crescent Flour Mills on the third level of the canal, nearly opposite to the Ice Factory, are owned by J. F. & L. J. Miller, well known merchants. The mills are built principally of wood, but are substantial and well constructed. The establishment grinds five hundred bushels of wheat per day, producing eighty-five barrels of flour. This is manufactured by a new process. During the twenty-four hours the mills also grind five hundred bushels of corn into meal and pearl grits. The owners find ready sale for all their products and carry on a large business.

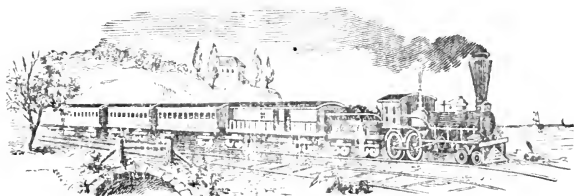
Thus it will be seen, the mills of the city turn out daily, four hundred and fifty barrels of flour and about fifteen hundred bushels of meal and hominy or grits.

## CHAPTER VII.

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### RAILROADS—A NEW ENTERPRISE.

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There are already six great lines of railways terminating at Augusta and another is in process of construction. Those in operation, are the Georgia Railroad, extending from Augusta to Atlanta; the Central Railroad, from Augusta to Savannah and Macon; the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, from Augusta to Columbia, S. C., and Charlotte, N. C.; the South Carolina, from Augusta to Charleston and Columbia; the Port Royal from Augusta to Port Royal, Charleston and Savannah; and the Macon and Augusta, from Augusta to Macon. All of these do a large business. The line in process of construction is the Augusta, Knoxville and Greenwood Railroad, extending from Augusta to Greenwood, in South Carolina, a distance of sixty-four miles. The President of the company is Mr. W. T. Wheless, one of the most prominent, active and enterprising business men of Augusta. It was chiefly through his energy that the subscription to the stock was raised, and the company enabled to proceed with the grading. The road is destined to be one of the most important and valuable to the commercial interests of Augusta. Running through a beautiful and fertile country, now cut off from railroad communication with any city, it will be of incalculable benefit to the planters in that section. It is estimated that at the very lowest calculation twenty-five thousand bales of cotton additional, annually will be brought to Augusta when this road is completed. This amounts in round numbers, at the lowest price for cotton, to \$1,250,000.

Of this large sum it is safe to say that at least \$100,000 will remain in Augusta. For instance :

The commissions on 25,000 bales of cotton, foot up.....	\$37,500
Buyers.....	12,500
Drayage.....	6,500
Shippers.....	2,500
Insurance.....	1,250
Total.....	\$60,250

Not less than one-third of the proceeds, say \$40,000, will be spent here by the planters. Putting the profits on the goods sold at ten per cent., this would give \$40,000, which added to the \$60,250 above makes the sum total of \$100,250. The total cost of grading and bridging the road will not exceed \$100,000, and this will represent the capital stock of the company. We see, therefore, that the road will actually bring to the city in clear profits in one year, the full amount of its capital or actual cost outside of the iron and rolling stock. Bonds to the amount of \$350,000 will put on the iron and the rolling stock. Thus at a cost of less than a half million of dollars, a road extending sixty-four miles through one of the most fertile and productive sections of the South, will be put in operation. It will be the cheapest wide gauge road ever constructed, costing not more than \$7,000 per mile. The interest on the bonds at 7 per cent. per annum, will be \$24,500, and the interest on the capital stock at the same rate, 7,000, so that the road will only have to make \$31,500 above actual expenses, in order to pay the interest on the bonds and a handsome dividend to the stockholders. The line will probably be in operation by October 1st, 1879. The work on this side of the Savannah River is superintended by Mr. A. J. Twiggs, a talented young engineer, and that on the Carolina side is under the direction of Gen. P. H. Bradley, a citizen of Greenwo d. The laborers employed on the Carolina section are convicts supplied by the State, which takes stock in the road in payment of hire. The contract on the Georgia side was awarded to W. D. Grant & Co., who also use convicts. Prominent among the promoters of the enterprise, in addition to the president, are Messrs. John M. Clark, Eugene F. Verdery, W. C. Sibley, W. H. Barrett, Chas. Estes, L. J. Miller, H. Franklin, J. V. H. Allen, Robt. H. May, J. H. Alexander, Jas. A. Gray, M. V. Calvin, and J. L. Maxwell.

The Augusta and Summerville Railroad is a line for horse cars, extending from the city to the Augusta Arsenal, at Summerville, and through McKinne, Broad and Lincoln streets, to the City Cemetery.

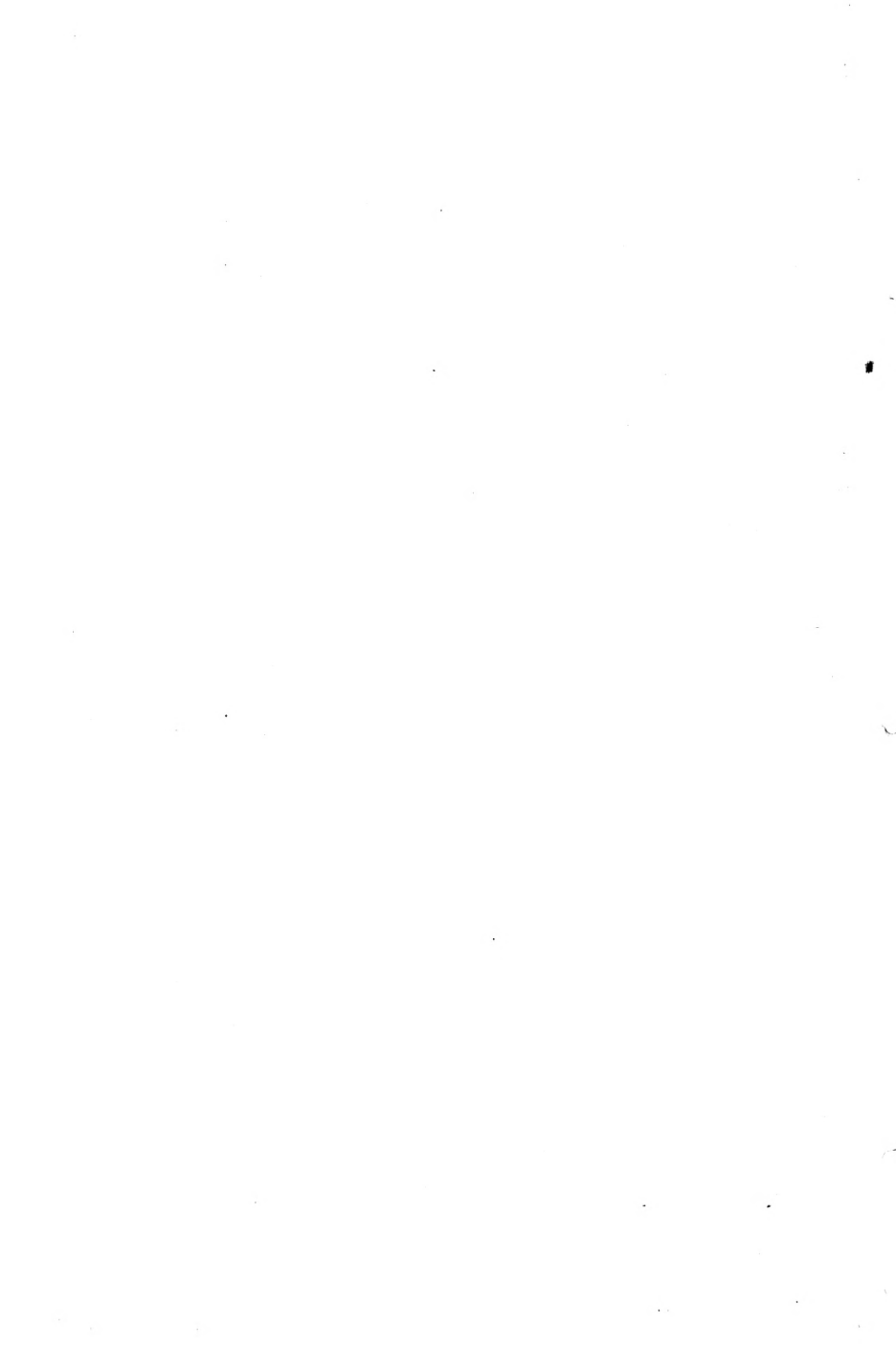
## CHAPTER VIII.

## THE FIRE DEPARTMENT AND POLICE FORCE.



The Fire Department of Augusta is proverbial for its efficiency. It is conducted on the volunteer system and consists, with two independent companies, of twelve companies, of which four have steamers, seven hose-reels and one hook and ladder truck. A fire has but little chance to make headway before this array. The fire plugs to which the hose companies attach their hose, throw a large stream a sufficient distance to reach the top of the highest house in the city. The last report of the Chief Engineer showed that the total number of the fire alarms during the preceding year was twenty, four only of which were false alarms. The total loss from fires during that period was about \$30,000, one-half of which was covered by insurance. The total number of men on the rolls is about four hundred.

The police force of the city is composed of thirty privates, five sergeants, two lieutenants and a chief. The men are uniformed in grey and the force is noted for its efficiency. Chief Christian has held his present position for many years and commands the respect of all classes of citizens. He is the finest looking police officer in the United States. Lieutenant W. W. King has been on the police force of Augusta time "whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary," and this of itself is sufficient evidence of his excellence as an officer. Lieutenant Prather's connection with the force is of a more recent date but he is none the less a good officer.





## CHAPTER IX.

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### CHURCHES—DATE WHEN THE PRESENT BUILDINGS WERE ERECTED—SEATING CAPACITY.

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#### FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

This church is situated on the southwest corner of Greene and Jackson streets, in very nearly the exact geographical centre of the city. The founder of the church was Rev. Dr. Wm. T. Brantley, Sr., who at the time of its organization, 1819, was the Rector of the Richmond Academy, on Telfair street. Its constituent members numbered only twenty, and in this little band there were but one or two persons who were able to do anything for the support of the church. The lot on which the church stands was purchased by Dr. Brantley on his own responsibility for \$1,500. The edifice was erected at a cost of \$22,000, a considerable portion of it having been collected by its pastor from Baptists in other parts of the State.

In 1826 the church had grown so much in numbers and material prosperity—that it was enabled to pay a salary of \$1,200. This was the income of Rev. James Shann, who became Dr. Brantley's successor. He served the church three years and then resigned to become professor of Ancient Languages in the University of Georgia. The third pastor was Rev. Chas. D. Mallary. During his ministry the church numbered one hundred and twenty members. He was succeeded after a ministry of five years by Rev. W. J. Hard, who was at one time a professor in Mercer University—and for many years a teacher in this city. His pastorate was quite brief and at its termination, Rev. W. T. Brantley, Jr., son of the founder of the church, and now pastor of the Seventh Baptist Church, Baltimore, Md., was called to preside over the congregation. After a pastorate of seven years, he resigned to become Professor of Belles Letters at the University of Georgia. The other pastors have been Rev. N. G. Foster and Rev. Mr. Gillette, both of

whom served but a brief season and are now deceased; Rev. Dr. J. G. Binney, who was twice in charge, and for many years afterwards the President of the Missionary College, Rangoon, Burmah; Rev. Mr. Ryerson, deceased; Rev. A. J. Huntington, D.D., now professor in Columbian College, Washington, D. C.; Rev. J. H. Cuthbert, D. D., Pastor First Baptist Church, Washington, D. C.; Rev. James Dixon, D.D. and Rev. M. B. Wharton, D.D. The present Pastor is Rev. Wm. Warren Landrum, a native of Georgia, but for two years pastor at Shreveport, La., from which city he came when called to Augusta.

The church to-day numbers 400. From it have issued colonies, who formed the Second Baptist Church on Kollock street, the First Ward Baptist Church on Greene street, and the Curtis Baptist Church on Broad street. It has, at present, eight deacons, D. R. Wright, H. H. Hickman, Z. McCord, W. J. Owens, Jas. C. C. Black, W. J. Steed, McKinne Law and Fred. T. Lockhart. John Coskery is Treasurer and Jas. P. Verdery, Clerk. Its membership includes many of our most prominent citizens, in all the honorable callings, while throughout the entire denomination with which it is connected, the First Baptist Church enjoys an enviable reputation for intelligence, piety and practical benevolence.

The new lecture room, fronting on Jackson street, the handsomest in the city, was erected at a cost of ten thousand dollars. The main building has been greatly beautified recently, and a magnificent organ costing three thousand five hundred dollars, placed in the gallery. Its church yard is laid off in beds of roses and verbenas and surrounded by a beautiful hedge of box wood. The value of the entire property is estimated to be sixty thousand dollars.

#### ST. PAUL'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

St. Paul's Church is closely identified with the early history of Augusta. The town was laid out in 1735, but for a number of years there was no minister of the Gospel resident in the place. At length, a memorial from the principal inhabitants, setting forth their spiritual destitution, was forwarded to the "Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts," in London, and the Rev. Jonathan Copp was appointed missionary to Augusta, A. D. 1751. Before his arrival, the gentlemen interested had built "a handsome and convenient church" opposite one of the curtains of the fort, on the bank of the Savannah River. They also agreed to build a parsonage, cultivate the glebe, and pay £20 a year towards his salary. Mr. Copp found a congregation of nearly one hundred persons and eight communicants. He labored faithfully at his post until 1756, when he took charge of a parish in South Carolina. By Act of the General Assembly of Georgia, dated March 17th, 1758, it was provided that "the District of Augusta shall be and continue forever a Parish by the name of the Parish of St. Paul," and that the church erected in the town of Augusta, with the

cemetery or burial place thereto belonging, shall be the parish church and burial place of St. Paul."

Some years after Mr. Copp's removal, the Rev. Samuel Prink was sent to St. Paul's Parish by the S. P. G. The population of Augusta, as given in his first report to the Society, 1764, was 540 whites, 501 slaves, and about 90 Chickasaw Indians. After three years' ministry, he was succeeded by the Rev. Edward Ellington. This faithful missionary reported, in 1768, that St. Paul's Church was the only place of worship within a hundred miles of Augusta, in any direction. His labors in supplying the religious destitution were remarkable. He generally left home on Monday, traveled thirty or forty miles, and held service and preached at three different places, ten miles apart, on the following days, and returned home on Friday. During his three years' ministry in Augusta, he traveled three thousand miles in the discharge of duty; baptized 428 persons, mostly children; married sixty-two couples, and raised the number of communicants to forty. There is no record of any settled minister in the parish for some years after Mr. Ellington's removal in 1770. During the war of the Revolution the church building was destroyed, and the glebe was confiscated and appropriated to the endowment of an academy.

Under the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly, passed in 1782, setting apart a lot, and appropriating money from the sale of other lots for the erection of a church, the second St. Paul's Church was built in 1786, on the site formerly occupied by the first. The only clergyman named as having charge of the parish after this time is the Rev. Mr. Boyd, who generally officiated here for some ten years, when he removed to Natchez or New Orleans. In the absence of a titled rector, the church was "open to all denominations of Christians," and the Episcopalians, as a Christian society, being unable to support their own mode of worship, made no show of life for many years.

In December, 1816, certain persons were incorporated by the Legislature as the "Trustees of the Protestant Episcopal Society of the City of Augusta and County of Richmond." This measure led to the removal of the second St. Paul's church and the erection of the third on the same lot. This building, which still stands, is of brick, and was, at the time of its erection, considered a very worthy specimen of church architecture. It was completed early in the year 1820, and consecrated by Bishop Bowen, of South Carolina, March 20th, 1821. The Rev. Hugh Smith was called to the parish some time in the Summer of 1819, and entered upon his duties the following March. He remained in charge twelve years, and then removed to Hartford, Conn. Mr. Smith was succeeded by Rev. Edward Eugene Ford, then in Deacon's Orders. This honored clergyman began his work at St. Paul's in April, 1832. It was his first, his last, and his only parochial charge, and he gave to it all his powers of body, soul and spirit. He died on the eve of the Nativity, 1862. His remains were laid under the altar at which he had so faithfully served. Dr. Ford was succeeded by

Rev. Wm. H. Clarke, who died in August, 1877, while in attendance at the bedside of a dying parishioner. He was succeeded by Rev. Chauncey C. Williams, the present Rector.

The first Convention of the Diocese of Georgia was held in St. Paul's Church, January 27th, 1823. The church is situated at the corner of Reynolds and Washington streets.

The Church of the Atonement (Episcopal) is a handsome little church, built in the Gothic style of architecture. It is in the form of a cross, and is covered with ivy. It is at the corner of Telfair and Kollock streets. The Rev. W. B. Walker is the present Rector.

### METHODIST CHURCHES.

There are nine Methodist churches, served by as many pastors. Five of these are constituted of white members, and four are colored. Unitedly they have a membership of above twenty-seven hundred members.

#### ST. JOHN'S

Is the first, and is situated on Greene street, between Jackson and McIntosh, near the bell tower. It is among the oldest of the churches in the State.

Methodist ministers began to preach in Augusta and the surrounding country on their extensive circuits (which were really evangelistic tours) a few years after the close of the American revolution. Rev. Hepe Hull, distinguished for his scholarship and powerful eloquence, was one of these early missionaries. In 1801, Rev. John Garvin, of this city, was put in charge, and during that year the meeting house was built on the lot where the present church stands. Some improvements were made on the original buildings at different times and in 1844 which Rev Geo F. Pierce (now Bishop) was the pastor, the brick building now used for worship was erected. St. John's is frequently mentioned as the Mother of Churches. As population spread westward, many of her members went out and became centers of other churches. In 1855, the flourishing St. James' Church was built, and the membership of St. Johns' were divided between the two. In 1859, another church was established, known as the Asbury Church, with its large membership. This church began through the labors of Russell, Castleberry, Scofield and other zealous members of St. John's. For many years a large colored membership was held in St. John's, but in 1849 the church called Trinity was built and is now a strong body of colored Methodists. With all these draughts upon its numbers, the church maintained its strength, and seems of recent years to be renewing its youth. In 1877, during the pastorate of the present minister, Rev. Clement A. Evans, very important improvements were begun, and are in course of construction. The interior of the church has been entirely remodelled and made very attractive. The parsonage has been considerably enlarged, and the lecture room has been also made much more spacious. The plans of the

new building show an exceedingly handsome elevation, and the arrangements provide for Sunday School and Bible Classes, with church parlor, pastor's study and other rooms for various purposes. Many honored names are on the roll of the old church, both of pastors and members. Hull, Garvin, Lovick Pierce, Dunwoody, Bishop Andrew, Bishop Pierce, and a host of others served this charge. It is now in its fourth generation, preserves its long roll of 2,650 members, looks back on a wide path of usefulness, and forward to still greater successes.

#### ST. JAMES,

On Greene street, between Centre and Elbert, was organized in 1855. It was formed by a division of the membership of St. John's. Its present house of worship was built the same year. Its Sunday school had been organized a year before under the superintendence of W. C. Derry. He still holds and fills that important office. From its organization this church has had a living membership and a living Sunday school. Rev. Wm. M. Crumley was its first pastor. Since then it has been served by the Reverends E. W. Speer, Thomas Jordan, W. F. Cook, A. T. Mann, Lovick Pierce, H. J. Adams, George R. Kramer, G. H. Patillo, H. H. Parks, J. E. Evans and A. J. Jarrell.

It owns also the beautiful parsonage on corner of Walker and Elbert streets, which is a monument to the enterprise of its members and especially to the memory of the lamented Mrs. E. W. Dougherty.

The communicants of this church now number over six hundred. The cenotaph on Greene street in honor of the Confederate dead of Richmond county, was erected through the enterprise of St. James' Sunday School.

#### THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

This church was organized in the year 1835. The membership at that time consisted of but few names, and they met for worship during several years either in private parlors or in rented rooms. It was not until 1842, upon the completion of the neat and for the time, commodious church building on Reynold street, that the attention of the public was attracted. This house was the gift of Mrs. E. H. Tubman, who is still a member of the congregation, and whose generous liberality, so signally displayed in the beginning, has continued from then till now. The first pastor of the church was Dr. Hook, a minister of eminent piety, and many and varied gifts of head and heart, that caused him to be deeply loved by the little flock, while they trusted in him as a wise and prudent and faithful shepherd.

After the retirement of Dr. Hook from the pastorate in 1845, the church, under the administration of different ministers, continued to make steady, though for several years, not rapid progress. At length, about 1873, it had become so large that it was deemed necessary to build a more commodious house in the central part of the city. Mrs. Tubman again came to the

front, and entirely at her own cost, erected the present beautiful and elegant house of worship on Greene street. This building, in which, since January, 1876, the congregation have been meeting, and where they have been greatly prospered in their work, is at once an ornament to Augusta, and a monument to one of her oldest and most honored citizens.

### THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

This venerable church has an interesting history. It was organized in 1804, and is, therefore, 74 years of age. The first pastor was the Rev. Washington McKnight, who died in 1805. After being a year vacant, the congregation, on 3d July, 1806, called the Rev. John R. Thompson as their pastor, who was rector of the Richmond Academy and a Licentiate of New York Presbytery.

Until now the church had only three ruling Elders, but under Mr. Thompson's ministry, Messrs. Oswell Eve, Thomas Cumming and Augustus Moore were added to the session. The church was at this time named and known as "St. Pauls Church," because they worshiped in a building belonging to the Richmond Academy, and then called "St. Paul's Church," which stood where St. Paul's Church (Episcopal) now stands.

At the end of 1809, the Board of Trustees of the Richmond Academy declined renting the St. Paul's Church to the Presbyterians. Being thus ejected from the place of worship in which they had enjoyed many happy days and precious ordinances, the Presbyterians set to work to procure a site to erect a place of worship for themselves.

The spirit and energy with which they commenced their labors and prosecuted them to a triumphant issue, may be found in a pungent resolution recorded in the Session Book in 1809.

A charter of incorporation was obtained from the Legislature of Georgia, under date 16th December, 1808, which bears the signature of Jared Irwin, Governor of Georgia.

After obtaining this Act, a public meeting having been called, the following gentlemen were elected a Building Committee: John Murray, David Reed, Robert Creswell, Oswell Eve and Ferdinand Phinzy.

The corner stone was laid on 4th July, 1809, by John Mundy, M. D., in presence of the Board of Trustees and subscribers, the Intendant and members of the City Council, trustees of the Richmond Academy, and a large assembly of citizens.

The building was completed and dedicated on 17th May, 1812.

It was not until 1818 that the fine spire and clock which ornament the building were erected.

In 1816, Rev. Mr. Thompson died, leaving the church for four years without a pastor.

On 6th February, 1820, the Rev. Mr. Moderwel was called, and held the pastorate until 16th July, 1826, when the Rev'ds Dr. Davis and Talmage

were united for twelve months in the co-pastorate of the church, under the call of the congregation and the sanction of the Hopewell Presbytery.

On the 12th December, 1835, Mr. Talmage accepted a call to the Oglethorpe University, which left the church vacant, and in May 1837, Rev. A. N. Cunningham was called, and was succeeded in 1842 by Rev. C. S. Dod, who resigned on 6th December, 1846.

On 22d March, 1867, the Rev. Ebenezer P. Rogers was invited to supply the pulpit, and on 3d Sabbath of December, same year, was inducted as pastor. Dr. Rogers remained several years in charge of the pulpit, and after him, other clergymen of standing, until 1870, when the pulpit was vacated by the translation of the Rev. Jas. R. Wilson, D. D., to the chair of Pastoral Theology, in the Seminary of Columbia.

In November, 1870, the Rev. Dr. R. Irvine, the present pastor, was called from Knox's Church, Montreal Canada. During his ministry the congregation and Sabbath schools have greatly increased. At present the Presbyterians have one grand central Sabbath school, a flourishing school at the river side, in a chapel fitted up by Josiah Sibley, Esq., an up town mission, and a new church, nearly completed, on upper Greene street—one of the handsomest church buildings in our city—and a splendid brick church at Summerville, erected by the trustees of the will of the late Robert Reid, who bequeathed the lot and model to build the church, to the Presbyterians of Summerville.

The Presbyterians of Augusta have now three mission churches besides the venerable old parent church in the grove, around which there is a halo of glory.

They have one central and three mission Sunday schools, with an excellent colored school, under the active and efficient superintendence of Captain W. H. Warren. The scholars of these schools aggregate over 500 in number.

During Dr. Irvine's ministry, which commenced on 22d December, 1870, three church buildings have been erected for Presbyterian purposes, and there has been added to the communion roll 81 members, by letter, and 224 by profession of faith. 71 adults and 189 infants have been baptised. The church is managed by an eldership of seven, and a deaconate of twelve members. The property is managed by a Board of Trustees, who act under the provisions of a charter of incorporation.

### CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

St. Patrick's Catholic Church, on the corner of Telfair and Jackson streets, is one of the handsomest buildings in the city. It was completed in 1862, and was built by contributions from the congregation. The church which preceded it was located on the same square, and was built about the

year 1800. It was in the form of a cross, and for over half a century was the only Catholic church in the city. Such distinguished prelates as Bishop England and Bishop Barry preached to devout congregations in the old church, and it was associated with so many memories of the past that numbers of people saw it pass out of existence with regret. St. Patrick's School now occupies the site of the old church. The present church will seat about twelve hundred people. Rev. C. C. Prendergast is its pastor with Father Browne as assistant.

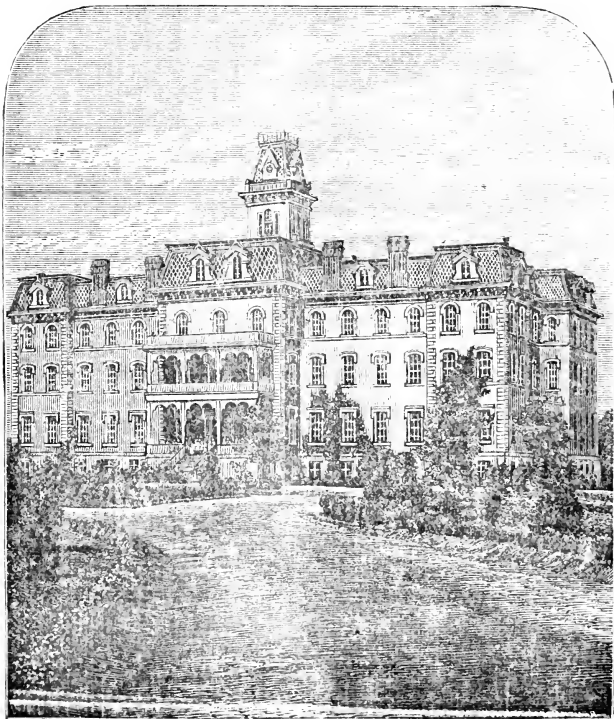
The Church of the Sacred Heart, on Ellis street, above McKinne, was built by the Jesuit Fathers, and was completed in October, 1874. It will seat about six hundred people. Its pastor is Father Butler, assisted by Fathers Heidenkamp and Desribes.



## CHAPTER X.

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### ORPHAN ASYLUM AND OTHER CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.



The Augusta Orphan Asylum originated in the desire of certain benevolent persons to provide a home for Orphans in the City of Augusta. In furtherance of this desire, the Legislature of the State of Georgia, by Act

approved January 22, 1852, incorporated "Thomas W. Miller, Henry H. Cumming, Edward F. Campbell, John Milledge, Artemas Gould, Lewis D. Ford, and John R. Dow, and all others who may associate with them and their successors," "a body politic and corporate by the name and style of the Augusta Orphan Asylum," and authorized the City Council "to make a donation of either lots of land in said city, money, or the bonds of said city to such amount as they may deem proper, to the Augusta Orphan Asylum, to be used for the purposes of the said Association." In May, 1854, the first Board of Managers, composed of Artemas Gould, President; Thomas W. Miller, Lewis D. Ford, James Gardner, R. H. Gardner, Dr. James Mackie and John R. Dow, adopted a Constitution and By-Laws.

Early in 1855 a house was rented and placed in charge of a matron, and four orphans admitted to the privileges of the Asylum.

A liberal bequest made the Society in the will of Isaac S. Tuttle, Esq., who died in December 12, 1855, leaving the house formerly occupied by him, on Walker street, and other property amounting in all to \$50,000, for the use of the Association.

This gift, added to the annual income from two hundred shares of Georgia Railroad stock, previously appropriated to the Asylum by the City Council upon the recommendation of Mr. Miller, then Mayor of the city, provided amply for the institution in its infancy.

The "Tuttle House" was at once fitted up for an Orphans' Home, and, with subsequent additions, occupied as such about seventeen years.

On the 9th of January, 1859, Dr. George M. Newton, step-son of Mr. Tuttle, died, leaving to the Asylum property valued at \$200,000. This large addition to its resources opened to the society a field of usefulness wholly beyond the expectations of its founders and early friends. An amendment to its charter was obtained from the Legislature December 3, 1859, allowing the Board of Managers, at their discretion, to receive children who were not orphans, and from every county in the State.

The subject of removal was carefully weighed in all its bearings, and an eligible site finally agreed upon, being a place fronting the Georgia Railroad, between Harper and Boundary streets, near the Western boundary of the city.

The present Orphan House was built by Mr. Wm. H. Goodrich. It was begun in December, 1870, and completed sufficiently for occupation in September, 1873. A portion of the interior is still unfinished.

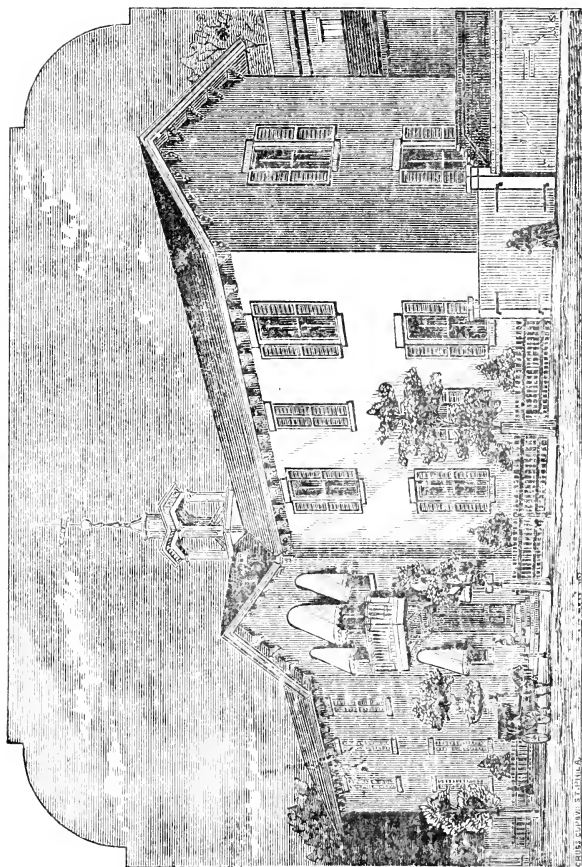
In its present condition, the building will accommodate one hundred and ten children, with the necessary officers and employes. It is one of the handsomest structures in the city.

Four hundred and fifty children have received into the Asylum since its establishment. The property of the Association, including the Orphan House and grounds, is estimated at about \$400,000. The house and grounds

cost \$169,647 86. The income of the Association is about \$15,000 a year the expense of maintaining the orphans \$10,000, leaving \$5,000 to be added to the permanent property.

The St. Mary's Orphan Asylum and Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum are in charge of the Sisters of Mercy, and are supported by the congregations of St. Patrick's Church and the Church of the Sacred Heart.

## THE CITY HOSPITAL.



The City Hospital, on Walker street, is under the management of the Faculty of the Medical College and the Sisters of Mercy. It has on an average, thirty patients in its wards. The expense of maintaining the institution is borne by the city.

The Freedman's Hospital is located on the South Commons and is maintained by the city.

## CHAPTER XI.

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### MONUMENTS—PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND INSTITUTIONS.

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Facing the City Hall is the monument erected to the memory of Hall, Walton and Gwinnett, the Georgia signers of the Declaration of Independence. It was completed in 1851, cost \$3,000, is in the shape of an obelisk and is fifty feet in height. It was erected by the city of Augusta.

A square below the above monument, on Greene street, fronting the St. James Methodist Church, is the cenotaph erected by the St. James Sunday School to the memory of those who were once teachers and scholars in the school and fell during the war as soldiers in the Southern armies. There are twenty-three names of these engraved on the cenotaph which is a beautiful shaft of Italian marble and was unveiled in January, 1874. The names of all the Confederate dead of Richmond county are inscribed on the shaft. These number 292 of whom 25 were commissioned and 22 non-commissioned officers.

The Confederate Monument, in memory of the dead of Richmond county who fell in the Southern armies, is on Broad street, in front of the Central Hotel. It was erected by the Ladies' Memorial Association and cost \$17,331.35. It was unveiled October 31st, 1878, amid imposing ceremonies. The monument is seventy-two feet high. On the top is a statue of a Confederate private soldier, at rest, and at the top of the first section, twenty feet from the base, are statues of Generals R. E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson, Thomas R. R. Cobb and Wm. Henry Walker. The second section above the statues, contain Confederate emblems in *bas relief*. The monument was designed in Philadelphia and the work was executed at

Carrara, Italy. The base of the monument is granite and the shaft and statues are pure Italian marble. The inscriptions are as follows: On the North side—

“No nation rose so white and fair,  
None fell so pure of crime!”

On the South side:

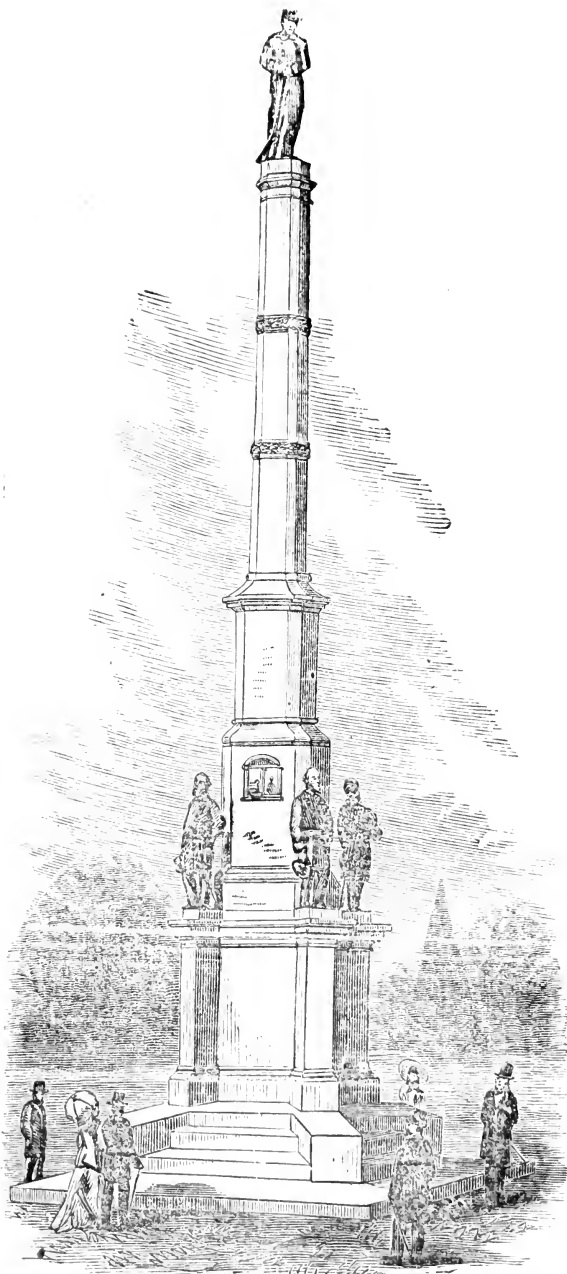
WORTHY  
TO HAVE LIVED AND KNOWN  
OUR GRATITUDE;  
WORTHY  
TO BE HALLOWED AND HELD  
IN TENDER REMEMBRANCE:  
WORTHY  
THE FADELESS FAME WHICH  
CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS  
WON.  
WHO GAVE THEMSELVES IN LIFE.  
AND DEATH FOR US;  
FOR THE HONOR OF GEORGIA,  
FOR THE RIGHTS OF THE STATES,  
FOR THE LIBERTIES OF THE PEOPLE,  
FOR THE SENTIMENTS OF THE SOUTH,  
FOR THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNION,  
AS THESE WERE HANDED DOWN TO THEM  
BY THE FATHERS OF OUR COMMON COUNTRY.

On the East side:

CONFEDERATE DEAD.

On the West side:

ERECTED A. D., 1878,  
BY THE MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION OF AUGUSTA,  
IN HONOR OF THE  
MEN OF RICHMOND COUNTY  
WHO DIED  
IN THE CAUSE OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.



THE CONFEDERATE MONUMENT.





The oration at the unveiling was delivered by Colonel C. C. Jones, and was one of the most eloquent addresses ever heard in Augusta. At least, ten thousand people were present at the ceremonies, and there was an imposing military display.

At one o'clock the cavalry regiment formed in front of the Hussar Hall, under command of General G. J. Wright, as Colonel. The gallant veteran sat on his horse at firmly as he did in the days of yore when he led the boys in grey into the thickest of the battle. Captain Miller; of South Carolina, Captain E. T. Craig, of the Confederate Survivors, and Lieutenant Thayer, of the Richmond Hussars, acted as Aids, with Cap. J. W. Clark as Adjutant. Captain Markert, of the Edgefield Hussars, acting as Lieutenant-Colonel, and Captain Young, of the Cavalry Survivors, as Major. The regiment was composed of the following companies: Richmond Hussars (1st Company) 25 men, Lieutenant Fleming; Wilkins Cavaliers, 40 men, Captain J. P. Thomas. Silverton Club, 52 men, Captain Cobb; Beech Island Club, 40 men, Captain Miller; Color Guard, 35 men; Cavalry Survivors, 50 men, President W. B. Young; Burke Hussars, 23 men, Captain Fulcher; Summer Hill Club, 30 men, Captain Butler; Beech Island Rangers, 44 men, Captain Dunbar; Edgefield Hussars, 35 men, Captain Markert; Richmond Hussars, (2d Company) 20 men, Lieutenant Twiggs. With the Richmond Hussars were nine men of the Charleston Dragoons, under command of Lieutenant Legare. The whole command numbered 379 men. After the regiment was organized it proceeded to the rendezvous at the Bell Tower.

The Confederate Survivors, 75 men, under command of Vice-President Eve, formed in front of Hussar Hall. Two bullet torn Confederate battle flags floated over them. One was the headquarters flag of General Thomas R. R. Cobb, borne by Colonel H. D. D. Twiggs, in his uniform as a Colonel in the Confederate army. The sash in which General Cobb was buried, was one worn by General Twiggs, and by him presented to Colonel Twiggs. The other flag was the battle flag of the Twenty-seventh Virginia regiment, borne by Mr. J. A. Loflin.

The Volunteer Battalion formed in front of Masonic Hall at one o'clock, under command of Lt-Col. W. Danie' composed of the Oglethorpe Infantry, 25 men, Lieutenant Miller; Clarke Light Infantry, 45 men, Lieutenant Cohen. Clinch Rifles, 40 men, Captain Ford; Irish Volunteers, 28 men, Captain Smyth. The Oglethorpe Infantry carried a handsome Confederate flag presented to the Stephens Light Guard, by the ladies of Greensboro, at the beginning of the war. It was in the hands of General Bartow when he fell at the first battle of Manassas. The Clinch Rifles carried the flag of the Fifth Georgia Regiment. The Words, "Santa Rosa, Murfreesboro, Chickamauga," were written on its folds. The Irish Volunteers bore as the Battalion colors, the Fifth Virginia Infantry flag. The battalion escorted the Confederate Survivors to the rendezvous on Greene street.

The procession was formed at the Bell Tower at two o'clock. The other organizations in line beside those mentioned above, were the Schuetzen

Club, 40 men, President Spaeth; the Aiken Schuetzen, 10 men, President Hahn; the Alert Fire Company, 30 men, Captain Denning; and the Blennerhassett Fire Company, Captain Jones, 15 men with the reel. The Vigilant steamer, Gazelle steamer, and the old and new steamers of the Clinch Fire Company, were also in the line. The steamer of Vigilant was festooned with a Confederate flag.

Governor Colquitt rode in a carriage drawn by four beautiful white horses driven by Mr. Heggie. Dr. Janes, Mayor Meyer, Major Allen and Chief Robbe rode with the Governor. Mrs. Stonewall Jackson rode in a carriage with Mr. and Mrs. John M. Clark. There were sixteen carriages in the line. The procession was under the command of Hon. James C. C. Black, Marshal of the Day, assisted by Messrs. W. J. Steed; R. J. Wilson, J. J. Hickok, O. G. Ganter, W. H. Dickerson, James P. Verdery, W. A. Clark, Fee Wilson, Jas. L. Fleming, and P. Gallaher, as Aids. The splendid band of the Thirteenth United States Infantry preceded the Volunteer Battalion. The Schuetzen Band marched immediately in front of the Schuetzen Club.

The procession moved off about half-past two o'clock, and marched up Greene to Kollock, through Kollock to Broad and down Broad to the platform, where the different organizations were grouped, so as to witness the ceremonies. The balconies and windows, pavements and streets were crowded with spectators as the procession marched, and everything moved with it towards the monument, so that when the exercises commenced Broad street, from Jackson to McIntosh, was literally packed with people. All the stores and places of business were closed soon after 12 o'clock, and there was a general outpouring of the people to witness the interesting and imposing spectacle. The sun shone brightly but a cold wind prevailed flapping the banners violently to and fro, and chilling those on the shady side of the street.

On the platform were Governor Colquitt, officers of the Ladies' Memorial Association, Confederate Survivors' Association, orator of the day and others, The Stonewall Brigade, Washington Artillery war flag, Eighth Georgia flag, Twenty-seventh Virginia flag and Cobb Legion flag waved from the platform in addition to the blended United States and Confederate flags. In front the monument rose white and fair, its statues veiled.

After prayer by Rev. C. A. Evans, Colonel Jones delivered the oration. This was followed by prayer by Rev. Chauncey C. Williams, and the services concluded with the benediction by Rev. James S. Lamar.

It is woman's heart that keeps enshrined forever the memory of gallant deeds and brave souls; woman's hands that tenderly care for the graves of the dead heroes and scatter flowers over the silent breasts of the boys in grey. No! she does not forget though the din and turmoil of war have passed away forever; though the cares and anxieties of life almost blot from man's mind the recollections of that glorious past until they seem like the fancies of a dream. It was her self-abnegation, her patriotism that

nerved so many arms in the troublous days when war filled the land; her's, now, the tender, loving heart that remembers how they died and in what cause they fell. The conquered banner and all that it recalls is sacred in her eyes, and her mission it has been to erect in remembrance of those who yielded up their lives for it, a monument worthy of them and their deeds of valor.

While the war was going on the ladies of Augusta organized a Ladies' Relief and Hospital Association, and to this society of benevolent women many a poor wounded or sick soldier was indebted for kind nursing and comfortable clothing. When the war was closed and military hospitals disappeared, this society took upon itself the duty of decorating with flowers the soldiers' graves in the City Cemetery. In 1868, the Ladies' Memorial Association having for its object the care of these graves as well as the erection of a monument to the Confederate dead, organized by the election of Mrs. Dr. John Carter as President; Mrs. Dr. H. H. Steiner as Vice-President, and Mrs. John T. Miller as Secretary and Treasurer. The depression prevailing in business just after the war and the death of the President and Vice-President, prevented the Association from doing more than meeting the expenses of caring for the soldiers' graves. But they knew no such word as fail.

In March, 1873, a reorganization was effected, and the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. M. E. Walton (now Mrs. F. A. Timberlake); Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs. John T. Miller; Vice-Presidents, Mrs. J. M. Adams, Mrs. M. E. Whitehead, Mrs. A. E. Dortie, Mrs. J. J. Cohen, Mrs. J. S. Lamar, Mrs. DeSaussure Ford, Mrs. H. W. Hilliard, Mrs. J. T. Derry, Mrs. John M. Clark, representing the different church organizations in the city. The present officers are: President, Mrs. F. A. Timberlake; Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs. J. Miller; Vice-Presidents, Mrs. E. M. Whitehead, Mrs. J. M. Adams, Mrs. J. J. Cohen, Mrs. Campfield, Mrs. John M. Clark, Mrs. M. A. Danforth, Mrs. W. H. Barrett, Mrs. J. T. May, Mrs. Bredenberg, Mrs. D. T. Castleberry, Mrs. M. B. Moore, Mrs. J. J. Thomas. These ladies at once set to work energetically to accomplish the object for which they had organized. Their worthy efforts met with a generous co-operation on the part of the male portion of the community, and their funds were soon sufficient to justify them in taking the initiatory steps in their great work. The first thing to be done was the permanent putting in order of the soldiers' section in the City Cemetery. The Confederate dead were gathered together and buried in the section, the latter was enclosed with a substantial stone coping, the section was turfed and a fountain erected in the centre. Over each grave was placed a slab of marble, bearing the name, company, regiment and State of the sleeping soldier beneath. The sod soon grew, flowers bloomed amid its verdancy, and Memorial Day became a holiday sacredly observed by everybody. And now the ladies began to prepare for the culmination of their labors. It was determined to erect a marble shaft in some public place in the city, to the memory of the Confederate dead of

Richmond county. At a fair given by the Association a vote was taken in order to decide upon the location. The majority was in favor of Broad street, between Jackson and McIntosh, and this, therefore, was the spot selected by the Association. In the beginning of 1875 the Association advertised for designs for the monument and from a number presented, that forwarded by Van Gunden & Young, of Philadelphia, was purchased. The cost of the design was \$500. The general satisfaction evinced, and the many encomiums bestowed upon the monument, demonstrate the good judgment of the ladies in their selection.

The design accepted, the contract for erecting the cenotaph was awarded to Mr. T. Warkwalter, of Augusta. The marble portion of the monument was executed at Carrara, Italy.

The Association has raised, since its first organization, the sum of \$20,934 04. This amount has been expended in the following manner: Soldiers' section, \$2,606 46; design of monument, \$500; foundation and laying the corner stone of the monument, \$1,156 34; incidental expenses during the past ten years, \$413 86; monument, \$14,490; granite steps, and coping, \$1,185. Making the total expenditures to date, \$20,351 66, and the total cost of the monument, \$17,931 34. Through the efforts of Hon. A. H. Stephens and Colonel Charles C. Jones, Jr., the ladies were saved the expense of paying customs duties on the marble.

### YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY.

The Young Men's Library Association building is at the corner of Broad and Jackson streets. The Association was organized in January, 1843, and commenced in a small way. In October, 1878, it moved into its present quarters having purchased the building at a cost of \$20,000, a few months before. The rooms and hall are beautifully furnished and convenient arranged. The books number about 7,000 and are many of them very rare and valuable works. The subscription price is four dollars per annum and this entitles the subscriber to the full privileges of the institution, including that of voting for President and Directors at the annual election. Books can be taken out and be kept two weeks. A longer period subjects the party to a fine of three cents per day. All of the most popular periodicals and newspapers are taken by the Association.

The Library has been arranged with a view to the comfort and convenience of subscribers. The upper portion of the large front door opening on Broad street, was cut away and glass substituted, on which the words, "Young Men's Library Association," have been printed in handsome gold letters. The hall just behind this is covered with a pretty pattern of oil-cloth, and the same is also placed on the stairway. The hall on the second floor is covered with a Brussels carpet, and the two large rooms to the west of this, have the same material, of a different pattern, on the floor. Shelves are placed against the east wall of the hall. In the large rooms the shelves

are arranged in the form of alcoves, and are very convenient of access. The rooms are well furnished. Pictures adorn the walls on every side. In the first room is frescoed a full length representation of Apollo, the god of the Muses, while directly opposite is Minerva, the goddess of Wisdom. The titles of the different classes of books are inscribed in gilt letters on the arches over the alcoves. The whole presents a very rich and comfortable appearance. All the latest fashion periodicals and current magazines are kept on tables in the front room, which is specially devoted to the ladies. In rear of the Library is the reading room for gentlemen. In this are placed all the most prominent newspapers from all sections of the country, chess and checker tables, and magazines and periodicals. It is comfortably furnished, and is one of the most convenient rooms in the building. Gentlemen can obtain access to this either from Broad or Jackson street, as there are two entrances. In the rear of this apartment is the Directors meeting room. The third floor has not yet been fitted up, as the Directors have determined to leave this to the ladies, well knowing their good taste and judgment in such matters.

### THE CITY HALL.

The City Hall is one of the most imposing structures in the city. It is situated in a park on Greene street, between Washington and Centre. It was built in 1824 and is three stories high, 120 feet long and 60 wide.

### CITY CEMETERY.

Organized in 1817, James A. Bryan, sexton and keeper, located between Watkins and Hale streets north and south, Houston and Lincoln streets east and west, embracing upwards of forty-one acres. Principal entrances on Lincoln, numbered from 1 to 12 inclusive. From each of these gates a broad avenue leads to the eastern boundary. A corresponding avenue runs north to south through centre of grounds. The sections are laid out in squares, varying in size from thirty-two and a half to thirty-four feet—a walk five feet in width surrounding each. The soldiers' section—larger than the others—has a beautiful fountain in the centre, and is enclosed by a low granite wall. At the head of each of the five hundred and forty graves is a small marble slab bearing the name and place of nativity of the soldier, save in two or three instances, where they are marked "Unknown." Evergreens, magnolias, roses, etc., abound in the greatest profusion.

## BANKS.

## AUGUSTA SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No 249 Broad street, organized May, 1875 Alfred Baker, President ; Joseph S. Bean, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

## COMMERCIAL BANK,

No. 241 Broad street, chartered 1863. Capital \$200,000. William T. Wheless President.

## GEORGIA RAILROAD AND BANKING COMPANY,

Nos. 195 and 197 Broad street, organized 1829. Capital \$4,200,000. E. P. Alexander, President.

## PLANTERS LOAN AND SAVINGS BANK,

No. 223 Broad street, chartered October, 1870. Capital \$100,000. Thomas P. Branch, President.

## THE BANK OF AUGUSTA,

No. 247 Broad street, chartered March, 1866. Capital \$350,060. Wm. S. Roberts, President.

## THE NATIONAL BANK OF AUGUSTA,

No. 201 Broad street, organized December, 1865. Capital \$500,000. Wm. E. Jackson, President.

## THE NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK OF AUGUSTA,

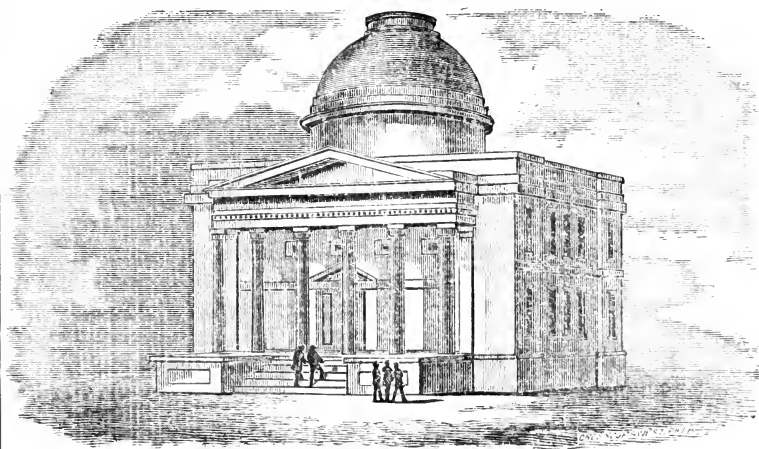
No. 249 Broad street, incorporated August, 1871. Capital \$300,000. Alfred Baker, President.

## CHAPTER XII.

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**MEDICAL COLLEGE OF GEORGIA—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.**

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The Medical College of Georgia has long occupied a high position among medical schools in this country. It was founded through the energies of Dr. Milton Antony, who was afterwards one of the faculty during the first sessions of the college. The act of incorporation was passed by the Legislature of Georgia on the 20th of December, 1828. The institution grew in strength and reputation, and during the three or four years just prior to the war the number of students in attendance ranged from one hundred and fifty to two hundred. This institution has given diplomas to thirteen hundred and fifty-

four graduates, and many students have attended lectures besides, amounting in all to over six thousand. Since Franklin College became the University of Georgia, this college has become the Medical Department of the University.

The library contains about 5,000 volumes, embracing the most approved works on medicine and surgery, and contains many fine collections of anatomical plates and engravings. The Chemical Laboratory is very extensive, and its excellent arrangement offers facilities for study equalled by few institutions in the country. There is a complete cabinet of *materia medica* in the museum.

Attached to the college is the City Hospital, which affords an abundant supply of material for clinical lectures, and gives the students ample opportunity to become familiar with the practical treatment of diseases.

This hospital also furnishes a number of patients every year needing surgical operations, many of which are of a very interesting character, as also does the Freedman's Hospital, a large building, near the Waynesboro depot.

The museum is a very fine one, furnishing every facility for the study of anatomy, physiology, etc.

The annual course begins on the first Monday in October, and ends the 1st of March.

#### FACULTY.

L. P. Garvin, M. D., Emeritus Professor of *Materia Medica* and Therapeutics.

Lewis D. Ford, M. D., LL. D., Professor of the Institutes and Practice of Medicine.

Joseph A. Eve, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Infants.

L. A. Dugas, M. D., LL. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.

Geo. W. Rains, M. D., Professor of Medical Chemistry and Pharmacy.

Henry F. Campbell, M. D., Professor of Operative Surgery and Gynecology.

DeSaussure Ford, M. D., Professor of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy, and Dean of the Faculty.

Edward Geddings, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathology.

Robert C. Eve, M. D., Professor of *Materia Medica* and Medical Jurisprudence, and Secretary of the Faculty.

George C. Dugas, M. D., Adjunct to the Professor of Surgery.

George A. Wilcox, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy, and Prosecutor to the Professor of Anatomy.

Thomas R. Wright, M. D., Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy.



## CLINICAL ASSISTANTS AND LECTURERS ON SPECIAL SUBJECTS.

George C. Dugas, M. D., Minor Surgery.  
George A. Wilcox, M. D., Nervous Diseases.  
Thomas R. Wright, M. D., Diseases of Chest.  
Charles W. Hickman, M. D., Ophthalmology.  
E. C. Goodrich, M. D., Exanthematous Diseases.  
A. E. Dugas, M. D., Diseases of Male Organs of Generation.  
A. H. Baker, M. D., Diseases of Female Organs of Generation.  
Joseph Eve Allen, M. D., Diseases of Children.  
Charles T. Rich, Janitor.

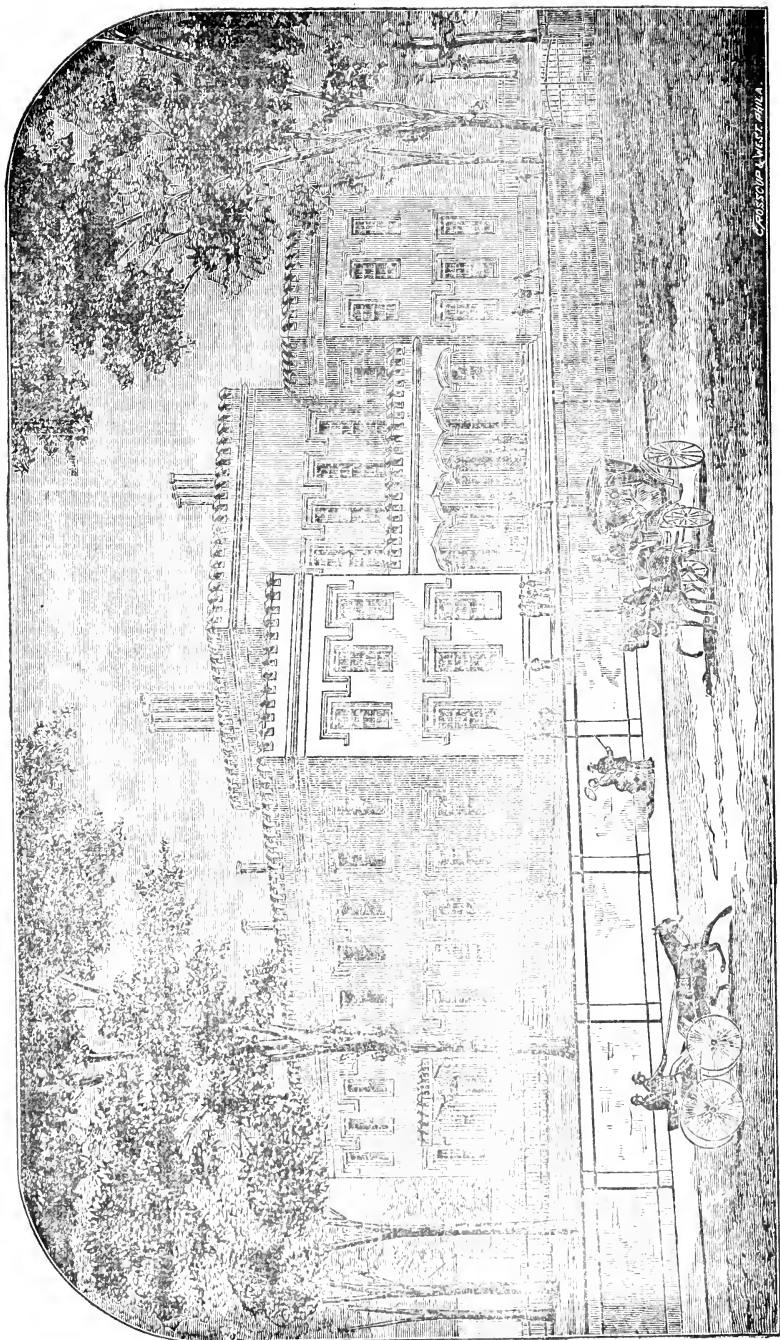
## RICHMOND ACADEMY.

The Richmond Academy, which is located on the south side of Telfair street, between Washington and Centre, is one of the most ornate buildings in the city and attracts the attention of every stranger. The institution was incorporated by the General Assembly of the State before the close of the revolutionary war, that is on the 31st of July, 1783, and hence is 95 years old. Its origin, however, dates back to the Colonial Government, when large tracts of land were set apart in each parish for educational purposes, and the establishment of churches, under the control of Trustees appointed by the Crown. A large building on the public lot, which embraced that portion of the town extending from Washington to McIntosh streets, and on which the Church of St. Paul now stands, was existing at that time, and was used by the Trustees as an Academy, with two smaller or tenement houses for the teachers, until a new structure should be erected.

This building must have been erected during or preceding the war, probably the latter, as this portion of Augusta was the scene of some sanguinary conflicts about the forts and entrenchments there erected.

The Richmond Academy appears to be the oldest incorporated institution of learning in the United States, with but four exceptions: Harvard, of Massachusetts; William and Mary, of Virginia; Yale, of Connecticut, and Princeton, of New Jersey. By the act of incorporation, a Board of Trustees, or Commissioners, for the Richmond Academy and town of Augusta, were created, who were required to erect a church and a building for an Academy. For this purpose and for the support of the latter, the unoccupied land called the common, and the ferry franchise were placed in their possession. The 13th of July, 1784, the contracts for building the Academy and church were let out; both buildings were to be of wood, and two or three years were consumed in their construction.

On the 25th of March, 1785, "Mr. William Rogers, late of the State of Maryland, having been well recommended as being of good fame and sufficiently learned in the sciences," was appointed Master of the Academy, at



RICHMOND ACADEMY

a salary of two hundred pounds a year, with the use of the tenement buildings and the garden on the premises. He was required to teach Latin, Greek and the English languages, and the common practical branches of mathematics. The tuition of the highest class of pupils was fixed at ten dollars per quarter. The Master, as he was called, had the assistance of one, and afterwards of two tutors. The country suffering from the effects of the war, it soon became necessary to lower the amount charged to the pupils. On the 4th of April, 1785, the contractors being prepared to commence the erection of the Academy, and desiring to know where to place it, the Trustees had the public lot laid off into three equal parts; the one nearest McIntosh street was reserved for the Academy; the centre division for the church, and the one next to Washington street for the house of the President of the Trustees. They also ordered the leveling of the fortifications and enclosing the whole.

On the visit of President Washington to Augusta in May, 1791, he attended a grand ball given in the large room of the old Academy; he also was present at the examination of its students and expressed himself handsomely of their performance."

On November 1st, 1892, the present academy building was sufficiently completed to be opened for instruction, and it continued in operation from that time until the latter part of the late war, when it was used by the Confederate authorities as a hospital.

On the termination of the war it was taken possession of by the United States, who retained it without leave or compensation for more than a year and a half; it was then restored to the trustees, who began an active restoration of the building and grounds, having first removed the temporary hospital structures on the premises. At the close of the Fall of 1867, Colonel G. W. Raines was appointed Regent of the Academy, with the request to get the institution into operation on the 1st of January ensuing; this was done accordingly and an extended programme of studies adopted and teachers provided.

### THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The educational interests of the county are in the hands of a Board of Education, a local organization created by Act of the Legislature, and has now been in existence six years. It consists of three members from each city ward, country district and incorporated village, and the Ordinary of the county, who is a member *ex officio*. The total membership is thirty-four. The Board elects its President and Secretary. The latter officer is also County School Commissioner, and has the practical management of the schools. The members of the Board in the city have organized into a City Board of Trustees, for convenience, and manage all the schools in the city in common. The schools are divided into primary, intermediate, grammar and high school grades. There in the city a girls' high school for whites,

six grammar schools for whites, and two for colored children; six intermediate schools for whites and four for colored; eight primary for whites and four for colored. The boys high school is the Richmond Academy, not under control of the Board. Both in this and the girls high school the nominal tuition fee of fifteen dollars per scholastic year is charged each pupil. There is no charge in any of the other grades. The schools are supported by a tax levied by the Board, and which amounts to \$21,000 per annum. In addition to this, is the county's proportion of the State school fund and the Peabody fund, making the annual revenue of the Board about \$28,000. The scholastic year is ten months, or from the 1st of September to the 1st of October. The total school population of the city is 4,912—2,824 whites, and 2,088 colored. Of these, 1,320 whites and 696 colored were enrolled in the different schools during the last year. The teachers are subjected to a close examination by the Commissioner, who is himself a graduate of the State University, unless they hold diplomas of some recognized institution of learning. In passing applicants for teachers' positions, both moral character and competency are considered, and no one can obtain a position under the Board without possessing these. The colored schools are taught by colored teachers. The Board has revolutionized the educational interests of the county. When it came into existence, there was no free school system in the county. Children were educated entirely at pay schools, and the number, consequently, who attended, was comparative small. There was absolutely no system of education, and every school had a different set of text books. Now this is all changed. The system administered by the Board works admirably, the schools are prospering, and pay institutions, with the exception of the Richmond Academy, have disappeared. Rich and poor, high and low, attend and what little prejudice exists in the minds of a few, is rapidly passing away. The Board has prescribed a complete course of study for the schools. The primary school course embraces three years, the intermediate two, the grammar two and the high school three, making ten years in all.

The Houghton Institute, an elymosynary institution, founded by Mr. Houghton, is a graded school from the primary to the high school. It is under the control of the City Council, which elects the teachers annually. Tuition free. The roll of pupils contains about three hundred names on an average.

The St. Mary's Academy and Sacred Heart Academy, schools for girls, are in charge of the Sisters of Mercy. The attendance is excellent at each.

St. Patrick's school is controlled by the Christian Brothers, and has a daily average attendance of about three hundred. Four of the Brothers are paid by the County Board of Education.

## STATISTICS.

## I—POPULATION—(U. S. CENSUS, 1870.

*Population of County.*

White.....	13,157
Colored.....	12,565
Total.....	25,722

*\*Population of City.*

White.....	8,957
Colored.....	6,432
Total.....	15,389

\*Census of 1877.—Population of City—White, 15,136; colored, 8,632; total, 23,768.

Estimated present population of county, 34,000.

## SCHOOL CENSUS, (TAKEN 1874.)

*Number of Children in County between 6 and 18.*

White.....	2,372
Colored.....	3,973
Total.....	8 345

*Number of Children in City between 6 and 18.*

White.....	2,824
Colored.....	2,088
Total.....	4,912

## II—SCHOOLS.

*Tubman High School, for Girls.*

*Number of teachers—male, 1; female, 1.....	2
Number of pupils enrolled.....	101
Average number belonging.....	77
Average daily attendance.....	61
Per cent. of daily attendance.....	85.9
Average pupils to teachers.....	35

\*Instructors in Penmanship,—male, 1;—1.

*Hephzibah High School, for Boys and Girls.*

Number of teachers—male, 1.....	1
Number of pupils enrolled—boys, 10; girls, 15.....	25
Average number belonging.....	19
Average daily attendance.....	16
Per cent. of daily attendance.....	84.2
Average pupils to teacher.....	19

## II—CITY COMMON SCHOOLS.

Term 9 months; number of school days, 187.

*White.*

Number of teachers—male, 9; female 11.....	20
Number of pupils enrolled—male, 680; female, 640.....	1,320
Average number of pupils belonging.....	913
Average daily attendance.....	782
Per cent. of daily attendance.....	85.6
Average of pupils to teacher.....	46
‡Per cent. of school population enrolled.....	46.7
‡ Including pupils in City High Schools, 53.3.	

*Colored.*

Number of teachers—male, 2; female, 8.....	10
Number of pupils enrolled—male, 334; female, 362.....	696
Average number belonging.....	440
Average daily attendance.....	374
Per cent. of daily attendance.....	85
Average of pupils to teacher.....	44
Per cent. of school population enrolled.....	33.3

## AGGREGATE.

Number of pupils enrolled in City Common Schools, white and colored .....	2,016
Average number belonging.....	1,353
Average daily attendance.....	1,156
Per cent. of daily attendance.....	85.4
Average of pupils to teacher.....	45
Per cent. of school population enrolled.....	41

## III—COUNTRY COMMON SCHOOLS.

*119th District.*

Average term 6 1-5 months.

*Number of teachers—white, 3; male, 2; female, 1; colored, 2; male, 1; female, 1.....	5
Number of pupils enrolled—white, 96; male, 56; female, 40; colored, 90; male, 28; female, 62.....	186
Average number belonging—white, 67; colored, 48.....	115
Average daily attendance—white, 50; colored, 42.....	92
Per cent. of daily attendance—white, 74.6; colored, 87.5.....	80
Average of pupils to teacher—white, 22; colored, 24.....	23
Per cent. of school population enrolled—white, 43; colored, 55.9.....	48.4

\*One joint school included.

*121st District.*

Average term 5 months.

*Number of teachers—white, 12; male, 5; female, 7; colored, male, 1, 3	
Number of pupils enrolled—white, 297; male, 153; female, 144; colored, 69; male, 30; female, 39.....	366
Average number belonging—white, 213; colored, 56.....	269
Average daily attendance—white, 154; colored, 48.....	202
Per cent. of daily attendance—white, 72.3; colored, 85.7.....	75.1
Average of pupils to teacher—white, 18; colored, 45.....	21
Per cent. of school population enrolled—white, 80.6; colored, 26.9....	60.8

\*Two joint white schools included. One joint colored school not included.

*123d District.*

Average term 5 4-9 months.

*Number of teachers—white, 5; male, 2; female, 3; colored, 4; male, 3; female, 1.....	9
Number of pupils enrolled—white, 134; male, 58; female, 76; colored, 278; male, 156; female, 122.....	412
Average number belonging—white, 86; colored, 178.....	264
Average daily attendance—white, 66; colored, 139.....	205
Per cent. of daily attendance—white, 76.7; colored, 78.1.....	77.6
Average of pupils to teacher—white, 17; colored, 44.....	29
Per cent. of school population enrolled—white, 58.0; colored, 44.1....	47.8

\*One joint school not included.

*124th District.*

Average term 6 6-10 months.

Number of teachers—white, 8; male, 4; female, 4; colored, 2; male, 1; female, 1.....	10
Number of pupils enrolled—white, 212; male, 115; female, 97; colored, 86; male, 42; female, 44.....	398
Average number belonging—white, 127; colored, 70.....	197
Average daily attendance—white, 103; colored, 54.....	157
Per cent. of daily attendance—white, 81.1; colored, 77.1.....	79.7
Average of pupils to teacher—white, 16; colored, 35.....	20
Per cent. of school population enrolled—white, 64.2; colored, 23.....	42.3

*1,269th District.*

Average term 8 1-4 months.

Number of teachers—white, 3; female, 3; colored, 1; female, 1.....	4
Number of pupils enrolled—white, 129; male, 83; female, 56; colored, 51; male, 20; female, 31.....	190
Average number belonging—white, 87; colored, 36.....	123
Average daily attendance—white, 67, colored 29.....	96
Per cent. of daily attendance, white 77.0, colored 80 6.....	78.0
Average of pupils to teacher, white, 29; colored, 36.....	31
Per cent. of school population enrolled, white, 75.1, colored, 24.0.....	49.1

## VILLAGE OF SUMMERVILLE.

Average term, 9 months.

Number of teachers—white, 1 female; colored, 1 female .....	2
Number of pupils enrolled—white, 55; male, 23, female, 32, colored, 73; male, 24, female, 49.....	128
Average number belonging—white, 50; colored, 45.....	95
Average daily attendance—white, 43; colored, 38.....	81
Per cent. of daily attendance—white, 86; colored, 84.4.....	85.2
Average of pupils to teacher—white, 50; colored, 45.....	47
Per cent. of school population enrolled—white, 30.4; colored, 36.1....	33.4

## VILLAGE OF HEPHZIBAH.

Average term 6 1-2 months.

Number of teachers—white, 1 male; colored, 1 female.....	2
Number of pupils enrolled, white, 17—male, 9, female, 8; colored, 49; male, 25, female, 24.....	66
Average number belonging—white, 12, colored, 23.....	35
Average daily attendance—white, 9, colored, 19.....	28
Per cent. of daily attendance—white, 75, colored, 82.6.....	80
Average of pupils to teacher—white, 12, colored, 23.....	17
Per cent. of school population enrolled—white, 32.7, colored, 98.....	64.7

## FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
Balance on hand from 1876, in bank.....	\$ 1,507.36	County School Board expenses (including Commissioner's salary, per diem of members, printing, etc.....)	\$ 2,263.39
Proportion of State School Fund..	3,156.34	City Schools, (all expenses).....	13,597.08
From County Tax Collector on Levy of Board .....	21,530.00	119th District " " .....	963.20
Tuition in High Schools.....	1,864.50	121st " " " .....	1,777.40
Tuition of non-residents in City Common Schools.....	117.00	123d " " " .....	1,601.00
Poll Tax.....	2,730.90	124th " " " .....	1,614.34
Peabody Fund, (placed to credit of High Schools).....	1,800.00	1269th " " " .....	1,156.54
		Summerville " " .....	933.50
		Hephzibah " " .....	234.30
		High Schools " " .....	6,623.84
Total.....	\$32,706.10	Total.....	\$30,770.59
		Balance in Bank.	1,935.51
			\$32,706.10

## COST OF HIGH SCHOOLS TO COUNTY.

	OR.	DR.
High Schools.....		\$6,623.84
High School tuition fees .....	\$1,864.50	
Peabody Fund.....	\$1,800.00	
		\$3,664.50
Balance.....		\$2,959.34



## SUMMARY.

Number of teachers in High Schools—White, 7, male, 6, female, 1...	7
Number of teachers in City Common Schools—white, 20; male, 9, female, 11; colored, 10—male, 2, female, 8.....	30
Number of teachers in Country Common Schools—White, 31, male, 12, female, 19; colored, 12; male, 6, female, 6.....	43
Instructor in penmanship and book-keeping in City High Schools and White Common Schools.....	1

Total number of teachers in all schools.....	81
Number of pupils enrolled in all schools.....	3,888
Average number belonging to all schools.....	2,616
* Average daily attendance in all schools.....	2,160
Per cent. of daily attendance in all schools.....	82.5
“ “ school population enrolled in all schools .....	46.5
Cost per month per pupil on total enrollment in all schools.....	\$ .98
Cost per month per pupil on average enrollment in all schools.....	1.49
Cost per pupil per month in City Common Schools on total enrollment	.79
On average enrollment.....	1.18
Cost per month per pupil in High Schools on total enrollment.....	3.27
On average enrollment.....	4.46
Real cost to county on total enrollment.....	1.31
Real cost to county on average enrollment.....	1.79

\* The average daily attendance in each school is based on *monthly* reports and hence is less than it would be if the reports were made weekly.

## COURSE OF STUDY.

## PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

*First Year.*

*Reading*—Alphabet and its combinations into words and syllables. Sterling's Pictorial Primer. Washington's Chart. Object lessons.

*Spelling*—Words on chart and in reading lessons.

*Slate Exercise*—Printing letters, words and sentences by copying from chart and blackboard. Simple exercises in Dictation.

*Arithmetic*—Counting. Notation and numeration of common numbers to hundreds. Addition and subtraction of small numbers. Roman numbers as far as reading lessons extend.

*Oral Instruction.*

*Second Year.*

*Reading*—Sterling's First Reader. Washington's Chart.

*Spelling*—Neely's Speller.

*Slate Exercises*—Written exercises from Reader. Words and sentences from Dictation

*Arithmetic*—Notation and numeration of common numbers extended to thousands. Addition and subtraction. Multiplication tables. Division of small numbers. Roman numbers extended.

*Oral Instruction.*

*Third Year.*

*Reading*—Sterling's Second Reader. Washington's Chart.

*Spelling*—Neeley's Speller.

*Writing*—On slate and with lead pencil in blank books.

*Arithmetic*—Through Long Division.

*Geography*—Cornell's Primary.

*Oral Instruction.*

#### INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS.

*First Year.*

*Reading*—Sterling's Third Reader.

*Spelling*—Neely's Speller, (oral and written.)

*Composition*—Description of familiar objects.

*Penmanship*—Copybook No. 1, with pen and ink.

*Geography*—Cornell's intermediate begun.

*Arithmetic*—Through Fractions, common and decimal.

*Oral Instruction*—Including explanation of elements of Grammar.

*Second Year.*

*Reading*—Sterling's Fourth Reader.

*Spelling*—Neely's Speller reviewed and special attention given to rules.

*Composition*—Hart's Elementary Composition, with exercises in Dictation.

*Penmanship*—Continued.

*Geography*—Cornell's Intermediate completed.

*Arithmetic*—Sanford's Intermediate completed.

*History*—Derry's History of United States, Part First.

*Oral Instruction*—As in previous year, though extended.

#### GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

*First Year.*

*Reading*—Sterling's Fifth Reader.

*Spelling*—Worcester's Comprehensive Speller.

*Composition*—Hart's Elements reviewed. Exercises in Dictation, letter-writing and short essays.

*Penmanship*—Continued.

*Geography*—Meury's Manual begun.

*Arithmetic*—Sanford's Common School Arithmetic as far as Percentage.

*History*—Derry's History of the United States, Part Second.

*Grammar*—Butler's Introductory Grammar.

*Declamation and Recitation.*

*Second Year.*

*Reading*—Cathcart's Literary Reader.

*Spelling*—Swinton's Word Analysis.

*Composition*—Dictation and Essays.

*Penmanship*—Continued.

*Geography*—Maury's Mannaal completed.

*Arithmetic*—Sandford's Common School Arithmetic completed.

*History*—Markham's History of England.

*Grammar*—Butler's Practical Grammar.

*Science*—Peterson's Science of Familiar Things.

*Declamation and Recitation.*

## GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.

*First Year.*

Arithmetic, Spelling and Defining, Latin, French, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, Penmanship, Reading, History.

*Second Year.*

Arithmetic, Algebra, Synonymes, Latin, French, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, Physical Geography, Penmanship, Reading, History

*Third Year.*

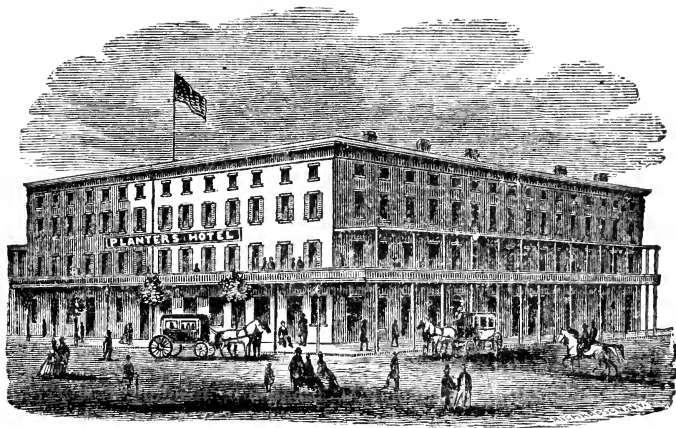
Algebra, Geometry, Latin, French, English Literature, Physical Geography, Chemistry, Astronomy, Penmanship, Reading, History, Critical Course in Parsing.

Recitation and Composition throughout the Course.

A pupil is *required* to study only one of the languages, Latin or French.

P. H. LYNCH, MERCHANT TAILOR, 253 Broad.

Mr. Lynch has been in business in Augusta for many years, and is well known to every citizen of Augusta. Long experience has enabled him to understand fully the wants of the community in his line, and we have never heard of an instance where he failed to give complete satisfaction to his customers. He keeps an excellent line of fine goods, which are purchased by himself and are chosen with good taste. These goods are made up in the latest styles, and in the best manner.



PLANTERS HOTEL.

B. F. BROWN, PROPRIETOR.

Corner of Broad and Macarten streets. One of the first questions about a city is in reference to its hotels, and it is universally conceded that good hotels go a long way in making a town, and are the prime requisite and chief beauty to the traveling public. The Planters Hotel, as managed by Mr. Brown, is certainly one of the finest in the South, and one of the best kept houses in the country. Its popularity is attested by the people of Georgia and the neighborhood of Augusta, while it is the main resort of all northern travelers in the Winter season who come to our beautiful city. Mr. Brown is ably assisted in his management by Mr. R. C. Rogers, who is one of the best posted hotel men in Georgia, and a young man of great popularity. In outfit and appointments, the Planters is the equal of the best. Its apartments newly fitted up and elegantly kept, its *menu* unexcelled South, and everything characterized by neatness and perfectness, make this hotel indeed a delightful resort. Every convenience and improvement is attached, including telegraph and reading rooms, billiard rooms, etc., for gentlemen; and the hotel itself is conveniently situated for railroad facilities, and in the business and prominent portion of the city.

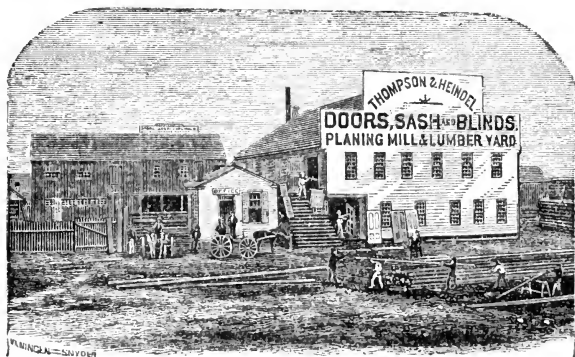
## JOHN J. COHEN, BROKER, 213 Broad.

Mr. Cohen is a young man who has deservedly won the confidence and esteem of everybody who knows him. Active and energetic, he understands thoroughly how to buy stocks, and has given perfect satisfaction to all who have placed business in his hands. Parties who have securities to sell, or who desire to purchase, will find Mr. Cohen capable and reliable. He is First Lieutenant of the Clarke Light Infantry, and one of the best volunteer officers in the State.

## LEXIUS HENSON, LADIES' AND GENTS' RESTAURANT,

Corner Ellis and McIntosh.

Augusta has long needed a first-class restaurant, and Lexius has fully supplied the want. His establishment is now equal to any in the South, and up to the standard of excellence maintained by the best restaurants in New York and other large cities. The ladies' restaurant, which is entirely separate from the rest of the establishment, is very handsomely fitted up. A fine Brussels carpet is on the floor, lace curtains adorn the windows, and the tables are dazzling with snowy linen and bright silver. Everything that the New York, Savannah, Charleston and Augusta markets afford, may be called for by the patrons of the restaurant. The articles are cooked in excellent style and the prices charged are reasonable. The visitor to Augusta will find as good a breakfast, dinner, supper or lunch at Lexius' as any where in the South.

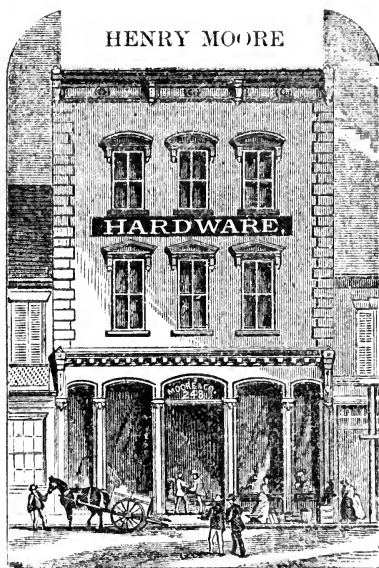


THOMPSON & HEINDEL, MANUFACTURERS OF DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, ETC., HALE STREET, AND NO. 43 JACKSON.

This firm run a large planing mill on Hale street. It is one of the largest establishments of the kind in the South, and turns out annually a large quantity of doors, sashes, blinds, mantels, balusters, newels and stair rails. Dressed lumber is always on hand. The firm receive about 3,000,000 feet of lumber every year. At their store, on Jackson street, they keep a full supply of builders' hardware, including locks, window glass, screws, etc. They also have for sale paints and oils.

## CHRONICLE AND CONSTITUTIONALIST JOB OFFICE.

The visitor to Augusta who pays a visit to that department of the extensive establishment of the CHRONICLE AND CONSTITUTIONALIST, presided over by Mr. M. M. Hill, one of the most accomplished job printers in the Union, will at once admit that it is as complete as any in the South. It is supplied with all the latest improvements and is prepared to execute any style of job work as well as it can be done any where else. Many very handsome jobs have been turned out from the office, and it bears a deservedly high reputation.



243 BROAD STREET.

Since the earliest days of hardware business in this city, some member of this well known family has been prominently engaged in this pursuit, and the large fine apartments of Mr. Henry Moore are filled with every variety of staple and fancy articles of hardware and cutlery. His outfit and stock are among the finest to be found, and Mr. Henry P. Moore, now conducting the business, bids fair to keep the house in its steady and prosperous channel of popularity.

## CHAPTER XIII.

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### REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS MEN AND HOUSES.

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#### **A**GRELL, CHAS., Bookkeeper in the Bank of Augusta.

Mr. Agrell is fully established among the business young men of Augusta, and in keeping the books of this prominent institution he shows ability and firm business qualities. His many fine qualities make him respected by all who know him. He is a first-class book-keeper and one of Augusta's rising young men.

#### ALLEN, GEORGE HENRY (J. V. H. Allen & Co.), 227

Broad. Connected with his father in the insurance business, Mr. Allen is making a fine reputation, while his steady character and popular manners make him a general favorite. Quite a young man, he bids fair to rise in his business, and follows well in the worthy footsteps of his distinguished father.

#### ALEXANDER, J. H., Druggist, 212 Broad.

The stand occupied by Mr. Alexander has long been familiar in Augusta as a drug store. The present proprietor is looked upon, and not without reason, as one of the most energetic and successful business men in the city. His stock of drugs, medicines, paints, oils, brushes, garden seeds, etc., is full and complete, and the establishment has a very large patronage. Mr. Alexander is publisher of the "Two States Almanac," regarded as one of the very best works of the kind ever compiled.

#### ALEXANDER, W. F., Cotton Broker, corner Reynolds and Jackson.

**ALLEN, J. V. H. & CO., 227 Broad, Agents for Georgia**

Home Insurance Company, Royal Insurance Company, Imperial and Northern Insurance Co., New York Underwriters Agency, Insurance Co. of North America, Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company, Niagara Fire Insurance Company, London and Lancaster Insurance Company and Manhattan Life Insurance Company. Major J. V. H. Allen, the senior member of the firm, is one of the most prominent and highly respected citizens of Augusta. During the war he was Major of the Sixty-Third Georgia Regiment, and was noted as an able and gallant officer. In the progress of one of the desperate battles around Atlanta, the lamented General Wm. H. Walker rode up to where Major Allen's command was engaged in the thickest of the fight: "Am I right, General," said Major Allen. "Yes," was the reply, "You are always right." Major Allen was a member of the Russell Council in 1858, and in 1869 was elected Mayor. He was one of the prime movers in the enlargement of the Augusta canal, and reorganized the police force, uniforming it and making it a credit to the city. He is a public spirited citizen, and is always in the front rank when anything is to be done which has the interest and advancement of Augusta for its object.

**ANDERSON, W. T. & CO., Dry Goods, 242 Broad.**

Mr. Anderson is one of the liveliest dry goods men in the South, and his business, therefore, is large. His store is constantly crowded with ladies, while his wholesale department is much patronized by country dealers. His stock is extensive and varied. Everything in the dry goods and notion line can be found in it, and the prices are low enough to suit the most exacting. He has also, in addition to his other attractions, a full line of carpets, including beautiful Brussels, at 75 cents a yard. Mr. Anderson is a valuable member of our community, and Augusta is proud to claim him among her citizens.

**APEL, J. W., Shoes and Dry Goods, Broad.****ARCHER, WM., Tailor, 50 Jackson.****ARMSTRONG, THOMAS, Grocer, 308 Broad.****ASHER, A., Clothing, 176 Broad.**



**AUGUSTA EVENING NEWS**, office 235 Broad.

This daily paper was commenced in November, 1877, and has been running with increased popularity and favor ever since. Well gotten up and printed, and full of life, it is recognized everywhere as a fine and first-class paper, and in Augusta it is one of the institutions of the times. It has a large and increased circulation, and as an evidence of healthy growth, it commenced in October, 1878, a beautiful eight-page weekly. The proprietors are Messrs. James L. Gow, John M. Weigle and Wm. H. Moore, all substantial business men, full of energy and the spirit of the times. The business management of the paper is in charge of Mr. John M. Weigle, one of the most experienced printers and business men in Augusta, and the Evening News is ably edited by William H. Moore, one of the best known and most popular journalists in the South.

**AUGUSTA FACTORY OFFICE**—Wm. E. Jackson,  
President, 199 Broad.

**AUGUSTA GAS LIGHT CO.**, office over 210 Broad.

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**BAILIE, JAS. G. & BRO.**, Carpets 274 Broad, and Groceries 205 Broad. The Messrs. Bailie established themselves in Augusta before the late war, and from the first became prominent and useful citizens. Mr. Jas. G. Bailie has been a member of the Board of Education of Richmond county since its inception, and has done much to contribute to its efficiency. The firm has recently established a new store for carpets, oil cloths, shades, and similar goods, next to the Opera House Arcade, and does a thriving business.

**BALK, H. L. A.**, Dry Goods, 174 Broad.

**BANSLEY & HICKEY**, Barbers and Hair Dressers, Jackson, under Globe Hotel. There are thousands of barbers in the United States, but there are few who understand how to give one a comfortable shave. Among these few Bansley & Hickey take a prominent place. No where in the Union will our readers find barbers more skilled or accomplished in their art. So careful are they, so keen their razors, and so skillful their manipulations, that he who is getting shaved feels that there is nothing more to desire. They also understand hair cutting to perfection and give satisfaction in all cases.

**BARRETT & LAND, Druggists, 270 Broad.**

This is one of the largest drug houses in the city, and does a very large wholesale business, receiving orders from druggists in different parts of Georgia and South Carolina. The goods are of standard excellence, and parties sending orders may rely upon receiving full justice. The members of the firm are gentlemen of experience in their line of business, and understand how to meet the requirements of the trade and of the public. In their stock can be found everything usually contained in a first-class establishment of this kind, such as paints, oils, brushes, medicines, fine teas, and other articles "too numerous to mention." It is the oldest drug house in the State.

**BARRY, EDWARD, M. D., 261 Broad.**

Dr. Barry is well known as one of the oldest and most prominent druggists in Augusta. Besides his large drug store in the city, Dr. Barry is proprietor of Barry's Chemical Works, situated on the Georgia Railroad, just outside the city limits, and Barry's Chemical Fertilizer is noted as one of the finest made. It is largely used all over Georgia, and is made under the personal superintendence of Dr. Barry himself. He employs a large force in his store and works, and is one of the most prominent and useful citizens in Augusta.

**BAUM, A., Dry Goods, 351 Broad.****BAUM, J., Dry Goods, 363 Broad.****BEAN, JOSEPH S., Jr., Treasurer of the Augusta Savings**

Institution, is generally admitted to be one of our most thoroughly successful young men. At an early age, he was elected Treasurer of the Savings Institution, and has since that time so ably managed the affairs of the bank, that not one dollar has ever been turned from profit to loss upon its books. He is both capable and public spirited, is at the head of several worthy organizations in the city, and is fast becoming one of Augusta's prime representative and solid men. A gentleman of fine classical and literary training, and well stored mind, he can be but as great an ornament to society as he is an important factor in the commercial community.

**BEAN, T. S., Lawyer.**

Mr. Bean was admitted to the bar about eighteen months ago, and bids fair to take a prominent seat among the jurists of Richmond county. He is well capacitated for his profession, by a liberal education and cultured training, and has shown considerable vim and aptitude in the Court room and office.

BEHRMANN, WM., Grocer, 95 Broad.

BENNETT & FLYNN, Grocers, corner Campbell and Dugas.

BENNETT & HOWARD, Grocers, corner of Telfair and Campbell.

BENSON & MERCIER, No. 4 Warren Block, Cotton and Commission Merchants, are now among the firmly established houses in Augusta's most valuable business. They are located in the heart of Cotton Row, have excellent storage and warehouse facilities, and by prompt, fair dealing, have won enviable places in a business way. Both members of the firm are fine merchants and are highly thought of here.

BENSON, WM. E., Merchant Tailor, 229 Broad.

Mr. Benson has been in the business at his old stand for many years, and pursues strictly and purely the terchant tailoring business. He uses the finest goods, employs the most skillful workmen, and making a specialty of fitting clothes, has naturally given eminent satisfaction. Mr. A. T. Stewart, his affable young assistant, attends carefully to the numerous orders from the country, and readily accommodates callers at their store.

BESSMAN, JOHN, Wholesale Dealer in Liquors, 298 Broad. Mr. Bessman is one of the most popular of our German citizens. He has been in Augusta for many years, and during the whole of that period has enjoyed the confidence and respect of the community. He has one of the largest wholesale liquor houses in the South and carries on an extensive business. He is agent for John Gibson's Son & Co.'s popular brands of whisky, of which a large quantity is sold in this section. He is also agent for several noted breweries, and brings out many car loads of beer annually. Mr. Bessman is a member of the Democratic Executive Committee of Richmond County.

BISELL, KENT & CO., 4 Jackson, opposite Warren block, are destined to become one of our most popular firms of meat and produce brokers and commission merchants. Mr. Kent Bisell, the senior member of the firm, has been for several years doing business in our city, where he is well and favorably known, while Thomas W. Porter, Esq., is among our most active and popular young gentlemen.

BLACK, J. C. C., City Attorney, law office over 206 Broad.

**BLAISDELL, FRANK**, Broker, corner McIntosh and Ellis. Mr. Blaisdell is an experienced broker, and has full knowledge of every detail of his business. None understand better than he does how to buy and sell stocks, bonds and other securities, to negotiate loans and sell real estate. He has just fitted up a new and convenient office and is prepared to attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

**BLIGH, T. C.**, 297 Broad, has one of the best established crockery houses in the place. His store is always a model of neatness and order, and his supply of glass and china ware, lamps, chimneys, lanterns and reflectors, contains everything needed in that line. Mr. Bligh is a high-toned, genial gentleman, and makes friends of every one he meets, by low prices, accommodating efforts and fair dealing. His influence will be felt in the community.

**BONES, DOUGHERTY & CO.**, 281 Broad, successors to the old and well known firm of Bones, Brown & Co. Messrs. Bones, Dougherty & Co. are leading merchants in the hardware business and have a large stock of their line of goods. Gentlemen of strict business habits and integrity, they sustain the reputation of this, one of the oldest houses in Augusta and the State. They employ a large force in their hardware business, and all wishing to get first class goods would do well to call at the old corner of Broad and Campbell streets.

**BOWE, R. J. & W. F.**, Builders, Architects and Contractors, 135 Broad.

**BOWEN, W. D.**, Gunsmith, 290 Broad.

**BRAHE, H. A.**, Watches, Clocks, Diamonds and Jewelry, 206 Broad. There are fewer names more familiar in this section than that of Mr. Brahe. Years ago, in 1842, Mr. F. A. Brahe established a jewelry store in this city and soon acquired an extensive trade, obtaining a well merited reputation for fair dealing and excellent goods. When he was succeeded by his son, the patronage so long extended to him was continued to the new establishment, and the jewelry store of H. A. Brahe, corner of Broad and McIntosh streets, is one of the most noted institutions in the city. Mr. Brahe is an enterprising merchant and a good citizen.

**BRANCH, SONS & CO.**, Cotton Factors, Campbell, near Reynolds.

**BRANDT, ADOLPH, Lawyer, McIntosh.**

Mr. Brandt has practiced law in Augusta for some years, and has established a fine reputation and practice with the bar and citizens. He is Grand Master of Odd Fellows for the State, which is a distinguished honor to be conferred on so young a man. His ability in the discharge of high office is universally commended, and he is one of the rising young men of the State.

**BRANDT, P., Notions, 324 Broad.**

**BREDENBURG, J. J., Grocer, 36 Broad.**

**BRIGHAM & DICKS, Grocers, 127 Broad.**

**BRISLAN, JOHN, Dry Goods, 382 Broad.**

**BROOKS, H., Clothier and Shoe Dealer, 182 Broad.**

**BROWN, JAMES, Grocer, corner Campbell and Hopkins.**

**BROWN, DR. J. P. H., Dentist, 271 Broad.**

Dr. Brown is one of Augusta's most prominent dentists, and his work is first-class and guaranteed. Besides his distinction as a dentist, he is well known as a prominent horticulturist, and also as a cultivator of bees, and honey producer. He is President of the Richmond county Horticultural Society. His farm and bee culture is carried on about five miles from the city in Summerville. In all his work and positions he is a genial and pleasant gentleman, and is highly respected by all.

**BURCH, J. W., 166 and 306 Broad.**

In mentioning representative men, Mr. J. W. Burch is substantially present. A fine citizen and thorough business man, he represents well the shoe trade, and has two of the finest establishments in the city. His down town store is under his personal attention, and is filled with a substantial and complete stock of boots, shoes, etc., while his up town store is managed by Mr. J. J. Broome. In both he has as fine, as durable, as exquisite and as heavy foot covering as can be purchased in the South, and his prices are down at the bottom.

**BURDELL, J. M., Cotton Factor, 6 Warren block.**

**BURKE HOUSE—boarding, over 172 Broad.**

**BURNS, B., Dry Goods, 130 Broad.**

BURUM, P. G., & CO., 259 Broad, rank among the livest grocery and produce firms in this community. Their store, in season and out of season, is a scene of ceaseless activity, and their local and country trade, excellent. The head of the firm is yet a young man, but is esteemed as one of the soundest, safest and shrewdest in the business. He is assisted by Burt O. Miller, whose business capacity is well-known to all of our citizens. This house is one of long standing and fine record, and has the confidence of all classes of commercial men.

BUSH, STEPHEN, Butcher, Centre, near Broad.

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CALVINS, 46 Centre.

The "little store around the corner," as Calvins' is familiarly known, is one of the busiest places in the city. It is noted for its excellent and cheap family groceries, and has a large number of customers. The proprietors work upon the principle that the best goods, small profits and quick returns pay, and their success show that the maxim is a good one. They give the exact change, and send articles to any part of the city, free of charge. The house is very popular, and it deserves its popularity.

CAMPBELL, Dr. H. F., Physician, over 207 Broad.

CAPERS, T. W., Lawyer, 22 Jackson.

CARGILL, D. F., Cotton Shipper, with W. F. Alexander, cotton shipper.

CARROLL, M. P., Lawyer, office over L. Sylvester's clothing store, Broad. Mr. Carroll is a native of Maryland, and a distant relative of that illustrious signer of the Declaration of Independence, Charles Carroll, of Carrollton. During the war, Mr. Carroll cast his fortunes with those of the Confederacy, and was one of its most ardent and gallant sons. He is a gentleman of education and refinement, thoroughly posted in his profession, of great legal acumen and clear judgment. His name is often associated with those of some of the most distinguished members of the profession in the State in the management of difficult cases.

CASSIN, G. S., Grain and Provender, 141 Broad.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY, over 53 Jackson.

**CENTRAL HOTEL**, south side of Broad, between McIntosh and Jackson. There are fewer places in the South better known than the Central Hotel. Mrs. W. M. Thomas, the proprietress, is a lady who understands how to keep a good Hotel and that she does so is evidenced by the large patronage which it receives. Those distinguished Georgians, Hons. A. H. Stephens and Robt. Toombs, are always guests of the Central Hotel when they come to Augusta. Its cuisine is excellent and its rooms are comfortable and well fitted up.

**CHRONICLE AND CONSTITUTIONALIST**, Ellis, near McIntosh. The two journals which were consolidated under the above name, were among the oldest in the United States, the **CHRONICLE AND SENTINEL** having been established in 1785 and the **CONSTITUTIONALIST** in 1789. The two were consolidated March 18, 1877. The **CHRONICLE AND CONSTITUTIONALIST** is one of the ablest and most influential papers in the South. Conservative in tone, devoted to the interests of Georgia and of the South, it commands a high place in the affections of the people. It is filled daily with the latest news from all parts of the country, and is in every respect a live newspaper.

**CLARK, D. M.**, Drugs, corner Twiggs and Calhoun.

**CLARK, N. BRUM**, 251 Broad., is proprietor of one of the most elegant and complete millinery houses in the city. The stock is always of the newest selection, the styles of the most exquisite, and the taste, which controls the extensive business, faultless. Mr. Clark is one of our best citizens, a gentleman of broad views and liberal culture and indulges occasionally in very meritorious literary diversions. Several pieces of his poetry have been published, with fine effect, in our city papers.

**CLARK, O. M.**, 380 Broad.

**CLARK, R. P.**, Confectioner, 314 Broad.

**COFFIN, CHARLES E.**, National Exchange Bank, Broad, is Teller of this large institution, and is a most capable and reliable bank official. Capt. Coffin is a Carolinian by birth, and coming to Augusta after the war, became rapidly identified as an accountant of remarkable skill and faithfulness. He has been as prominent in military circles as he has ranked high in the financial community, and is now Captain of the Oglethorpe Infantry, the first corps reorganized after the war. A most genial gentleman and true man, his friends are legion, and honor awaits him everywhere.

COHEN, GARSON, Varieties, 150 Broad, residence 153 Ellis. Mr. Cohen is one of our most noted Jewish citizens, who is thoroughly identified with the interests of Augusta. His stock of goods includes a variety of articles, among which we may mention guns and pistols, watches, clocks, jewelry, etc. Mr. Cohen understands how to suit purchasers, and sells at bottom prices.

COHEN, JNO. J. & SON, 181 Broad, are ever active sentinels in matters financial here. Their experience in the bond and stock business is unsurpassed, and their skill and celerity in availing themselves and customers of daily fluctuations are well known. Besides their extensive operations, they have a good run of deposits. Philip L. Cohen is one of the most thoroughly active and best informed men in the community, and knows an opportunity when it comes; while the venerable senior of the firm is in every way competent and experienced.

COLCLOUGH, M., Grocer, 325 Broad.

COLLINS, P., Grocer, 375 Broad.

COLLINS, Mrs. V. V., Crockery, 280 Broad.

CONNER, J. P., Mattress Maker 106 Broad.

CONWAY, G. W., Livery Stable, 252 Broad.

COMMERCIAL BANK—W. T. Wheless, President, 241 Broad,

COOKE'S CLOTHING STORE, A. W. BLANCHARD, manager, 203 Broad. This popular clothing establishment is not only one of the oldest stores in Augusta, but is the oldest clothing house in the South. It is known all over the State, and its popularity is universal. Clothing, hats and complete outfits can be had here at the lowest prices, and whatever comes from Cooke's is substantial. This house is now managed for J. C. Ludlow & Co. by Mr. A. W. Blanchard, one of the best business men in Augusta, who is also assisted by Charles and Frank Cooke, sons of the former proprietor.

COSTELLO, E. J., corner Washington and Fenwick.

CRONIN, Mrs., Grocery, 207 Greene.

CRUMP, S. H., Clerk of Richmond County Superior Court. Major Crump's long connection with the official records of the county, has made him a public institution, and his knowledge of Court proceedings, and their correct keeping, insures him the place of Court Clerk for life. He is one of the most popular officers that Richmond county ever had and one of Augusta's best citizens.



**CURRY, G. P. & CO.,** 191 Broad, has one of the oldest and most reliable banking and broker's institutions in the State, keeps constantly on hand a full store of stocks and bonds, the choicest of Southern securities and cream of the money markets. Mr. G. P. Curry is one of the most wide-awake and energetic brokers in the city, while Mr. R. F. Curry is known as a shrewd and sagacious banker. The firm are in every way worthy of trust.

**CUTTER, Mrs. ELLEN,** Grocery, corner Campbell and Fenwick.

**DALY & ARMSTRONG,** Dry Goods, 224 Broad.

The sign of the firm is new on Broad street, but the names which compose it are as familiar to the public as if it had held its place for a century. Messrs. Daly & Armstrong are young men, but they belong to that army of progressive Americans who seek to improve the commerce of their country and to place it at the top of the roll of nations for enterprise. Both are experienced in the line of business which they have entered into, and they intend to keep goods which will speak for themselves, and by their excellence commend them to the public.

**DALY, HENRY,** Dealer in Boots and Shoes, 138 Broad.

Mr. Daly has been in the shoe business in this city for a number of years, and has never failed to give satisfaction. Courteous and polite, he takes pleasure in trying to oblige his customers, and he generally succeeds most admirably. Understanding the wants and the needs of the community in his line of business, he selects splendid stocks, and sells his goods at prices to suit the times.

**DANIEL, W.,** Cotton Factor, Reynolds, near Jackson.

Colonel Daniel is one of the most prominent cotton factors of the city, and is located at the corner of Jackson and Reynolds street. He is an active and useful member of the City Council, from the Second Ward, and Lieutenant Colonel of the Independent Volunteer Battalion of Augusta. He is an energetic business man, and a deservedly popular citizen. He was a gallant Confederate soldier during the war.

**DAVIDSON, JNO. S. & WM. T.,** law office over No. 1

Warren Black, now rank among the leading law firms of the Richmond bar. They practice in all the State and Federal courts and make a specialty of business in Carolina also. The senior member of the firm, besides being President of the County Board of Education, is Worshipful Master of Webb Lodge, F. & A. M., and is treasurer of the Episcopal Diocese of Georgia. He is a most reliable legal adviser, able advocate,

and ranks among the most eloquent men in the country. Mr. Wm. T. Davidson, the junior member, is one of the most industrious and profound of our young lawyers.

**DAY, TANNAHILL & CO., 225 Broad.**

This well known and extensive firm conducts a large and growing carriage and wagon repository, manufacturing and harness shops, and for the past fifteen years have been prominent in business history. Their establishment, added to which is a thorough repairing department, is one of the finest and most extensive in the country, and their stock is of the best make. The firm is composed of experienced merchants and well known citizens who have always been prominent in Augusta.

**DEAS & PALMER, Butchers, 105 Broad.**

DEAS, W. A., Butcher, Campbell, near Telfair.

DEEGAN, MIKE, Cotton Shipper, with Zizinia & Galatto.

DELPH, W. I., 265 Broad, the prominent young proprietor of the old reliable stove house, is one of the best known men for his years, in the city. His long store and spacious warehouse are filled with one of the most carefully selected and highly complete stocks of stoves and tin ware in Augusta, and his repairing department is very thorough. Mr. Delph is Adjutant of the Augusta Volunteer Battalion, and is one of the most popular gentlemen in the South. His business record is an excellent one, and his future is bright.

**DENNING, D. H. & J. T., 171 Broad.**

Messrs. Denning are among the most prominent merchants in Augusta, and their store and warerooms are headquarters for supplies and builders' material. Mr. D. H. Denning is one of the principal contractors for brick work and plasterer's materials in Augusta, and Captain J. T. Denning, a prominent representative of the First City Ward in the Municipal Council, is well known as one of the representative men of Augusta, and his broad and liberal views have their full effect in the progress and advancement of the city. Messrs. Denning are connected with many of the most important enterprises in Augusta, and both are prominent leaders in the Augusta Fire Department.

DENNING, S. T., Groceries, southeast corner of Jackson and Watkins.

DENNIS, JNO., M. D., Patent Medicine, 119 Broad.

DERRY & LAW, Grocers, 277 Broad.

DODGE, GEORGE R., 123 Broad.

Mr. Dodge is proprietor of the largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the city. He is an enterprising man, and work sent to him receives prompt and careful attention. Located in a business part of the city on the principal business street, his rooms are accessible to all, and his business always well attended to. Mr. Dodge has every facility for the dyeing and cleaning business, and his store is very popular with every one. Mr. Dodge has been long identified with his business, as his father was before him, the leading dyer in Augusta.

DONLON, M., Grocer, corner Calhoun and McIntosh.

DORIS, B., Grocer, southwest corner Marbury and D'Antignac.  
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DORIS, P., Grocer, corner Marbury and D'Antignac.

DORIS, P., Groceries and Liquors, corner Walker and Washington.

DORR, A., 222 Broad.

Among the business houses of Augusta, there is none that stands higher than that of A. Dorr, merchant tailor, 222 Broad street. Mr. Dorr buys the best materials, and they are made up in the latest styles by accomplished tailors. The visitor will always find, also, at this establishment, a full line of furnishing goods and hats. Mr. Dorr's establishment is extensively patronized, and it certainly deserves it all. Filled with beautiful goods, having among its corps skilled cutters and tailors, there is good reason for its popularity. Mr. Frank T. White and Mr. Frank Dorr are always ready to wait on customers.

DORSEY, GEO. R., Grocer, corner Fenwick and Marbury.

DOSCHER, H. W., Grocer, corner Centre and Fenwick.

DOUGHTY, J. P., Cotton Shipper, of J. J. Doughty & Co.

DOUGHTY, WM. H., Jr., M. D., office corner of Ellis and Washington. Dr. Doughty is a graduate of the State University and of the Medical College at Augusta, and is now connected with his father, Dr. W. H. Doughty, in the practice of medicine.

DREYER, JOHN, Grocer, corner Lincoln and Telfair.

DUGAS, A. E., Physician, office and residence 47 Broad.

DUGAS, EDWARD C., Grocer, 330 Broad, residence 47 Broad. Mr. Dugas is an enterprising young merchant, who has recently commenced business at his present stand. His motto is "quick sales, small profits and cash." He keeps first-class goods, and retails them at the lowest possible prices. Mr. Dugas is a native of Augusta, and one of the energetic business men of the "young South." Since Mr. Dugas started in business he has met, most deservedly, with a large patronage, people understanding and appreciating the fact that he keeps good articles in every department of his business. His store is a place well worth visiting.

DUGAS, L. A., M. D., LL. D.

Among the medical profession in the State and the Union, the name of Dr. L. A. Dugas is in the very first rank. His opinions on any question are listened to with the highest respect. His experience is large, his judgment most accurate, and his knowledge extensive. He is professor of the principles and practice of surgery, in the Medical College, and his lectures are heard with the closest attention by the students. As a citizen, no one is more highly esteemed. Dr. Dugas is a member of the Board of Health, and President of the Gas Light Company of Augusta. Identified with the city, having a deep interest in its prosperity, he is regarded by every citizen as one upon whom the utmost dependence can be placed. For years he has been prominent in the history of the city as one of its most eminent physicians and useful citizens, and no man holds a higher place in the estimation of the community.

DUGAS, L. A., Jr., Solicitor County Court, office Law Range. Mr. Dugas is one of the rising young men of Augusta, a member of the Richmond County Bar, to which he was admitted a few years since, after a very creditable examination. He has done yeoman service for the Democratic party of the county and State at a time when such services were needed. He has recently been appointed Solicitor of the County Court, and makes an able and efficient officer.

DUNBAR, CLARK & Co., Grocers, 278 Broad.

This is one of the new firms of the city, composed of young men. Mr. Wm. M. Dunbar, the senior, is a one-armed Confederate soldier, and that he possesses the confidence of the community, is evidenced by the fact that he has several times been elected County Treasurer. Mr. Frank R. Clark, the junior, is a son of Mr. John M. Clark, one of our best known citizens, and a young man of energy and business talents. His personal popularity and fine manners add much to his success.

DUNBAR & SIBLEY, Cotton Factors, Reynolds.

DUNBAR, E. A., Grocer and Commission Merchant, 151 Broad.

DUNN, Mrs. C. C., Millinery, 310 Broad.

DUNNE, Mrs., Milliner, 146 Broad.

DUTCHER, SALEM, Solicitor General, office over 188 Broad.

DUVAL, L. D., Lawyer, over 272 Broad.

DWYER, K., Clothier, 122 Broad.

**E**STES, CHARLES, office on Ellis st., between Campbell and Jackson. There is no man in Augusta who has borne a more prominent part in the politics and the improvement of Augusta than Hon. Charles Estes. A shrewd business man, alive to the exigencies of the occasion, never putting off until to-morrow that which can be done to-day, and a perfect encyclopedia of information as regards anything connected with the city, he is looked upon with good reason as one of its most useful citizens. Chosen Mayor of Augusta, in December, 1870, he was five times re-elected, making six terms in all. During his continuance in office he exerted himself daily for the improvement and advancement of the city. The enlargement of the Augusta canal, which bids fair to add so much to the prosperity and growth of the place, was commenced and completed under his administration, and the work was personally superintended by him during the greater portion of the time it was going on. He knows every foot of the canal, from Clark's mill to the Locks. He has been elected President of the Cumming Manufacturing Company, a corporation which proposes to build a large cotton mill on the site of the old Confederate Powder Works. Mr. Estes is also President of the Augusta Land Company, an organization which owns a large tract of valuable land adjoining the city.

EVANS, J. K., Cotton Shipper, with Russell & Potter.

EVE, W. F., Judge of the County Court.

Judge Eve, who for three years filled the position of Solicitor of the County Court with satisfaction to the people, was appointed Judge of that Court upon the resignation of Judge Sneed. His recommendation was signed by about fifty members of the Bar and several hundred prominent citizens. Judge Eve is a native of Augusta, a gentleman of talent and legal acquirements, and presides with dignity and ability.

**F**ALKS, Dr., Dentist, over 251 Broad.

FARR, W. J., Lamp Man, 143 Broad.

FEAREY, J. H., 221 Broad.

Mr. Fearey is known as one of the most expert and trusted jewelers in Augusta. His workmanship, as attested, is of the finest order, and his patronage is extensive. Work from his store is always guaranteed, and his collection of watches, clocks and jewelry is beautiful and choice. Mr. Fearey is well known to all in Augusta and his work will always please, and those wishing jewelry or work in his line would do well to call on him at his excellent store.

FENSER, C. A., Furniture Repairer and Cabinet Maker, 129 Broad.

FERBER, K., Baker, 354 Broad.

FERRIS, J. C., Merchant Tailor, under Law Range.

Mr. Ferris is proprietor of one of the best fitted up tailoring establishments in the city. He has been in the business for years, has splendid taste, and makes his selections of goods with judgment. His materials are of the best description, and are cut and made up in the very latest styles and warranted to be good fits. Mr. Ferris has recently moved his manufacturing department into the large hall recently occupied by the Library Association.

FISHMAN, JAS. (col.), Barber, Campbell, between Telfair and Walker.

FLEMING & LOFLIN, Grocers, 266 Broad.

This firm, which is composed of rising young men, who know the people of the section in which they live and are known and respected by them, transact a very large retail business in choice family groceries. Appreciating the fact, that in order to be successful in any branch of trade, those who engage in it must aim to satisfy those with whom they deal, the firm make excellence a specialty, and therefore none but articles of the best description are found in their establishment, and in consequence the name of their patrons is legion.

FLEMING, C. A., Butcher, 103 Broad.

FLEMING, J. A., Lawyer, office over 202 Broad.

FLEMING, T. F., 318 Broad, opposite Planters Hotel.

Mr. Fleming is proprietor of a most unique and thoroughly fitted up drug store in the upper part of Broad street, and has maintained a steady share of public patronage by the freshness and purity of his goods as well as from the promptness and accuracy with which prescriptions are there propounded. Mr. T. Fischer, an experienced pharmacist, is always on hand to serve the public in this important art.

FLEMING, PORTER, Cotton Factor, 162 Reynolds.

FLEMING, W. H., residence Summerville, office 274 Broad, Superintendent of Education. For the past two years Mr. Fleming has managed the public schools of Richmond County as Commissioner and Secretary of the Board of Education, and although quite a young man has given proof of so much ability that he is not only very popular but has placed the public schools of Augusta and Richmond county on as high grade and basis as any in the country. Mr. F. is a graduate of the University of Georgia, and will ultimately join the legal profession.

FOGARTY, THOS., Grocer, corner Fenwick and Twiggs.

FORCE, A. C., 285 Broad, Auction and Commission Merchant.

FOSTER, Dr. W. H., Physician, 111 Broad.

FOSTER, H. C., Lawyer, office over 202 Broad.

FOSTER, M. P., Lawyer, office over 206 Broad.

FOX, Miss, Milliner, 160 Broad.

FRANKLIN BROS., Cotton and Commission Merchants, 5 Jackson.

FREELAND, C. H., Jeweller, 202 1/2 Broad.

FREEMAN, J. W., Jeweller, 171 1/2 Broad.

FRENCH STORE—J. Rival, proprietor, Confectionery, 230 Broad.

FULLERTON, D. L., Stoves and Tin Ware, 192 Broad.

Mr. Fullerton has been located in Augusta for a number of years and has made a host of friends. Quiet and unassuming, but an enterprising business man, alive to everything that goes on in the world, and

keeping pace with all the improvements in his line, he is a useful and valuable member of the community. His stock is composed of the best goods, and he guarantees and never fails to give satisfaction. A visitor, who desires to buy anything in Mr. Fullerton's line, will be sure to find what he wants at that gentleman's large and complete establishment.

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### GALLAHER, Mrs. E. F., 289 Broad.

The well known store of Edw. F. Gallaher is now carried on by Mrs. Gallaher, and efficiently managed by Mr. Jno. J. Gallaher. He is a young man of strict business habits, and walks worthily in his father's footsteps. He is increasing the reputation of the store, and will make a fine business man. In his store will always be found a splendid stock of boots, shoes and hats, which, for beauty, strength and durability, cannot be surpassed. This shoe house has one of the best trades in Augusta.

### GALLAHER, JAMES, Dry Goods, 379 Broad.

### GALLAHER, JOHN, Dry Goods, 377 Broad.

### GALLAHER, P. & M., Dry Goods, 190 Broad.

These gentlemen have been engaged in the dry goods business in Augusta for a number of years, and have won the confidence of the community by their fair dealing. Their store is well filled with an excellent stock of goods, and they sell at reasonable prices. A member of the firm purchases goods, generally, in New York. Their stock is selected with care and judgment, and their goods, therefore, are always of the very best description. Their store is a popular institution, and any stranger who visits it, and sees the beautiful articles on every side, will not be surprised that such is the case. Mr. P. Gallaher was a gallant Confederate soldier during the war, and received honorable wounds in the service of the South.

### GARY, W. T., Lawyer, 206 Broad.

Major Gary is a native of Edgefield county, South Carolina, and a true type of the high toned chivalric people of the Palmetto State. A gallant and distinguished soldier during the war between the States, and true as steel since, he is a son of whom any State might well feel proud. As a lawyer, Major Gary is a close student, and an able speaker. He has been very successful in his cases. He has a host of friends in Augusta. Major Gary is President of the recently organized South Carolina Society.



GEDDINGS, Dr. EWD., Physician, office over 224 Broad.

GEORGIA RAILROAD BANK—corner Broad and McIntosh.

GERATY & ARMSTONG, Groceries, 291 Broad.

GERHKEN, D & BRO, Grocers, 112 Broad.

GIBSON, THOMAS H., Lawyer, office No. 10 McIntosh.

Mr. Gibson practiced law in Warren county for some years before coming to Augusta, and was very successful. Coming to Augusta some years since, he has since continued the practice of his profession in our city. Sound in thought and practical in his work, he is well thought of by all who know him, and is respected by his professional brethren.

GIBSON, WM., Judge of the Augusta Circuit, has for a long time held the position of Judge of the Circuit Court in this city. He was born in Scotland, and came to this country in 1840, and has since that time resided in this city. He is a man of high character, and is well respected by all who know him. He was formerly a member of the Georgia Bar Association, and was elected to the office of President of the Association in 1887. He is also a member of the Georgia Judicial Conference, and was elected to the office of President of the Conference in 1890. He is a man of high character, and is well respected by all who know him. He was formerly a member of the Georgia Bar Association, and was elected to the office of President of the Association in 1887. He is also a member of the Georgia Judicial Conference, and was elected to the office of President of the Conference in 1890. He is a man of high character, and is well respected by all who know him. He was formerly a member of the Georgia Bar Association, and was elected to the office of President of the Association in 1887. He is also a member of the Georgia Judicial Conference, and was elected to the office of President of the Conference in 1890.

GILLETTE, S. O., Omnibus Stables, corner Walker and Campbell.

GIRARDY, Miss, Millinery, 299 Broad.

GODIN, JULES, French Watchmaker, established 1871, office and residence 523 Broad, opposite Florio's Hotel. Fine assortment of watches, clocks, jewelry and spectacles on hand and for sale at prices which defy competition. Florida curiosities a specialty. Goods warranted as represented. Watches, clocks and jewelry work done in the best style of the art.

GOETCHIUS & CO., C. T., Druggists, 118 Broad.

GOODRICH, GEO. E., Grocer, 311 Broad.

ORMAN, J. O., Grocer, corner Fenwick and S. Boundary.

GOW, JAS. L., 255 Broad.

Among the established citizens of Augusta Jas. L. Gow ranks prominently. Thoroughly identified with its progress, he has taken a public spirited interest in the city and its organizations. He is a prominent Odd Fellow, has one of the largest job printing establishments in the city, and is one of the proprietors of the AUGUSTA EVENING NEWS. He turns out none but the best work from his job department and keeps in his store a varied stock of books, stationery and fancy articles for use and ornament.

GRAHAME, M., Cotton Buyer, over No. 4 Warren Block.

GRAHAM, D., Grocer, corner Centre and Telfair.

GRAHAM, J., Grocery and Liquors, corner Centre and Calhoun.

GRANDJEAN, D., Confectioner, 57 Jackson.

GRAY, C. & CO., Dry Goods, southeast corner Broad and McIntosh. Mr. Chris. Gray is one of the most widely known merchants in the South, as his establishment is one of the largest in this section. He buys his goods himself in New York, and as he understands how to make judicious purchases, is enabled to sell bargains. Few ladies would think of going out shopping without calling at the store of C. Gray & Co. The Augusta establishment is in charge of Mr. Andrew Gray, a gentleman of ability and good judgment.

GRAY, JAMES A., Dry Goods, 194 and 196 Broad, residence Greene, northwest corner McIntosh. Mr. Gray is proprietor of one of the largest dry goods establishments in the city, and his store is noted for its architectural beauty. It is one of the most prominent buildings in the city. Mr. Gray is a popular and public spirited citizen. A staunch Democrat, he has always been interested in the cause of good government. Commencing at the front of the establishment, with the immense show windows, glittering with beautiful articles, the visitor finds himself in one of the largest and most complete dry goods establishments in the South, and hours pass almost before he is aware of it, in the contemplation of the splendid stock.

GUESS, Dr. J. M., Physician, 360 Broad.

GUTHRIE, A., Shoemaker, 46 Jackson.

**HABERSHAM, E. M.**, Lawyer, 22 Jackson.

**HAHN, J. D.**, Baker, 120 Broad.

**HANSBERGER, P.**, 210 Broad, has a for a long time been among the leaders of tobaccoists in Augusta. His goods are as choice and fresh, as constant importation and incessant home manufacturing can make them, and he furnishes the finest smoking equipments for lovers of vapory ease. Mr. John Tischer, well versed in the business, assists Messrs. Hansberger & Son in the conduct of an extensive and popular business.

**HARKER, Dr. E. W.**, Dentist, 137 Broad.

**HARP, J. M.**, Lamp Dealer, 144 Broad.

**HARRIS, C. W.**, 219 Broad.

Mr. Harris has a finely regulated insurance office, being Agent for some of the soundest companies in the country, and besides a good share of the broker's business, which he prosecutes with keenness and energy, a progressive real estate agency also occupies his attention. He is noted as one of our live, whole-souled citizens, possessing hosts of friends.

**HARBIG, G.**, Jeweler, Jackson.

**HARPER & BRO.**, Lawyers, over 225 Broad.

**HARRIS, R.**, Dry Goods, 132 Broad.

**HATTON, Dr. JOS.**, Druggist, 77½ Jackson.

**HEARD, I. T.**, Cotton Shipper, with Wm. M. Read.

**HEGGIE, R. C. & CO.**, 275 Broad, Auction house.

**HENRY, T. W.**, Shoe Dealer, 237 Broad.

**HERTZ, D.**, Clothier, 155 Broad.

**HESS, H.**, Eruit and Vegetables, 125 Broad.

**HICKMAN, C. W.**, M. D., office over 239 Broad, residence Summerville. Dr. Hickman graduated at the Medical College, in Augusta, and completed his medical education in the colleges and hospitals of Europe, where he had great advantages. He is now located in Augusta, and is one of the adjunct professors in the Medical College at Augusta, and lectures on the special subject of ophthalmology.

HILL, B. T., Grocer, 329 Broad.

HILL, F. W., Cotton Shipper, with Nowell & Franklin.

HOLMAN, W. H., Butcher, Bredenburg's new building, Centre, near Broad. Mr. Holman is an enterprising young man who has established a first-class meat shop on one of the principal thoroughfares of the city. Those in search of good meats of all kinds, will always find the best at his stand. He kills fat beeves, sheep and hogs, and his meats are tender and juicy. He is very popular, and deserves his popularity.

HOLSONBAKE, A., Druggist, Campbell, between Telfair and Walker.

HOOK, JAMES S., Lawyer, office over the Post-Office, residence Sumnerville. Judge Hook has acquired a national reputation as a brilliant lawyer and eloquent speaker. He has been engaged in some of the most celebrated criminal and civil cases in the State, and has been uniformly successful even when opposed to such distinguished members of the profession as Robert Toombs and A. H. Stephens. His management of the "Pounds murder case," a cause *celebre* was universally commended upon, and he received some of the highest encomiums ever bestowed upon a lawyer, in connection with it. He was for several years Judge of the Superior Court of the Middle Circuit, and his decisions stand as monuments of legal ability and learning.

HOOKEY, GEO. S., Coal Dealer, 210 Broad.

Mr. Hookey possesses a reputation for business energy and enterprise, that is fully deserved. He has recently done what has never before been attempted in Augusta, brought thirty-five hundred tons of coal to the city at one time. He is known as a "million square" dealer, giving good measure and a big name but the best coal. Such men deserve to be encouraged, and to receive a liberal and equal share of patronage. He is one of the most successful business men of the place, a gentleman of the highest order. Mr. Hookey has been superintendent of the Gas Light Company of Augusta a number of years.

HOWE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, 3-6 Broad.

HUDSON & STUBBS, Grocers, 178 Broad.

HULSE, JAS. H., Dyer, 53 Jackson.

HYMAN, J. C., 359 Broad.

**HYAMS, M.**, Real Estate Agent, 25 McIntosh, between Broad and Reynolds. Mr. Hyams controls and manages one of the largest and most important industries connected with the growth of Augusta. The real estate business is now one of the leading branches of business in large cities, and depots or general agencies are established that are regarded as headquarters, not only for buying and selling real estate and property of all kinds, and renting the same, but as bureaus of information. One of the most important of these in the whole country is at Augusta, and is managed by Hyams, whose name as a large real estate dealer is known all over the Union. Together with his real estate and renting business, he negotiates loans, is agent for the Augusta Land Company, the Anderson and Santa Fe Railroad Company, Kansas: Texas Land Warrants, the Phoenix Mercantile and Collection Association, and also for W. J. Rutherford's celebrated Augusta bricks. His business is in particular very extensive, and has done much in advertising Augusta as one of the principal cities of the Union, while in the city itself he has done a great deal by bringing to Augusta Northern capitalists, and thus developing its resources and advancing its growth.

**JACKSON, DAVENPORT**, Lawyer, office over Sylvester's clothing store, Broad. Mr. Jackson is one of the shining lights of his profession, a gentleman of extensive legal acquirements and clear judgment. While he was Solicitor of the Augusta Circuit, which office he held four years with complete satisfaction to bar and people, he managed the most difficult cases with consummate ability, winning for himself a most enviable reputation as an able lawyer. Criminals were sure of punishment, and the courts looked on in approval as he protected the interests of its good people. Refusing to be a candidate for appointment when his term expired, he entered actively into practice on the civil side of the Court. He possesses the confidence and esteem of everybody.

**JANSEN, Mrs. C.**, Groceries, corner Watkins and Twiggs.

**JAWORSKY, EDWARD**, Grocery, 337 Broad.

**JOHNSON, T. N.**, Cotton Shipper, with Wright & Crane.

**JONES & EVE**, (C. C. Jones, Jr., & F. Edgworth Eve), lawyers, office over Commercial Bank, Broad. Colonel Jones, the senior of this firm, is known not only throughout Georgia, but in many other

States of the Union, as a lawyer and an author. He was admitted to the bar in 1856, and was afterwards a member of the law firm of Ward, Jackson & Jones, of Savannah. When the war commenced he was Mayor of Savannah, but resigned that position in order to enter the military service of the Confederacy. He was at the head of all the artillery in Georgia at one time, and afterwards commander of the Fifth Military District of South Carolina. In 1866, he went to New York and remained there ten years as a member of the law firm of Ward, Jones and Whitehead. At the unveiling of the Confederate Monument in Augusta, on October 31st, 1878, Colonel Jones delivered the oration, which was a model. Captain F. E. Eve, the junior of the firm, was admitted to the bar a few years since, and is a gentleman of much promise. He was captain of a company of cavalry during the war, and was noted as a gallant and dashing officer.

JONES, M. J., M. D., Physician, Northwest corner Telfair and Campbell.

JORDAN, HENRY S., Clothier, 238 Broad, residence 201 Greene. What Mr. Jordan doesn't know about clothing isn't worth knowing. He has been in the business for so many years that he thoroughly understands the wants of the people of Augusta and the adjacent country, and buys according. The visitor to the store will find a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class clothing store, and he will be hard to satisfy if he doesn't get what he wants.

JOWITT & SHAVER, Job Printers, Opera House Arcade. This firm is composed of Mr. Thad. C. Jowitt and D. Shaver, both of whom have long been in the printing business. Mr. Jowitt is an experienced job printer, thoroughly capable. The job office is supplied with all the latest improvements, including an elegant press, and the firm is prepared to do any kind of work in their line.

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KAPLAN, G., Pawnbroker, 311 Broad.

KAUGHMAN, J. B., Clothing and Dry Goods, 162 Broad.

KEENAN, P., Shoes, 226 Broad.

KEENER, J., Butcher, Jackson.

KENALLY, JOHN, corner Telfair and Jackson.

KENRICK, F. D., Druggist, 322 Broad.

KERNAGHAN, GEO. H., proprietor of the Palace Livery and Sale stables. The name of George Kernaghan is familiar to all who ever rode behind a fine horse, and to say that he is proprietor of the neatest and best arranged hiring stable in Augusta, or in the State, would be the truth. His stables are extensively patronized, are well kept, and ably managed. He has as fine stock as the State affords, and his carriages and buggies are the best kept and finest made. In seasons he sells mules and horses, and deals extensively with Kentucky drovers.

KOENIG, Miss L. M., Milliner, 330 Broad.

KRUG, C. A., Baker, Campbell, near Telfair.

**L**ABOUSEUR & EYE, grocers, 114 Broad, Bredenburg's new building.

LAMBACK, G. F., Confectioner, 163 Broad.

LA TASTE, ANDREW G., Cotton Factor and Commission Merchant, No. 4 Warren block, Jackson street. Mr. La Taste is well known to all business men in Augusta, and has been long connected with the cotton trade and its workings. He is known as a business man, and a thorough gentleman, and gives his strict personal attention to all business entrusted to his charge. Orders for goods promptly filled, and his commission business is a large accessory to his cotton buying and selling. Planters are referred to him as worthy of the highest trust.

LASS, WM., Baker, corner Centre and Ellis.

LECKIE, Mrs. L. J., Milliner, 183 Broad.

LEE, J. J., Grocer, corner Fenwick and Marbury.

LEE & BOTHWELL, Grocers, 171 Broad.

LESSER, S., Cotton Dealer, 170 Reynolds.

Mr. Lesser is one of the busiest merchants on that busy street, where his office is located, and his establishment is generally the scene of activity and bustle. Mr. Lesser, knowing the wants of the trade and appreciating the fact that Augusta should have every species of

industry in its midst, has built and runs a cotton press, where loose cotton is neatly baled. He pays the highest cash prices for loose cotton. Mr. Lesser is an enterprising citizen and has an amount of vim and go-a-headitiveness that is bound to win success in any community.

### LEVY, ABRAM.

Mr. Levy is senior member of the firm of Abram Levy & Son, clothiers, 218 Broad street. He is one of the most popular citizens of the place, as is evidenced from the fact that he has been for a number of years President of the Clinch Fire Company, one of the crack organizations of the Augusta Fire Department. Mr. Levy's partner is his son, Mr. I. C. Levy, who is noted for his business energy. Their store is supplied with a splendid stock of clothing.

### LEVY, SAMUEL.

Judge Levy was elected Ordinary of Richmond county in 1863, and was re-elected in 1872. While in office he gave satisfaction to the people of the county. His office was a marvel of neatness and order, and any paper in it could be found in a moment. He was admitted to the Bar a short time after his second term expired, and is now practicing his profession.

LIEBSCHER, E., Fish and Game and Ice House, corner Jackson and Ellis.

LITHEY, JNO., Woodyard, corner Fenwich and Kollock.

LOMER, THOS. F., Grocer, corner Campbell and Adams.

LOO, CHUNG, Teas, 147 1/2 Broad.

LOOK UM YOU, Teas, 328 Broad.

LOWERY, J. H., proprietor of the Lowery Wagon and Machine shop, corner of Ellis and Campbell streets. Mr. Lowery is known as one of the solid men, and his personal superintendence of his work, assisted by his son, Mr. Harry Lowery, is a guarantee of good work and proper attention. All iron, carts, harness and anything in the line of a wagon factory or machine shop for practical use, is turned out in the best and most substantial style. The Lowery shop is an Augusta institution, and everything in his large shop is home made, and he deserves the large patronage that the public bestows.

LUDEKINS, Miss M., Millinery, 23 Jackson.

LUHRS, C. H., Grocer, 108 Broad.

LYONS, ELLIS, Dry Goods, 373 Broad.



**McANDREW, Mrs. JAS.,** Groceries, 342 Broad.

**McCANN, Mrs.,** Grocery, Campbell, between Telfair and Walker.

**McCORD, Z.,** Wholesale Grocer and Provision Dealer, 294 Broad, residence corner Greene and McIntosh. The sign of Z. McCord, at the corner of Broad and Campbell streets, has long been a landmark in Augusta. Mr. McCord very justly enjoys a high reputation for sterling character in all his dealings with his fellow men. He is one of those of whom it can truthfully be said, "his word is as good as his bond." Keeping pace with the enterprise of the age, alive to Augusta's interests, and ready always to assist in advancing her prosperity, he is one of her most useful and influential citizens.

**McDERMOTT, M.,** Grocers, 357 Broad.

**McDONNALD, J. C.,** Cotton Shipper, with F. W. Reid.

**McKNIGHT & WHITTENDALE,** Shoes, etc., 267 Broad.

**McLAWS, A. H.,** Real Estate Agent, No. 1 Law Range, residence country. Major McLaws is known to every man in Richmond county and is popular with everybody. He was a gallant officer in the Confederate army, and served the Lost Cause faithfully to the end. For several years he was County School Commissioner and Secretary of the Board of Education and was an efficient officer, liked and esteemed by teachers and pupils. Major McLaws knows every foot of ground in Richmond county, and therefore possesses great advantages for buying and selling real estate.

**McLAWS, WM. R.,** Lawyer, 23 Jackson.

**McLEMORE, Mrs.,** Milliner, 188 Broad.

**MACARTHY & SHEAHAN,** Grocers, 40 Jackson.

**MARCUS, M. J.**

Mr. Marcus is known to one of the hon. men of Augusta. He and Mrs. Lewis for seasons past have been engaged in the importation of European and German breeds of dogs and cats for the pet trade of Augusta. They are a busy couple, especially so in Augusta in winter, he is the hunter of the dog and cat, and the noted animals. Mr. Marcus is a young man yet, and represents well his calling and business.

**MARKWALTER, THEO., 133 Broad.**

Has one of the finest Marble Yards South and keeps always on hand monuments, tombstones and marble work generally, a selection of which is ever ready for lettering and delivery at short notice. He has several hundred of the choicest and newest designs of modern styles, which he furnishes at low prices. His workmanship is elegant, and the Confederate Monument in Augusta stands as a tribute to his skill, energy and excellence. Mr. Markwalter is one of Augusta's best citizens and is well known throughout the State.

**MAST, J. B., Locksmith, 115 Broad.****MAY, R. H. & CO., 208 Broad.**

One of the largest establishments in the South for the sale of carriages, buggies, wagons and harness is that of Robert H. May & Co. The firm sells annually a large number of vehicles, and its customers are found in nearly every part of Georgia and South Carolina. A visitor to the establishment, if he is in search of a buggy, a carriage or a wagon, is bound to get suited. On every hand vehicles are arranged in long rows, embracing those of every description and price, from the buggy with harness and whip, at \$85 for the outfit, to that at \$300. The smaller priced vehicle is no humbug—but a substantial, handsome affair, with excellent appointments. The firm manufacture a substantial and comfortable farm wagon, which is sold, with harness, for fifty dollars. Three hundred of these are made every year, and ready sale is found for all that can be turned out. Mr. Robert H. May, the senior of the firm, is one of the most prominent citizens of Augusta. He was Mayor of the city for five years, from April, 1861, to April, 1866.

**MAYNAHAN, PAT., Grocer, Twiggs near Walker.****MERCHANTS AND PLANTERS BANK—T. P. Branch,  
President, 223 Broad.****MERZEAU, L., 52 Jackson.****MEYER, J. H., Beer and Cigars, 316 Broad.****MICHAEL, I., Dry Goods, 156 Broad.****MILLER & BUSSEY, Grocers, 283 Broad.****MILLER & DANIEL, Grocers and Commission Merchants,  
235 Broad.**

**MILLER, JAMES, 239 Broad.**

The old reliable dry goods house of James Miller is one of the main institutions, and Miller's corner is one of the landmarks in Augusta's history. Mr. Miller is one of the leading men, and is well known as the oldest dry goods merchants in the city. He keeps in his corner store one of the largest and best selected stocks of dry goods to be found anywhere, and has a big wholesale business with country merchants. His trade in city and country is as big as his reputation, and everybody knows that the old reliable is to be trusted.

**MILLER, J. R., Planter.**

Mr. Miller is the oldest son of Mr. James Miller, and is conducting one of the largest farms in Richmond county, about four miles from the city. He is noted as having raised the largest watermelons in Richmond, which is celebrated for fine melons. He keeps a fine lot of selected seed of the rattlesnake variety for sale. Mr. M. resides in Augusta and is one of its representative young men.

**MONTGOMERY, J. H., Lawyer and Real Estate Agent,  
over 4 Warren Block.****MOORE, HENRY, Hardware, 243 Broad.**

Since the earliest days of hardware business in this city, some member of this well known family has been prominently engaged in this pursuit, and the large fine apartments of Mr. Henry Moore are filled with every variety of staple and fancy articles of hardware and cutlery. His outfit and stock are among the finest to be found, and Mr. Henry P. Moore, now conducting the business, bids fair to keep the house in its steady and prosperous channel of popularity.

**MOORE, JOHN BONES, Hardware, 185 Broad.****MOORE, J. J., Groceries, 372 Broad.****MOORE, THOS., Bar Room, corner Waker and Campbell.****MORRIS, S., Clothing, 292 Broad.****MURPHEY, E. T., Grocer, 170 Broad.****MURPHEY, N. & CO., Shoes, 168 Broad.****MULHERIN, WM., 293 Broad.**

Mr. Mulherin is proprietor of one of the largest shoe houses in Augusta, and is regarded as one of Augusta's solid business men. He keeps always on hand a well assorted and varied stock and can please all classes. His goods are guaranteed and his large trade shows how

he is appreciated. Mr. Mulherin also carries, in addition to his fine stock, shoes and hats for plantation purposes, and he receives a large patronage. Durable boots and shoes are a specialty with Mr. Mulherin.

**MULLARKY, A. & CO., Dry Goods, 262 Broad.**

The head of this house, Mr. Austin Mullarky, is very deservedly one of the most popular citizens of Augusta. He is a prominent member of the Democratic Executive Committee of Richmond County, and at the time when Georgia was misruled, did his part to restore to her the blessings of good government. He is an experienced merchant, and the shelves of the firm are filled with the best goods that can be procured. The store is always thronged with customers.

**MYERS & MARCUS, Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,  
etc., 233 Broad.**

**MYERS, SIMON, Clothier, 107 Broad.**

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**NATIONAL BANK OF AUGUSTA—Wm. E. Jackson,  
President, 201 Broad.**

**NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK—249 Broad, Alfred  
Baker, President.**

**NEES, WM., Boot Maker, 390 Broad.**

**NELSON, Jno. S., Tailor, 42 Jackson.**

**NEWBY, J. M., Crockery, 157 Broad.**

**NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE—Miss Nellie Purcell,  
222 Broad.**

**NOWELL & FRANKLIN, Cotton Factors, over No. 6  
Warren Block.**

**NURNBURGER, A., Grocery, 158½ Broad.**

**O'BRIEN, J.**, Shoemaker, 46 Jackson.

**O'CONNER, Mrs. M. J.**, Milliner, 186 Broad.

**O'DONNELL & BURKE**, Grocers, 276 Broad.

Messrs. Edw. O'Donnell and Jas. Burke, the members of this firm, are natives of Ireland, but like all their countrymen who come to America, are staunch and excellent citizens of their adopted country. Mr. O'Donnell is a member of the City Council, and also of the Board of Education of Richmond County, and does good work in both positions, to each of which he has several times been elected.

**O'DOWD, S. C.**, Dry Goods, 347 Broad.

**OELRICH, J. C. II.**, Grocer, corner Centre and Calhoun.

**OETJEN & BRO.**, Grocers, 40 Broad.

**OETJEN & DOSCH**, Grocers, 174 Broad.

The members of this firm, Messrs. J. Oetjen and J. Dosch, are well known German citizen grocers, and are well known and properly of the community and well respected for their reputation of being lovers of order and good government. They keep a large and well selected stock of goods and do an extensive business.

**OSWALD, Z.**, Shoemaker, 20 Jackson.

**OTIS, PATRICK**, Liquors and Cigars, Jackson near Broad.

Mr. Otis keeps a fine stock of choice liquors and cigars which he sells at reasonable prices. He is well known and gives satisfaction to his customers. Attached to the place is a billiard room, with several excellent tables. Mr. Otis has also incorporated with his establishment, a room where whisky, brandy and other liquors of the finest brands can be bought in bottles.

**OWENS, ALFRED**, Grocer, 100 Broad.

**OWENS, S. E.**, Bar Room, opposite Union Depot.

**PANKNIN, J. W.,** Druggist, 134 Broad.

**PARKER, J. W.,** Grocer, 102 Broad.

**PEARCE, ANDERSON & CO.,** Cotton and Commission merchants, 2 Jackson.

**PELOT & COLE,** Photographers, 192 Broad.

The photographs taken by this firm very justly possess a reputation for excellence in every detail, second to none in the United States. Mr. Pelot is an accomplished photographer, who keeps pace with all the improvements which science introduces into the art, and in many instances improves upon later discoveries himself. Lieutenant J. D. Cole, his partner, is a skilled colorist, and the photographs which come from his brush possess the life like tints of oil paintings. As an officer of the Clinch Rifles, Lt. Cole is one of the prominent military men in Augusta.

**PENDLETON, A. F.,** Bookseller and Stationer, 224 Broad, residence Elbert, northwest corner Ellis. Mr. Pendleton occupies a stand in one of the most eligible locations in the city and does an excellent business, which he richly deserves. He has one of the most complete book stores in the South, and his tables are always filled with the latest illustrated papers, magazines and other periodicals. Mr. Pendleton is an accomplished typo, and when in the business was noted for being one of the best job printers in the city.

**PEUFFIER, Mrs.,** Bakery, 341 Broad.

**PHINIZY & CO.,** Cotton Merchants, 1 Jackson.

**PHINIZY, J. H.,** Insurance Agent, 213 Broad.

**PIERCE, R. L.,** Lawyer, over 176 Broad.

**PISER, H.,** Dry Goods, 142 Broad.

**PLANTERS HOTEL**—B. F. Brown, proprietor, corner of Broad and Macartin streets. One of the first questions about a city is in reference to its hotels, and it is universally conceded that good hotels go a long way in making a town, and are the prime requisite and chief beauty to the traveling public. The Planters Hotel, as managed by Mr. Brown, is certainly one of the finest in the South, and one of the best kept houses in the country. Its popularity is attested by the people of Georgia and the neighborhood of Augusta, while it is the main resort

of all northern travelers in the winter season who come to our beautiful city. Mr. Brown is ably assisted in his management by Mr. R. C. Rogers, who is one of the best posted hotel men in Georgia, and a young man of great popularity. In outfit and appointments, the Planters is the equal of the best. Its apartments newly fitted up and elegantly kept, its *menu* unexcelled south, and everything characterized by neatness and perfectness, make this hotel indeed a delightful resort. Every convenience and improvement is attached, including telegraph and reading rooms, billiard rooms, etc., for gentlemen; and the hotel itself is conveniently situated for railroad facilities, and in the business and prominent portion of the city.

**PLATT BROTHERS, Furniture Dealers, 214 Broad.**

The name which is inscribed on the sign over the front door of the handsome and commodious store of this firm, is one of the most familiar in Augusta. The Messrs. Platt have been engaged in the furniture business in this city for over forty years, and during the whole of that long period have been noted for the sterling quality of their goods. It is something for them to be proud of, that they have been before the people for nearly half a century, and are as popular to-day as ever. They have in their large establishment one of the largest stocks ever brought to the South, and it embraces a splendid variety. The Messrs. Platt are also undertakers, and keep on hand a full supply of goods in that line.

**POULLAIN ANTOINE, Cotton Factor, 8 Jackson.**

**PRAGER, A. M., Clothing store, 184 Broad.**

**PRIMROSE, P. H., Butcher, Bredenberg's new building, Centre.**

**PRONTAUT, J. H., Jeweler, 236 Broad, residence Telfair, near Elbert.** Mr. Prontaut is successor to his father, Mr. A. Prontaut, whose establishment next to the Augusta Hotel, was so long one of the landmarks of the city. Mr. Prontaut is a sterling and energetic young man, with a thorough knowledge of the business in which he is engaged. His stock is large, complete and well selected, and he never fails to give satisfaction to his customers.

**PURCELL, CHARLES & JOHN, Grocers, corner Fenwick and Twiggs.** These young men have lately opened their establishment, and they have met with the success which they so well deserve. Active and energetic, they have devoted themselves heartily to the enterprise in which they have embarked. They are sons of Captain E. B. Purcell, one of the most popular railroad men in the South. They keep a full line of choice family groceries, and have a large and increasing business.

**RAMEY, J. D.**, Grocer, 313 Broad.

**RAMSEY, W. A.**, 338 Broad.

Mr. Ramsey is one of the best known men in Augusta. All his life connected with the place, and thoroughly interested in the city, and a man of genial manners, he is greatly respected by every one. Mr. Ramsey has been one of the largest dealers in Augusta, and now keeps a fine and selected stock of groceries, fruits, etc. Situated in a growing and popular part of Augusta, his store will increase with the city. His groceries and fruits are very fine, and he calls especial attention to his stand.

**RAPPOLD, JNO.**, Bar Room, 99 Broad.

**RATLIFF, J. W. & CO.**, 164 Broad.

**READ, WM. M.**, Cotton Buyer and Secretary and Treasurer of Cotton Compress Company, over No. 7 Warren Black.

**REANEY, J. F.**, Grocer, corner Telfair Campbell.

**REID, Miss LUCY J.**, Millinery, 344 Broad.

**REIMANN, Dr. L.**, Physician, 153 Broad.

**RENKL, G.**, Variety Store, 160½ Broad.

**REYNOLDS, P.**, Marble Works, Campbell near Telfair.

**RHODES & PREVAL**, Grocers, corner Ceutre and Calhoun.

**RHODES, T. R.**, Grocery and General Produce, 154 Broad.

**RICE, Mrs. W.**, Milliner, 189 Broad.

**RICHARDS V. & BRO.**, Dry Goods Dealers, and Proprietors of the now famous Frederickburg dry goods store, 301 Broad street. As one of the results of an earnest endeavor to serve their customers with none but the best qualities of goods, and at the lowest prices, coupled with that close attention to business essential to success, this house has become a land-mark in the South, and its familiar name, Fredericksburg store, is synonymous with fine goods, low prices, fair dealing and satisfaction throughout our land. *Viva voce*, our people agree that we have an institution of solid worth, represented by the names of V. Richards & Bro.



**RICHARDS, W. T. & SON, 263 Broad,** are now proprietors of one of the oldest book stores in the country. The house of Thomas Richards is in the schoolboy recollection of some of the oldest inhabitants, and the firm have maintained a reputation for taste in selection of books and stationery, which an untarnished business integrity has bolstered up and age has crowned with honor. Their goods to-day abound with the freshest editions of the literary press, the finest supply of school and business stationery in Georgia. They rank justly high among our solid firms.

**RIGSBY, J. W., 279 Broad.**

Mr. Rigsby has recently opened his shoe house, but has always been well known to the people of Augusta. Since the establishment of his house his trade has kept him busy and its popularity is assured. He has a choice and large stock of fine boots and shoes, and splendid hats and umbrellas. His stock is complete and everything is of the best make. Before purchasing it would be well to call on Mr. Rigsby and examine his elegant stock.

**ROBBE, C. A., Plumber and Gas Fitter, Ellis near Jackson**

Mr. Robbe is one of those men who became thoroughly identified in a well conducted and long established business; and is as intimately acquainted with practical detail as he is with its liberal management. Mr. Robbe is chief of the fire department, having served two years at this important post with great satisfaction to the city and to the department. He has preserved harmony within the corps as well as guaranteed security to the community by a judicious handling of the department. He is proprietor of the Augusta Cement Works, now an important enterprise on the canal.

**ROBERTS, H. M., Artist and Sign Painter.**

Mr. Roberts is situated on McIntosh, rear of the Georgia Railroad Bank. A perfect gem of a painters's headquarters, and in addition to the carrying on of the house, sign and fancy painting, Mr. Roberts is an artist of decided talent and exquisite taste. He is a native Georgian, and a native artist, and a hard working man, and deserves well of the people. His pictures are beautiful works of art, while his painting and regular business are always the best and skillfully executed. He paints on walls as well as canvas, and has ornamented a number of churches by his art.

**ROBERTS, WM. S., President of the Bank of Augusta.**

Connected with some of the most prominent enterprises, Mr. Roberts is recognized as one of the leading men in the city. He is President of the Bank of Augusta, senior partner in the firm of Roberts & Co.,

one of the largest grocery houses in Augusta, and is also a member of the firm of Roberts & Morris, cotton merchants. The Bank of Augusta is on Broad street, the grocery house No. 2 Warren block, and the cotton house on the corner of McIntosh and Reynolds. In all of these Mr. Roberts is a thorough business man, and an excellent manager. He is universally respected for his goodness and gentlemanly characteristics.

**ROBINSON, GEO. O. & CO., 265 Broad.**

Prominent among the lists of factories, foundries, and general emporiums, Augusta notes with pride the eminent success of "The Music House of the South," presided over by Prof. George O. Robinson, one of the best known and most wide-awake men in the country. Commencing in his music hall only a few years ago, Mr. Robinson, by his associating with the finest American manufacturers, filled his hall with the best instruments and latest music, which he was enabled to sell at cheap cash rates, and upon easy terms to good customers. Added to this he has, by a judicious and elaborate system of advertising, invited buyers to his rooms, and kept his inducements constantly before the people. The result has been commensurate with the effort, and his music house, besides being popular rooms with Augusta people, have a steady flow of visits from strangers. Prof. Robinson has the finest makes of Mason & Hamlin's organs, and all the standard pianos, and always keeps the stock large and complete. His delivery system is a most accurate one, as orders every day for music, violin and guitar strings, are promptly filled. From all parts of Georgia, Carolina, and Alabama do these orders come, and Prof. Robinson, besides moving two or three pianos every week, works a perfect net-work of trade in the music line.

**ROCHE, P., Shoemaker, 48 Jackson.**

**ROGERS, E. H., 245 Broad,** keeps at the old stand a fine assortment of guns and pistols, among the best in the market. His stock of ammunition is considered standard here, and to his store do sportsmen repair for equipments of every kind. The repairing department of the shop has always been in the most skillful hands, and gives general satisfaction. Mr. Rogers is one of our best citizens, has served the people in various ways, and has been several times honored by the First Ward with a seat in the Common Council.

**RONEY, JAMES, Grocer, corner Campbell and Hopkins.**

**ROSENFELD, L., Clothing, 312 Broad.**

ROYAL, W. S., 231 Broad, proprietor of the Augusta Shoe House. Mr. Royal's store might well be called the Augusta shoe house, for it is immensely popular, and is always filled with a large and well selected stock of the finest and best that can be bought in his line. His stock of ladies' and misses' shoes cannot be excelled, while wearing material for the feet of every style and for everybody is always on hand. He sells his fine goods at bottom prices, and the full worth of money is always gotten from Royals.

RUSSELL, JOB, Butcher, Marbury.

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SABEL, JOS., Leather Merchant, 45 Jackson.

SAINSIMON & MORRISON, Job Printers, McIntosh near Broad. The gentlemen who compose this firm are well known in Augusta. Practical printers, who have long been in the business, there is nothing in the typographical art that they do not understand. They have a neat and complete establishment, and are prepared to execute work at low prices, and guarantee satisfaction to customers. Their jobs will bear comparison with similar work done anywhere in the United States. Their presses are new and of the most modern description, and they keep up with all the new styles of type.

SANCKEN, D., Liquors, 152 Broad.

SAYRE, N, Confectioner, 184½ Broad.

SCHNEIDER, E. R., Dealer in Liquors, Cigars, etc., 161 and 256 Broad. Among the landmarks of Augusta none is more familiar to residents and people of the vicinity than Schneider's corner. Mr. Schneider has been engaged in business at this corner for many years, and is noted as one of the most successful merchants in the city. He is not only an enterprising business man, but an excellent citizen. Mr. Schneider imports his liquors, oils, pickles and other articles in his stock, direct from Europe, and his customers are always certain that they are getting the best that the market affords.

SCHNEIKER & MYER, Grocers and Tobacco dealers, 116 Broad.

SHARKEY, Mrs., Varieties, corner Centre and Ellis.

SHEAHAN, D. H., Grocer, corner Campbell and Gardner.

SHEAHAN, EDW., Soda Water manufactory, 205 Greene.

SHEFTON, ADAM (colored), Barber, 21 Jackson.

SHEHAN, D. H., Drugs, northwest corner Campbell and Walker.

SHERMAN, W. L., Saddles and Harness, 336 Broad.

SHEWMAKE, JNO. T., Lawyer, office over Day, Tannahill & Co., Broad. Judge Shewmake is one of the most learned and successful lawyers in this section, and has a large practice. He appears as counsel in very many of the cases on the Superior Court dockets of the Augusta Circuit. In the days of the Confederacy, Judge Shewmake represented the District of which Richmond constituted a part, in the Confederate Congress, and won a well merited reputation as an able legislator. After the war he devoted himself to the practice of his profession. When the Board of Education was organized, he was elected its President, and filled the office with ability until he was elected State Senator, when he resigned. When his term as Senator expired, he declined a re-election.

SIBLEY & WHELESS, Cotton Factors, Reynolds.

SIMON, Mrs., Dry Goods, 126 Broad.

SINGER SEWING MACHINE—Agency 247 Broad, W. H. Saul, agent. This well known company has, during the last year, not only distanced all rivals in the race for popular favor, but exceeded their own immense sales in the past, so that they now stand unrivalled in the world of industry. What is true of the "great Singer" at large is verified by the agency at this place. While other agencies have drawn in the extensive offices and reduced their operations every way, the Singer still holds undiminished sway, and is the pride of every household.

SNEAD, CLAIBORNE.

Judge Snead is one of the most prominent citizens of Augusta and the State. He at one time represented Richmond county in the Legislature, and took a front rank in that body as an able and energetic member, and for his zeal in behalf of the interests of the Empire State of the South. As Judge of the County Court of Richmond county, he acquired a merited reputation as an excellent judicial officer, fearless and impartial in his decisions. He is a fine lawyer and eloquent orator.

During the war, Judge Snead was Colonel of the gallant Third Georgia Regiment, and participated with it on many a hard-fought field. He was captured by the Federals, and immured in a Northern military prison, but through all his hardships remained the same brave soldier, firm in his allegiance and love to his country.

**SMITH, HACK & CO.,** 300 Broad, Produce and Commission Merchants, successors to the well known firm of Blair, Smith & Co., conduct one of the safest and steadiest businesses in Augusta. Captain A. J. Smith, Mr. D. B. Hack and Mr. G. W. Crane, are well known as experienced reliable men, and that they command a very fair portion of produce and bagging trade, is not surprising. They make specialities too of the choicest Virginia tobacco, and have their stock ordered direct from the factories of the Old Dominion.

**SMYTHE, E. D. & CO.,** Wholesale and Retail dealers in crockery, china and glassware, kerosene lamps and fixtures, silver-plated and Britannia goods, wood and willow ware, and a full line of novelties in house furnishing goods, 258 Broad. This firm have one of the most attractive stores south of New York. When their show windows are lighted up at night, crowds congregate before them, admiring the handsome goods and the fine display. The store is stocked with a great variety of beautiful articles in the crockery and house-furnishing line, and these the firm propose to sell as cheap as they can be bought in New York city itself. Mr. Smythe is an enterprising man, who keeps pace with the improvements and the progressiveness of the age, and is a valuable addition to any community.

**SMYTHE, FRANK,** 193 Broad, has his store well filled with stoves and tin ware, guttering and tin roofing, and of repair-ing material. He is entrusted with the most extensive and responsible contracts of this description, besides job work in his line. Captain Smythe is a gallant and promine it member of the fire department, and at present is commanding officer of that veteran corps, the Irish Volun-teers.

**SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY—H. Dempsey,** Su-perintendent, 179 Broad.

**SPEARS, WM. E.,** Dentist, 330 Broad.

**SPAETH, CHARLES,** Jackson, Northeast corner of Telfair, wines, liquors and lager beer. Mr. Spaeth's name is a synonym for all that is genial and generous. He is as good as his beer, which is saying a great deal. He is the agent in this city for one of the largest breweries in Cincinnati, and sells a large quantity of the popular bever-

age. Mr. Spaeth was a gallant Confederate soldier during the war. He has been President of the Deutscher Schuetzen Club of this city since its organization. Spaeth's Hall, corner of Jackson and Telfair streets, is one of the noted points of Augusta.

STAFFORD, T. H., General Broker, 16 Jackson.

STALLINGS, J. M., Grocer, 128 Broad.

STEED, W. J., Commission Merchant, 319 Broad.

STELLING, D., Grocery and Variety store, 138 and 140 Broad.

STELLING, D. C., 327 Broad.

Mr. Stelling is one of Augusta's young merchants. For about six months he has carried on a grocery business on the northwest corner of Broad and Cumming streets and his success has been very great. He has always on hand a fine and full stock of family groceries. He receives a good share of patronage and is bound to succeed. The low prices of his articles are facts well known, and the energy displayed by him deserves a recognition by the public. He is located in a growing part of Augusta, and will increase with the city.

STELLING, F. H., Grocer, 124 Broad.

STINSON, P., Grocer, corner Greene and Marbury.

STONE, O. M. & CO., corner of Reynolds and McIntosh.

This is one of the soundest cotton houses in Middle Georgia, and enjoys an unblemished reputation in the commission and warehouse business. They are general agents for Gilletts' improved magnolia cotton gins, Bigelow engines, Coleman's mills, cotton presses, horse powers, grain separators, sugar mills and saw mills. These machines are now being extensively used in this State and Carolina, and seem to be all that their reliable agents represent them.

STOVALL, F. M., Dealer in Coal, McIntosh.

Augusta, consumes a large quantity of coal every winter—anthracite and bituminous, and it looks to the dealers in fuel to supply its needs. Mr. Stovall has been engaged in the business for several years, and it will be conceded on all sides that he has never failed to give satisfaction to those who have favored him with their patronage. Straightforward and conscientious in an eminent degree, he makes it a point that his customers shall have good measure and good coal. His prices are reasonable for both qualities.

STOVALL, M. P., Cotton Factor, 5 Warren Block.

SULLIVAN, JNO., Green Grocer, 46½ Jackson.

SULLIVAN, Miss MAGGIE, Groceries. Campbell, near Walker.

SYLVESTER, L., Clothing, 272 Broad.

Mr. Sylvester stands high in the community for integrity and sterling business qualities. He has been established in Augusta since 1865, and has enjoyed a constantly increasing patronage since that time. His stock is kept up to the standard of excellence expected in first-class clothing establishments, and his prices are regulated to suit the times. His goods are composed of the best materials, and are made up in the latest styles.

SYMMS, GEO., Insurance Agent, McIntosh street.

Mr. Symms is one of our most whole-souled and genial citizens, and is now thoroughly identified with the insurance business, being agent at Augusta for the Queen Insurance Company of England, Lancashire Insurance Company of England, Manhattan Insurance Company of New York, Merchants & Mechanics Insurance Company of Richmond, Va. All having made the \$25,000 deposit with the Comptroller-General of Georgia, as required by law. Fire house risks are also with him a specialty. He is assisted in his work by Mr. George Symms, Jr., a most competent and skillful young accountant, who has given every evidence of promise and ability, and policy holders in these companies could not be protected by better agents.

SWEIGERT, WM., Jeweller, 221 Broad.

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TANT, I. S. & P. C., Butcher, 48 Jackson.

THOMAS, FLOYD, Butcher, 110 Broad.

THOMPSON & HEINDEL, manufacturers of doors, sashes, blinds, etc., Hale street, and No. 43 Jackson. This firm run a large planing mill on Hale street. It is one of the largest establishments of the kind in the South, and turns out annually a large quantity of doors, sashes, blinds, mantles, balusters, newels and stair rails. Dressed lumber

is always on hand. The firm receive about 3,000,000 feet of lumber every year. At their store, on Jackson street, they keep a full supply of builders' hardware, including locks, window glass, screws, etc. They also have for sale paints and oils.

THORNE, J. J. & CO., Hardware, 159 Broad.

THILEN, T., Grocer, corner Campbell and S. Boundary.

TIMBERLAKE, F. A.

Captain Timberlake is a member of the firm of F. A. Timberlake & Co., commission merchants, at No. 1 Warren block. The house does an extensive business in Western produce. Captain Timberlake is a Tennessean, and fought in the Confederate army as a volunteer from that State. He was severely wounded, but served the Lost Cause until the close of the war. He is respected by everybody who knows him.

TOBIN, P. B., Bookkeeper.

Mr. Tobin is one of the best known young business men of Augusta. Although quite a young man he is employed as bookkeeper in one of the most prominent houses in the city—that of Bones, Dougherty & Co. He is one of the finest and most competent bookkeepers in Augusta, and one of the city's rising young men. His popularity with everyone is a compliment that his good character and accomplishments insure.

TRUMP, J. H., Fancy Goods and Notions, 220 Broad, boards Central Hotel. Mr. Trump is one of those enterprising young men, whose energy and business tact have made this Republic the great commercial nation that it is. For several years Mr. Trump was manager of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company agency in this city, and became well known throughout Georgia and South Carolina. His establishment is the depot for beautiful fancy goods and notions, and is extensively patronized by the ladies of Augusta and vicinity.

TURLEY, J. M., Dry Goods, 260 Broad.

Broad street would look strange without the sign of J. W. Turley, so long has it held its place among the mercantile names of the city. Mr. Turley's store is always well patronized during the busy season, and it is known by everybody who knows anything about Augusta, that his stock of goods is an excellent one in every particular. His shelves and counters are filled with beautiful goods, and his prices are marked to suit the times.



**V**AUGHAN & MURPHEY, Groceries, 273 Broad.

VAUGHAN, JOHN, J. P., over 46 Jackson.

VERDERY, EUGENE F., Lawyer, office over 227 Broad, is now one of the leading members of the bar, and one of the soundest young men in the community. Entering the profession some years after the war, Mr. Verdery devoted himself assiduously to his duties, and has shown himself capable of managing the many important interests with which he has been intrusted. But particularly in the enterprise of the Augusta and Knoxville Road, has he exhibited great firmness and tact, and his recent election as attorney for this vitally important enterprise, was a well-merited tribute to his energy and public enterprise.

VERDERY, M. J. & Co., 274½ Broad.

This popular young firm, has in two years become one of the leading houses of brokers in Augusta. Marion J. Verdery, the senior, is a young man of fine business reputation, and one of the leading young men of Augusta. Mr. James U. Jackson, the junior, recently graduating from the University, entered business with the finest prospects, and the firm is now well established and centrally located. They always keep on hand bonds, stocks, and the best securities of the financial market. Their commission business is very large, and they are intrusted with the sale of the most valuable property. They number among their depositors and dealers some of the most prominent moneyed men of Georgia, and their reputation for integrity and business management is held in high esteem by the people of Augusta. They are among the foremost of Augusta's young business men, and their continued success is assured. Parties wishing to invest in stocks, bonds and choice securities would do well to call on M. J. Verdery & Co.

VOELKER, WM., Cabinet Maker, 104 Broad.

VOLGER, G., 195 Broad, has resided in Augusta since the first puff of a cigar and the primitive pinch of snuff was taken, by the English settlers, and is a prominent citizen. He is a very veteran in the tobacco business, and has occupied his present stand for many years. His stock is always among the freshest, and behind the smoky clouds of the front store, shines a little gem of an office, where the choicest Milwaukee foams at noonday, and sparkles at eventide.

VON KAMP, Mrs. F., Druggist, 131 Broad.

**WADE & SONS**, Photograph Gallery over 208 Broad.

**WALKER & MAN** (colored), Barbers, 19 Jackson.

**WALTON, D.** (col.), Barber, Centre near Broad.

**WALTON, EDWARD H.**, Cashier and Teller in the Bank of Augusta. Mr. Walton is one of the best and most popular young men in Augusta. Although quite a young man, he holds with credit the very responsible positions of cashier and teller in the Bank of Augusta, and the duties of the office are fully administered by him. Besides being one of Augusta's most competent business men, his social qualities make him highly respected, and he is in every way one of the leading young men of Augusta.

**WALTON, MOORE & CO.**, Produce and Commission Merchants, 169 Broad.

**WARDLAW, J. P.**, Cotton Shipper, at Nowell & Franklin.

**WARDLAW, W. C., D. D. S.**, over 297 Broad.

Dr. Wardlaw has for seven years been a practitioner of the dental science, and has given great satisfaction, by skill and judgment, in this delicate art. He is not only held in high estimation by our community, but ranks as one of the first men of Georgia in his profession.

**WARNER, L.**, Dry Goods, 148 Broad.

**WARREN, WALLACE & CO.**, Warren block.

These gentlemen are the agents in Augusta and vicinity for celebrated fire and burglar safes and for Howe's famous scales. They keep a variety of each at their warerooms, and have sold a large number in Augusta. These have given satisfaction in every instance. Of the safes, it may be said, that they are just what is claimed for them, absolutely burglar and fire-proof. The truth of this has been demonstrated on many occasions, where it seemed almost impossible that they could have escaped unscathed. After the great Chicago fire, for instance, these safes were found in cellars where they had fallen with the burning timbers, and their contents were not even scorched, although the safes had been subjected to the most intense heat for hours.

**WEATHERSBEE, J. P.**, 349 and 351 Broad.

Among the prominent merchants of Augusta, and among those now engaged in building up the town, J. P. Weathersbee will always be named. In a fine part of the city, upper Broad, he has located two of

the finest and largest establishments used for business houses in Augusta. His two stores are side by side and both under his personal supervision. In one he keeps a large and finely selected stock of dry goods, and it is always a headquarters for the ladies. Right next door he has a large and first-class family grocery establishment. In both of these he keeps the very best kinds of dry goods and ladies' material and of family groceries and general supplies. His store is just the place for the farmer, for he can get all his goods from one man without the trouble of running around to other places. He occupies a large space in the good opinion of the people of Augusta, and his long experience of twelve years is a worthy commendation of a man who has done well in and for the city. Mr. W. employs a large force of assistants to sell his large and magnificent stocks of dry goods and groceries in his twin stores.

#### WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH, 175 Broad.

The office of this company is centrally located and occupies the whole of the first floor of one of the largest buildings in Augusta. The whole is under the control of Mr. J. A. Brenner, the able Superintendent, who is one of Augusta's solid business men. The corps of assistants comprise twenty men, and they are employed day and night. The office in Augusta is one of the finest and best equipped in the country, and controlled by Mr. Brenner, is the head or distributing office for the Telegraph District of Georgia, Alabama and Florida. Although the Western Union exercises a vast monopoly, the most perfect satisfaction is given to every one.

#### WHEELER & WILSON, Sewing Machine Company, 51 Jackson.

#### WHELESS, WILSON & CO., 172 Broad.

This is one of the youngest and most vigorous firms on Broad street, and the proprietors have shown a degree of energy and business aptitude which has crowded their stores with trade, and placed their credit high. They are well known in Augusta and Richmond county as reliable, steady young gentlemen, and had not been in business one month before they had turned over their entire stock. The firm is composed Mr. W. S. Wheless, son of the President of the Commercial Bank, Mr. Wilson well known here, and Mr. Carswell is of Hephzabah.

#### WHITE, J. B. & CO., Dry Goods, 228 Broad.

#### WHITE, Mrs. M. A. P., Crockery and Lamps, 334 Broad.

#### WHITEHEAD, GEO. A., agent for Central Railroad and Southern Steamship Line, Reynolds, near Jackson.

WHITNEY, S. M., Cotton Factor, 160 Reynolds.

WIEGAND, JNO., 280½ Broad.

Prof. Wiegand is well and popularly known in Augusta as a most accomplished musician and professor of the art that charms the soul. He is agent for the celebrated Decker Bros. pianos, whose purity of tone and sweetness and strength of sound is unsurpassed. These instruments are recommended by the best professors and critics, and that they are sold by Prof. Wiegand is a sufficient guarantee of their worth. Prof. Wiegand is the organist for the Jewish Synagogue and of the well known Choir of St. Paul's Church. He is the leader of the Schuetzen Band, and is a composer of acknowledged merit. On any occasion or at any public concert requiring the finest musical talent, Professor Wiegand always has the first place.

WILLIAMS, C. A. & CO., 295 Broad, carry on one of the oldest and finest meat businesses in the South. They rank among the best of our merchants, and their stock of bacon is always of the best and freshest, being in direct communication with their Chicago branch house. They deal in bellies particularly, and are standards in lard and general produce quotations. Captain T. J. Bostick, junior member of the firm, is one of our best and safest business men and public spirited citizens.

WILSON, R. J.

The Comptroller-General of the State has frequently had occasion to compliment Colonel Wilson, who has been Receiver of Tax Returns of Richmond County for a number of years, upon his promptness and efficiency. And, indeed no County in the State can boast a better officer than Colonel Wilson. His digests are made up promptly, and accurately, and his courtesy is known to everybody. He lost an arm in the cause of the South, and was noted as a gallant officer. His office is on Law Range, on McIntosh street.

WINGFIED, T. T., Hardware, 321 Broad.

WINKLER, GEO. H., Dentist, office 217 Broad.

Dr. Winkler is one of the best known dentist in Augusta. He is not only popular with all our people, but has a reputation among the leading dentists of the State; and has made several inventions in his profession which rank him as distinguished, and the use of which will greatly assist in the advancement of dental science. He has patented an automatic syphon for dental and other purposes, and he is improving another invention, for which a caveat has already been taken, which will be sent to the patent office at an early day. This is called a dental

engine, and will be of great use and importance in dentistry. Together with Dr. Curtis, he has invented a composition filling, which is far superior to anything now used by dentists, as it will stand acids and alkali when the composition is destroyed. Dr. Winkler's inventive genius mark him as one who will greatly advance the importance and interest of the profession, while his practice in Augusta, since early in 1871, has rendered him a favorite.

WOLFE, H. M., Dry Goods, 187 Broad.

WOODS, M., Grocer, 54 Jackson.

WRIGHT & CRANE, No. 7 Warren Block.

These gentlemen are worthy successors of the well known old firm of Claghorn, Herring & Co. and bid fair to fill the footsteps of their predecessors. They conduct the cotton commission business in all its branches, and are agents for the celebrated giant guano.

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YOUNG & HACK, Grocers, 296 Broad.

Capt. W. B. Young and Mr. D. B. Hack constitute this firm, which does a large trade both in the city and with the adjacent country in Georgia and South Carolina. Capt. Young represents the Third Ward in the City Council, is Chairman of the Finance Committee of that body and one of its most active and useful members. His name has been prominently mentioned in connection with the Mayoralty at the election in 1879. Mr. Hack is proprietor of the Richmond Factory, a self-made man, and one of the most influential men in the country.

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ZINN, Mrs. R. C., 139 Broad, residence same.

Mrs. Zinn is one of the familiar and household words in Augusta, and during the holiday seasons her store is a general resort for children and everybody who wants the best and cheapest goods. A large and varied stock of toys and interesting articles of use and amusement is always on hand, and everybody who wants bargains for Christmas and all the year round, visits Mrs. Zinn's shop.











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